Semester V

Sociology of Gender

Preliminary Observations

- In a paper like this with an interdisciplinary approach one has to keep moving back and forth, making constant comparisons and establishing linkages between the different topics so as to facilitate a deeper understanding of certain core issues
- We need to move beyond a descriptive kind of analysis in terms of numbers and statistics to locating deeper theoretical issues.
- We need to deconstruct the category woman. Gender is a social construction and to specify one's gender entails asking questions about relations of race, class, caste, political power and sexuality
- Do away with the 'victim syndrome' which signifies dependency and vulnerability and show women as positive agents. How women resist and subvert structures of domination in everyday life

Preliminary Observations

- Multiple patriarchies of caste, class, gender and race
- Feminist pedagogy interrogate social locations, emphasis on lived experiences, self reflexivity and an attempt to problematize issues.
- Interrogate the hetero-normative bias

Unit - 1

Sex, Gender and the hetero-normative regime

- Shifts in the discourse on sex and gender
 - Traditional understanding of sex as biological differences and gender as constructed social differences.
 - Recent writings (Butler for e.g) contest the above

Heteronormative regime

- How only two genders have defined our understanding of the subject
- What about those who do not identify either as male or female or those who reject the label given to them at birth.
- The non cis-gender persons so to say.
- We need to speak to many more subjects than just men and women

Gender Beyond the Binary

 New Gender System with gender porous boundaries

Beyond Masculine and Feminine

Many women, many feminisms and intersectionality

- Deconstructing the category 'women'
 - Women do not constitute a homogenous category
 - A recognition of differences between women along caste/religion/queer/class lines

Unit 11 Feminist Perspectives: Selected Readings

- Liberal Feminism
 - Basic tenets of Liberal feminism
 - Critique of Liberal feminism
 - Mary Wollstonecraft A Vindication of the Rights of Women

- Radical Feminism
 - Basic Tenets of Radical Feminism
 - Critique of Radical Feminism
 - Kate Millets Sexual Politics

Contemporary

- Black feminism bell hooks
 - Feminist solidarity
 - Race and gender
- Postmodern feminism: Julia Kristeva
 - What is post modern feminism
 - Julia Krsiteva's rejection of fixed gender identities

Unit III New Challenges

- Dalit feminism: Kumud Pawade
 - Religion
 - Women's movement
 - Violence, Education and relationships

New Challenges

- Queer perspectives: Judith Butler
 - Performativity
 - Gender Matrix
- Masculinity Studies
 - Emerged in the 1990's
 - Interrogates the construction of masculinity across cultures
 - Types of masculinites
 - Intersections between men of different classes, castes, ethnicities

Unit IV History of Women's Struggles: Key Debates

- Pre independence
- Colonial encounter and the Woman's question
- 'Reform' in the status of women as a civilizing mission
- Family and Community The last bastion of banished freedom
- How the discourse was constructed widowhood, child marriage, sati, education and political rights

Contemporary era: Campaigns

- Emergence of the autonomous women's movement: Dowry, Rape and Health
- Current debates: Sexual violence and Rights in Marriage and Divorce

Dowry

The campaign and the current scenario in the context of increasing consumerism

Health

- Contraception (Family planning Programme)
- Reproductive technologies

Rape

- Feminist discourse on rape(Rape as an act of intimidation, power and control
- Rape as a weapon of terror and subjugation in situations of class, caste and communal conflicts, Women's bodies as sites of community honour
- The campaign in the 1980's and the more recent one
- Criminal law amendment Act, 2013.(briefly)

Semester - VI

Gender and Society: Emerging Issues and Contemporary Debates

Unit I Sites of Violence Against Women

- Family as a site of violence: Invisible forms of everyday violence
- Normalisation of violence against women
- Family as a space not only of harmony but also a site of intense power struggle
- Personal is political
- Private vs Public divide
- Psychological, economic forms of violence

communal conflict, caste violence and armed conflict.

- Communal conflict
 - Women as Participants
 - Women as victims
- Caste Conflict
- How a woman's position is mediated through caste
- Notion of honour
- Case studies

Armed Conflict

 Situations of insurgency like in Kashmir and Chhattisgarh where state is pitted against the people.

Details of the Act to be discussed

Protection of Women against Sexual Harassment at the workplace Act, 2013

- Brief mention of Visakha guidelines
- Complaint Mechanism
- Internal Committee
- Employers responsibilities

Unit II Marginalised Genders

- Gender galaxy
 - Refers to multiple genders
 - Introduce the idea of gender fluidity and gender spectrum
- Queer activism
 - The movement seeking a recognition of their constitutional rights
- Section 377
 - Specifics of section 377 and how it criminalises same sex behaviour
 - The campaign to decriminalise Sec 377.

Unit III Protests and Resistance

- Reproductive Health: Debates on surrogacy
- Livelihood struggles: Land and forests
- Legislation: A feminist critique (rape and domestic violence)
- Feminist engagement with law as a strategy and why it did not work
- Problem areas
- We need to move beyond laws

Legislation

Domestic violence/Rape

Laws

- A brief introduction on the law (the pertinent sections)
- Delineate the problem areas
- Examine the role of the police and the judiciary (discern distinct patterns and trends in court rulings and attitude of the police)

Unit IV Feminist campaigns in digital spaces

- Feminist activism on online platforms. How effective are they? Is it liberating or contricting?
- Why loiter
- Right to bleed
- Pinjra Tod
- #Me too