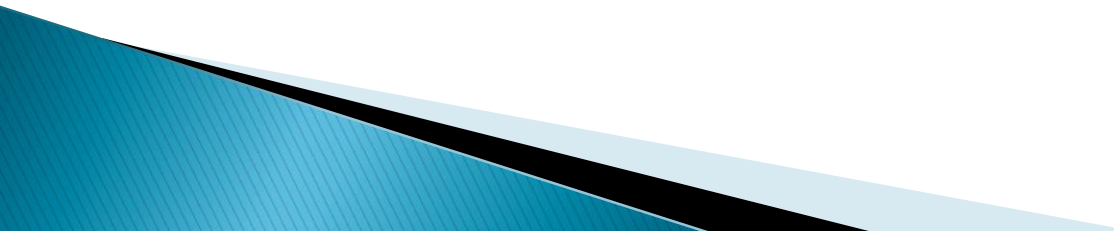


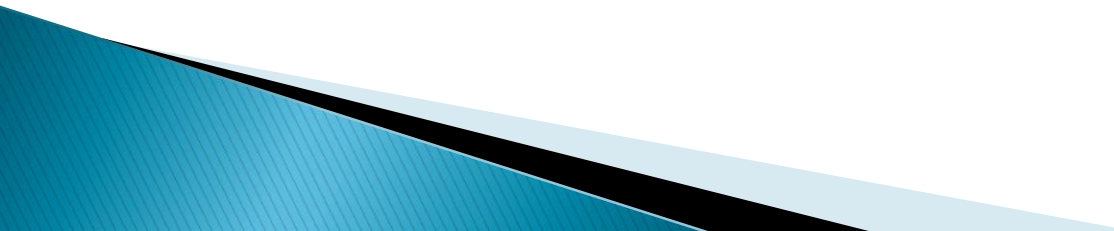
Semester V
State, Civil Society and Social
Movements



Unit 1. Understanding social movements

- ▶ Social movements: Concept, characteristics and types
 - ▶ Forms of collective action: riot, rebellion, agitation, protest
 - ▶ Civil Society: Potential and Limits
 - ▶ Interface between state, civil society and social movements
- 

Unit 1 1.Theories of social movements

- ▶ Classical theories: Strain theory, Resource Mobilization
 - ▶ Challenges to classical theories: Subaltern Studies, New Social Movements
- 

Unit 111. Social Movements in the post independence era: Old and New

- Peasants and agrarian struggles
 - Newness of the struggles
 - Agrarian distress
- Tribal movements
 - Newness
 - Investment related displacement
- Naxalite
 - Origin
 - Ideology
 - Trajectory
 - Critique
- Environment
 - Class basis of ecological struggles
 - Dilemmas and contradictions

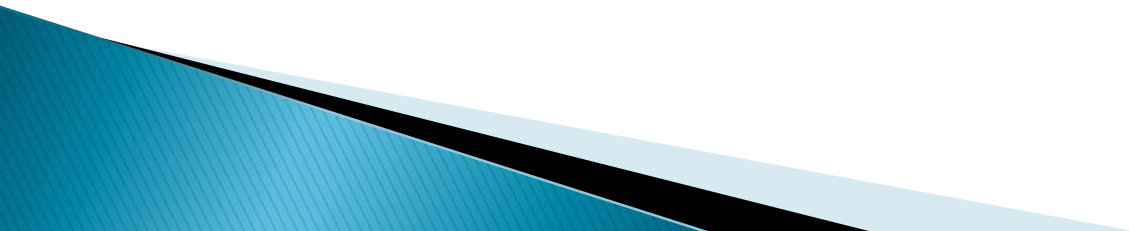


Unit IV New churnings, protests and resistance

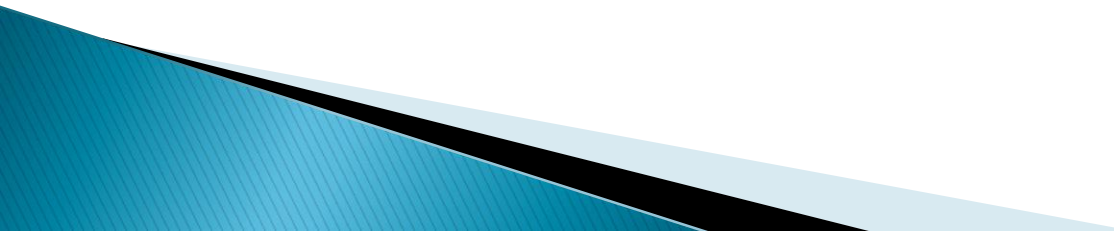
- ▶ Changing strategies of Dalit mobilisation
- ▶ Students' movements
 - Case studies of JNU, TISS, HCU and BHU
- ▶ Higher education and state
 - Autonomy
 - Privatisation

Semester VI

Social Exclusion and Marginalisation



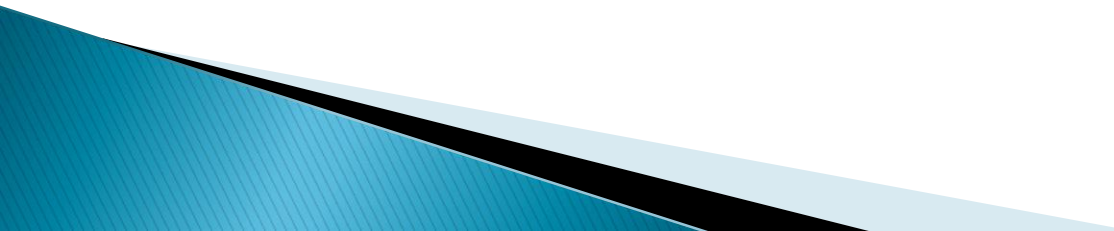
Unit I Marginalised Groups/Communities

- ▶ Understanding social exclusion and marginalisation
 - ▶ Features and dimensions of social exclusion
- 

Unit 11 Perspectives on Marginalisation

- ▶ Perspective from above
 - Brahmanical
- ▶ Perspective from below
 - Subaltern

Unit III Marginalisation, Market and Society: Groups on the fringes

- ▶ Scheduled castes
 - ▶ Scheduled Tribes
 - ▶ De-notified and nomadic tribes
 - ▶ LGBTQ
 - ▶ Differently-abled groups
 - ▶ Minorities
- 

Unit IV Marginalized groups: Role of State and Civil society

- ▶ Constitutional Provisions and State policies
 - ▶ Role of NGO's and Social Movements
 - ▶ Critical Review
- 