

R.E. Society's

R. P. GOGATE COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE AND R.V. JOGALEKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, RATNAGIRI (AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415 612 (Maharashtra-India)

SYLLABUS FOR F. Y. B. Sc. (ZOOLOGY) Major Courses

Department of Zoology Under NEP 2020

Framed According to the National Education Policy (NEP 2020)

To be implemented from Academic Year: 2023-2024

PREAMBLE

In sharing this curriculum with the instructors and students of Semester I and Semester II (F.Y.B.Sc.) Zoology, I am delighted to announce that, for the very first time, we have made concerted efforts to gather feedback from all those involved in the learning process. This collaborative approach has allowed us to enhance its relevance and effectiveness.

Welcome to the beginning of your Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) journey! We're excited to share how our education is changing for the better, following the National Education Policy (NEP) of 2020. This introduction will give you a clear idea of what's ahead in your first year.

The NEP 2020 has brought big changes to how we learn. It focuses on making you, the learner, the center of your education. It encourages you to be curious, creative, and a lifelong learner. Let's see how this new approach affects your first year in the B.Sc. program.

In your first year, we'll make sure you get a taste of different areas of science. Instead of studying each subject in isolation, we'll show you how they connect and overlap. This helps you see the bigger picture and understand how science works in the real world.

We believe in learning by doing. So, expect lots of hands-on experiments, fieldwork, and research projects. This way, you won't just memorize facts; you'll learn how to solve problems, which is super important in science.

We also want to make sure that everyone, no matter their background or abilities, feels welcome and supported. We understand that each student is unique, and our teaching methods will adapt to your needs. We're here to help you succeed.

To add more excitement, we offer a range of subjects and pathways for you to explore. You can choose what interests you most and even mix different subjects. This means you have more control over what you learn and can follow your passions.

In a nutshell, your first year in the B.Sc. program, following NEP 2020, is a journey of discovery and learning. We want you to be curious, embrace the diversity of ideas, and be ready for exciting opportunities ahead. Together, we'll explore the world of science and create a brighter future through knowledge, exploration, and innovation.

OBJECTIVES

- Introduce students to ecosystem concepts, biodiversity, wildlife conservation, and management using various teaching tools.
- Provide field experiences to deepen their understanding of ecological concepts.
- Equip students with knowledge in wildlife, opening up career opportunities in Wildlife Tourism.
- Enable students to identify socio-economic animals and understand their significance to humans.
- Foster an appreciation for the importance of biodiversity conservation and coexistence.
- Empower students to recognize potential risk factors affecting human health.
- Explain the role and impact of environmental conservation programs.
- Develop fundamental scientific skills, including observation, biological techniques, and experimental skills.

STRUCTURE OF THE COURSE:

SEMESTER – I

MAJOR COURSES

MAJOR	COURSE TITLE	UNIT	TOPICS	CREDITS	NO. OF
COURSE CODE					LECTU RES
USZOO101	Wonders of Animal	1	Wonders of	2	30
	World, Biodiversity		Animal World		
	and its	2	Biodiversity and		
	Conservation		its Conservation		
		3	Footsteps to		
			follow		
USZOO102	Instrumentation	1	Laboratory safety,	2	30
	and Animal		Units and		
	Biotechnology	Measurement			
		2 Instrumentation			
		3 Animal			
			Biotechnology		
USZOOP1	Zoology Major	Practica	al based on	2	60
	Practical I	USZOC	D101 and		
		USZOC	0102		

$\mathbf{SEMESTER} - \mathbf{II}$

MAJOR COURSES

MAJOR COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	UNIT	TOPICS	CREDITS	NO. OF LECTU RES
USZOO201	Ecology and	1	Population	2	30
	Ecosystem		ecology		
		2	Ecology and		
			Ecosystem		
		2	National parks		
			and Sanctuaries		
			of India		
USZOO202	Nutrition and	1	Nutrition	2	30
	Common Human	2	Public Health		
	Diseases		and Hygiene		
		3	Common		
			Human Diseases		
			and Disorders		
USZOOP2	Zoology Major	Practica	al based on	2	60
	Practical II	USZOC	D201 and		
		USZOC	0202		

Syllabus for (F.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Wonders of Animal World, Biodiversity and its Conservation
Course Code	USZO101
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	01
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core Major
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Wonders of Animal World, Biodiversity and its Conservation

Curriculum:

- CO1- Curiosity will be ignited in the mind of learners, to know more about the fascinating world of animals which would enhance their interest and love for the subject of Zoology.
- CO2- Learners would appreciate treasure of Biodiversity, its importance and hence would contribute their best for its conservation.
- CO3-Minds of learners would be impulse to think differently and would be encouraged ipso facto to their original crude ideas from the field of biological sciences.

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
	11010		Lectures
I	Wonders of Animal World	1.1 Echolocation in Bats and Cetaceans - Dolphins and Whales	10
	Alliliai World	1.2: Mechanism of Pearl formation in Mollusca	
		1.3: Bioluminescence in Animals: Noctiluca, Glow	
		worm, Firefly, Angler Fish (Mechanism and use for	
		the animal)	
		1.4: Regeneration in Animals - Earthworm (Annelida) and Lizard (Reptile)	
		1.5: Mimicry in Butterflies and its significance: Great	
		Egg fly and Common Crow, Common Palm fly and	
		Plain Tiger.	
		1.6: Mechanism of Coral formation and types of Coral reefs	
		1.7: Bird migration: Definition, types and factors	
		inducing bird migration	
		1.8: Adaptive features of desert animals: Reptiles	
		(Phrynosoma) and Mammals (Camel)	
		1.9: Breeding and Parental care in:	
		1.9.1: Pisces - Ovo-viviparous (Black Molly/Guppy),	
		Mouth brooders (Tilapia), Brood pouches (Sea horse)	
		1.9.2: Amphibia - Mouth brooders (Darwin's Frog),	
		Egg carriers (Midwife Toad)	
		1.9.3: Mammals - Egg-laying (Duck-billed Platypus),	
		Marsupials (Kangaroo)	
		1.10: Aves: Brood Parasitism (Cuckoo)	
II	Biodiversity and	2.1 Introduction to Biodiversity - Definition, Concepts,	10
	its Conservation	Scope and Significance	
		2.2: Levels of Biodiversity - Introduction to Genetic,	
		Species and Ecosystem Biodiversity	
		2.3: Introduction of Biodiversity Hotspots- (Western	
		Ghats and Indo- Burma Border)	
		2.4: Values of biodiversity - Direct and Indirect use	
		value 2.5: Threats to Biodiversity - Habitat loss and Man-	
1	<u> </u>	2.3. Threats to Diodiversity - Habitat loss and Wall-	

		Wildlife conflict 2.6: Biodiversity conservation and management 2.6.1: Conservation strategies: in situ, ex-situ, National parks, Sanctuaries and Biosphere reserves. 2.6.2: Introduction to International efforts: Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN), United Nations Environment Program - World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEPWCMC) 2.6.3: National Biodiversity Action Plan, 2002 2.6.4: Introduction to Indian Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 and Convention for International Trade of	
III	Footsteps to follow	endangered species 3.1: Dr. Hargobind Khorana (Genetic code) 3.2: Dr. Varghese Kurien (Amul – White revolution) 3.3: Dr. Salim Ali (Ornithologist) 3.4: Anna Hazare (Water Conservation-Ralegan Siddhi) 3.5: Baba Amte (Anandvan) 3.6: Kiran Mazumdar Shaw (Biocon) 3.7: Gadre Fisheries (Surimi) 3.8: Rajendra Singh	10

	PRACTICALS USZOOP1 (Based on USZOO101)	1 Credit
1.	Mounting of foraminiferan shells from sand (any 3)	
2.	Study of types of Corals - Brain, Organ pipe, Stag Horn, Mushroom coral	
3.	Study of the following; a. Symbiosis (Termite and Trychonympha, hermit crab and sea anemone) b. Camouflage (leaf insect, chameleon) c. Cannibalistic mate-eating animals (Spider and Praying Mantis) d. Animal architects: Termites, Harvester ant and Baya weaver bird e. Study of bioluminescent organisms – Noctiluca, glow worm, fire fly, angler fish	
4.	Breeding and parental care in Amphibia- Rhacophorus, Midwife toad, Darwin's frog, Caecilian.	
5.	Mounting of scales of fish (placoid, cycloid and ctenoid)	
6.	Study of fossils.	
7.	 a) Study of Adaptive radiation in Reptiles - Turtle, Tortoise, Phrynosoma, Draco) b) Identification and differentiation of venomous and non-venomous snakes (Scales, Fangs, Bite marks, etc.) 	

8. 9.	Study of Types of feathers (contour, filoplume, down), beaks (Nectar feeding, Insect catching, Fruit eating, Scavenging, Filter feeding), claws (perching, wading, swimming, hopping) in birds The Culture of Paramecium.	
10.	 a) Identification of birds - Coppersmith Barbet, Bulbul, Rose ringed Parakeet, Magpie Robin, two local birds. b) Field Report – To be done in a group of ten students (submission of written / typed report preferably along with photographs/ tables/ graphs. Other Suggested topics for field observation/survey: Butterflies / Fishes / Migratory birds of local area. Variations in Human like Attached vs. Free Earlobes, Blood Groups, Eye colour, etc. using statistical method. 	

Note -1. Practical sessions may be conducted using specimens authorized by wildlife and other regulating authorities. However, it is strongly recommended that teaching methods utilize photographs, audio-visual aids, simulations, models, etc., as recommended by the UGC and as envisaged in the regulations of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens shall be procured for the purpose of conducting the practicals mentioned above.

2. There shall be at least one excursion/field trip.

REFERENCES AND ADDITIONAL READING

- 1. Vertebrate Zoology Volume I- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Invertebrate Zoology Volume II- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology- T. C. Majupuria, S. Nagin and Co.
- 4. Chordate Zoology- P. S. Dhami and J. K. Dhami, R. Chand and Co.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology- P. S. Dhami and J. K. Dhami, R. Chand and Co.
- 6. Introduction to Vertebrates- Moore Cambridge University- Low Priced Edition
- 7. Zoology- S. A. Miller and J. B. Harley, Tata McGraw Hill
- 8. Modern Textbook of Zoology, Invertebrates, R. L. Kotpal
- 9. Fundamentals of Ecology- E. P. Odum, Sunders Publication
- 10. Fundamentals of Ecology- M.C. Dash-2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 11. Essentials of Ecology and Environmental Science S.V.S Rana
- 12. Biodiversity- S.V.S Rana- Prentice Hall Publications
- 13. Modern Biology- V. B. Rastogi
- 14. Biology of Mollusca- D. R. Khanna
- 15. A Textbook of Zoology, Vol. II- T. Jeffery Parker and William. A. Haswell-Low Price Publications
- 16. Ecology and Environment- P. D. Sharma, R. K. Rastogi Publications
- 17. Introduction to Ecology- R. Dajoz
- 18. Wildlife Laws and its Impact on Tribes- Mona Purohit, Deep and Deep Publications
- 19. Biodiversity- K.C. Agarwal- Agro Botanica Publications
- 20. Butterflies of India Isaac Kehimkar- BNHS Publication0

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (F.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Instrumentation and Animal Biotechnology
Course Code	USZOO102
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	01
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core Major
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Instrumentation and Animal Biotechnology Curriculum:

- CO1- Learners would work safely in the laboratory and avoid occurrence of accidents (mishaps) which will boost their scholastic performance and economy in use of materials/chemicals during practical sessions.
- CO2- Learners would understand recent advances in the subject and their applications for the betterment of mankind; and that the young minds would be tuned to think out of the box.
- CO-3 Students will be skilled to select and operate suitable instruments for the studies of different components of Zoology of this course and also of higher classes including research.

Title	Learning Points	No of
T 1	4.4.7	Lectures
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10
	• •	
Measurement	±	
	(meter to micrometer); weight (gram to microgram),	
	Volumetric	
	(Cubic measures)	
	1.3.2: Temperature: Celsius, Fahrenheit, Kelvin	
	1.3.3: Concentrations: Percent solutions, ppt, ppm, ppb	
	dilutions,	
	Normality, Molarity and Molality.	
	• ± ·	
	representations (Histograms, bar diagrams, pie	
Instrumentation		10
	1.0	
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	* *	
	Laboratory safety, Units and Measurement	Laboratory safety, Units and Measurement 1.1: Introduction to good laboratory practices 1.2: Use of safety symbols: meaning, types of hazards and precautions 1.3: Units of measurement: 1.3.1: Calculations and related conversions of each: Metric system- length (meter to micrometer); weight (gram to microgram), Volumetric (Cubic measures) 1.3.2: Temperature: Celsius, Fahrenheit, Kelvin 1.3.3: Concentrations: Percent solutions, ppt, ppm, ppb dilutions, Normality, Molarity and Molality. 1.3.4: Biostatistics: Introduction and scope, Sampling and its types, Central Tendencies (mean, median, mode) Tabulation, Graphical representations (Histograms, bar diagrams, pie diagrams).

		and PAGE)	
III	Animal	3.1 Biotechnology: Scope and achievements of	10
	Biotechnology	Biotechnology (Fishery, Animal Husbandry, Medical,	
		Industrial)	
		3.2: Transgenesis: Retro viral method, nuclear	
		transplantation method, DNA microinjection method	
		and Embryonic stem cell method	
		3.3: Cloning (Dolly)	
		3.4: Ethical issues of transgenic and cloned animals	
		3.5: Applications of Biotechnology:	
		3.5.1: DNA fingerprinting: Technique in brief and its	
		application in forensic science (Crime Investigation)	
		3.5.2: Recombinant DNA in medicines (recombinant	
		insulin)	
		3.5.3: Gene therapy: Ex-vivo and In vivo, Severe	
		Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID), Cystic Fibrosis	
		3.5.4: Green genes: Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP)	
		from Jelly fish- valuable as reporter genes used to	
		detect food poisoning	
		3.5.5 Genetically Modified organisms: Bt cotton,	
		Land-mine detecting plants, Salmon fish, Human milk	
		producing Cows, Featherless chickens	

	PRACTICALS USZOOP1(Based on USZOO102)	1 Credit
1.	Calculation of pH of three different samples (one each acidic, alkaline and neutral) using pH paper/Universal Indicator and confirming the result with pH meter.	
2.	a) Study of parts of microscope and their functions.b) Technique of focusing a permanent slide under 10x and 45x (objectives).	
3.	a) Dilution of given sample and estimation of OD by using colorimeter.b) Calculation of concentration from the given OD using formula.	
4.	a) Separation of amino acids from the mixture by paper chromatography.b) Calculation of Rf value of separated pigments/amino acids from given chromatogram and their identification from standard chart.	
5.	Separation of pigments by adsorption chromatography using chalk.	
6.	Separation of lipids by TLC,	
7.	Separation of egg albumin by electrophoresis.	
8.	Identification of transgenic fish (Trout and Salmon) / cloned animals (Dolly sheep, cc cat and Snuppy dog) from photograph.	
9.	Extraction of fruit juice with pectinase from apple/guava/or any other suitable fruit	
10.	Application of DNA Fingerprinting in criminology (photograph of electrophoretic pattern to be given for interpretation by the students)	

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2. There shall be at least one excursion/field trip.

REFERENCES AND ADDITIONAL READINGS

- 1. Introduction to Practical Biochemistry David T. Plummer (Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.)
- 2. Introductory Practical Biochemistry S.K. Sawhney and Randhir Singh (Narosa Publishing House)
- 3. Methods in Biostatistics B. K. Mahajan, (Jaypee Publications)
- 4. Microscopy and Cell Biology V. K. Sharma, (Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.)
- 5. Bioinstrumentation L. Veera Kumari, (M.J.P. Publishers)
- 6. Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry Keith Wilson and John Walker, (Cambridge University Press)
- 7. Understanding biotechnology- Aluizio Borem, David Bowe-Low price edition—Pearson Publication
- 8. A Textbook of Biotechnology R. C. Dubey, S. Chand Publication.
- 9. A Manual of Medical Laboratory Technology -A. H. Patel, Navneet Prakashan Ltd.
- 10. Biological instruments and methodology Dr. P. K. Bajpai, S. Chand company Ltd.
- 11. Calculations in Molecular biology and Biotechnology Frank H. Stephenson, Academic Press.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate		
	answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (F.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Ecology and Ecosystem
Course Code	USZOO201
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	02
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core Major
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Ecology and Ecosystem Curriculum:

CO1- This unit would allow learners to study about nature of animal population, specific factors affecting its growth and its impact on the population of other life form.

CO2- Learners will grasp the concept of interdependence and interaction of physical, chemical and biological factors in the environment and will lead to better understanding about implications of loss of fauna specifically on human being, erupting spur of desire for conservation of all flora and fauna.

CO3- Learners would be inspired to choose career options in the field of wild life conservation, research, photography and ecotourism.

Unit	Title	Learning Points No of	
			Lectures
I	Population	1.1: Population dynamics	10
	ecology	1.1.1: Population density	
		1.1.2: Natality	
		1.1.3: Mortality	
		1.1.4: Fecundity	
		1.1.5: Age structure	
		1.1.6: Sex ratio	
		1.1.7: Life tables	
		1.1.8: Survivorship curves	
		1.1.9: Population dispersal and distribution patterns	
		1.1.10 Niche concept	
		1.2: Population growth regulation	
		1.2.1: Intrinsic mechanism – Density dependent	
		fluctuations and oscillations	
		1.2.2: Extrinsic mechanism- Density independent,	
		environmental and climate factors, population	
		interactions	
		1.3: Population growth pattern	
		1.3.1: Sigmoid	
		1.3.1: Signioid 1.3.2: J Shaped	
		1.3.2: J Shaped 1.4: Human census (India) – Concept, mechanism and	
		significance	
II	Ecosystem	2.1: Concept of Ecosystems	10
11	Leosystem	2.1.1: Ecosystem - Definition and components	10
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		2.1.2: Impact of temperature on biota 2.1.3: Biogeochemical cycles (Water, Oxygen,	
		Nitrogen, Sulphur)	
		2.1.4: Fresh water ecosystem – Lentic and Lotic 2.1.5: Food chain and food web in ecosystem (Fresh	
		· ·	
		water and Grass land).	
		2.1.6: Ecological pyramids - energy, biomass and	
		number.	
		2.1.7: Animal interactions (commensalism, mutualism,	

		predation, antibiosis, parasitism)	
III	National parks	3.1: Concept of Endangered and Critically Endangered	10
	and Sanctuaries	species using examples of Indian Wildlife with respect	
	of India	to National Parks and Wildlife Sanctuaries of India	
		(Sanjay Gandhi National Park, Tadoba Tiger Reserve,	
		Corbett National Park, Kaziranga National Park, Gir	
		National Park, Silent Valley, Pirotan Island Marine	
		Park, Keoladeo Ghana National Park, Bandipur	
		Sanctuary)	
		3.2: Management strategies with special reference to	
		Tiger and Rhinoceros in India	
		3.3: Ecotourism	
		3.4: Biopiracy	

	PRACTICALS USZOOP2 (Based on USZOO201)	1 Credit
1.	Interpretation of the given graphs/ tables and comment on pattern of	
	population nature:	
	i. Survivorship curve	
	ii. Life tables	
	iii. Fecundity tables	
	iv. Age structure	
	v. Sex ratio	
2.	a) Calculation of Natality, Mortality, Population density from given data	
	b) Estimation of population density by capture recapture method	
3.	Interpretation of Growth curves (Sigmoid and J shaped)	
4.	Estimation of hardness from given water sample (tap water v/s well water)	
5.	Estimation of Free carbon dioxide (Free CO2) from two different samples-	
	aerated drinks(diluted) v/s tap water	
6.	Identification and interpretation of aquatic and terrestrial (Grassland) food	
	chains and food	
	webs	
7.	Construction of food chain/food web using given information/data.	
8.	a) Identification and interpretation of ecological pyramids of energy,	
	biomass and number	
	b) Construction of different types of pyramids from given data.	
9.	Study of the following:	
	a) Endangered (Great Indian Bustard, Asiatic lion, Blackbuck, Olive Ridley	
	Sea turtle) and critically endangered species (Slender-billed vulture,	
	Gharial, Malabar civet) of Indian wildlife and state reasons for their decline	
	b) Study Biodiversity hotspots using world map (Western Ghats and Indo-	
	Burma) Study of sanctuaries, national parks, biosphere reserves in India	
	with respect to its brand fauna)	

Note -1. Practical sessions may be conducted using specimens authorized by wildlife and other regulating authorities. However, it is strongly recommended that teaching methods utilize

photographs, audio-visual aids, simulations, models, etc., as recommended by the UGC and as envisaged in the regulations of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens shall be procured for the purpose of conducting the practicals mentioned above.

2. There shall be at least one excursion/field trip.

REFERENCES AND ADDITIONAL READING

- 1. Fundamentals of Ecology Eugene P. Odum and Grey W. Barrett, Brook Cole/ Cengage learning
- 2. Fundamentals of Ecology M. C. Dash, Tata McGraw Hill company Ltd. New Delhi
- 3. Ecology Mohan P. Arora, Himalaya Publishing House
- 4. Field Biology and Ecology -- Alen H. Benton and William E. Werner, Tata McGraw Hill ltd, New Delhi
- 5. Ecology and Environment Sharma P. D, Rastogi Publication, Mumbai
- 6. Ecology: Principles and Applications Chapman J.L, Cambridge University trust
- 7. Ecology Subramaniam and Others, Narosa Publishing House
- 8. Wildlife laws and its impact on tribes Mona Purohit, Deep and deep Publication
- 9. Biology Eldra Solomon, Linda R. Berg and Diana W. Martin, Thomson/ Brooks/ Cole
- 10. Economic Zoology, Biostats and Animal Behaviour Shukla, Mathur, Upadhyay, Prasad. Rastogi Publications.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate		
	answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (F.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Nutrition and Common Human diseases
Course Code	USZOO202
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	02
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core Major
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Nutrition and Common Human diseases Curriculum:

CO1- Healthy dietary habits would be inculcated in the life style of learners in order to prevent risk of developing health hazards in younger generation due to faulty eating habits.

CO2-Promoting optimum conservation of water, encouragement for maintaining adequate personal hygiene, optimum use of electronic gadgets, avoiding addiction, thus facilitating achievement of the goal of healthy young India in true sense.

CO3- Learners will be able to promptly recognize stress related problems at initial stages and would be able to adopt relevant solutions which would lead to psychologically strong mind set promoting positive attitude important for academics and would be able to acquire knowledge of cause, symptoms and precautions of infectious diseases.

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Nutrition	1.1 Concept and definition of terms - Nutrition, Malnutrition and Health 1.2 Nutrients: Micronutrients and macronutrients 1.3: Importance of Dietary Fibres in food –Dietary fibre Classification, sources, composition, properties & nutritional significance 1.4: Minerals & Trace Elements, Bio-Chemical and Physiological Role, bio-availability & requirements, sources, deficiency & excess (Calcium, Sodium, Potassium Phosphorus, Iron, Fluoride, Zinc, Selenium, Iodine, Chromium) 1.5 Vitamins - Bio-Chemical and Physiological Role, bio-availability and requirements, sources, deficiency & excess. 1.6 Water - Functions, daily requirements, Water balance. 1.7: Concept of balanced diet, dietary recommendations to a normal adult, infant, pregnant woman and aged. 1.8: Malnutrition disorders – Anemia (B12 and Iron deficiency), Rickets, Beriberi, Marasmus, Goiter, Kwashiorkor (cause, symptoms, precaution and remedy). 1.9: Constipation, piles, starvation, acidity, flatulence, peptic ulcers (cause, symptoms, precaution and remedy). 1.10: Obesity (Definition and consequences). 1.11: BMI calculation and its significance.	10
TT	Dublia Haalth	2.1. Health	10
II	Public Health and Hygiene	2.1: Health 2.1.1: Definition of Health, the need for health education and health goal.	10

		2.1.2: Physical, psychological and Social health issues.	
		2.1.3: WHO and its programmes - Polio, Small pox,	
		Malaria and Leprosy (concept, brief accounts and	
		outcome with respect to India).	
		2.1.4: Ill effects of self-medication.	
		2.2: Water and water supply	
		2.2.1: Sources and properties of water.	
		2.2.2: Purification of water, small scale, medium scale	
		and large scale (rapid sand filters)	
		2.2.3: Water footprint (concept, brief accounts and	
		significance).	
		2.3: Hygiene:	
		2.3.1: Hygiene and health factors at home, personal	
		hygiene, oral hygiene and sex hygiene.	
		2.4: Radiation risk:	
		2.4.1: Mobile Cell tower and electronic gadgets (data	
		of recommended level, effects and precaution).	
		2.5: Blood bank – Concept and significance	
III	Common	3.0 Human diseases: Introduction and Types -	10
	Human Diseases	Bacterial, Viral, Protozoan, Helminthic, infectious,	
	and Disorders	non-infectious etc.	
		3.1 Viral Diseases: Common Cold, Flu, Polio, Rabies	
		3.2 Stress related disorders	
		3.2.1: Hypertension, Diabetes type II, anxiety,	
		insomnia, migraine, depression (cause, symptoms,	
		precaution and remedy)	
		3.3: Communicable and non-communicable diseases	
		3.3.1: Tuberculosis, Typhoid, Pneumonia, Malaria and	
		Dengue	
		3.3.2 Swine flu (cause, symptoms, precaution and	
		remedy).	
		3.3.3: Hepatitis (A and B), AIDS, Gonorrhea and	
		Syphilis	
		3.3.4: Diseases of respiratory system- Asthma,	
		Bronchitis.	
		3.3.5: Oral Cancer (Discuss anys/gausstive agents symptoms	
		(Discuss cause/causative agents, symptoms,	
		diagnostics, precaution /prevention and remedy) Allergies: hypersensitivity to foreign substances, e.g.,	
		pollen, dust, mites, etc.	
		3.5 Drugs and Alcohol Abuse, causes and effects	
		3.3 Drugs and Alcohol Abuse, causes and effects	

		PRACTICALS USZOOP2 (Based on USZOO202)	1 Credit
	1.	Qualitative estimation of Vitamin C by Iodometric method.	
,	2.	Study of microscopic structure of starch granules of different cereals	
		(wheat, maize and jowar).	

3.	a) Estimation of maltose from brown/white bread.	
	b) Moisture content from biscuits or other suitable food products.	
4.	Food adulteration Test:	
	a) Milk adulterants (starch and glucose), methylene blue reduction Test	
	(MBRT).	
	b) Adulterants in Cheese, Butter, Jaggery, Ghee, Honey, Iodized Salt.	
5.	a) Estimation of protein content of two egg varieties.	
	b) Study of efficacy of different antacids (any two antacids).	
6.	Study of Human Parasites	
	Endoparasites - Protozoans (Entamoeba, Plasmodium), Helminthes	
	(Ascaris, Wuchereria),	
	Ectoparasites (Head louse, tick) and Exoparasites (Bed bug, Mosquito).	
7.	Screening of anaemic /non-anaemic persons using CuSO4 method.	
8.	First Aid – Demonstration Practical Training for teachers and students to be	
	conducted by the experts from red cross, Civil defense, Civic authorities by	
	individual institute or cluster colleges in rotation.	
9.	BMI analysis - Measurement of Height/ Weight and calculation of BMI	
	using formula, preparation and submission of report. (10 students/ group-50	
	readings/group)	

Note – 1. Practical sessions may be conducted using specimens authorized by wildlife and other regulating authorities. However, it is strongly recommended that teaching methods utilize photographs, audio-visual aids, simulations, models, etc., as recommended by the UGC and as envisaged in the regulations of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens shall be procured for the purpose of conducting the practicals mentioned above. 2. There shall be at least one excursion/field trip.

REFERENCES AND ADDITIONAL READING

- 1. Common Medical Symptoms edited P. J. Mehta National Implicants and Distributions
- 2. Parks Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine K. Park M/S Banarasidas Bhanot Jabalpar.
- **3.** Human Physiology Volume I II C. C. Chatterjee, Medical Allied agency, Kolkatta.
- **4.** Parasitology (Protozoology and Helminthology) K. D. Chatterjee, Chatterjee Medial Publishers.
- **5.** Essentials of Public Health and Sanitation- Part I and Part II. All India Institute of Local Self Government.
- **6.** Textbook of Medical Parasitology- C. K. Jayaram Panikkar. Jaypee Brothers.
- 7. A Treatise on Hygiene and Public Health. -B. N. Ghosh. Calcutta Scientific Publishing Company.
- **8.** Clinical Dietetics and Nutrition F. P. Antia and Philip, Oxford University Press.
- **9.** Nutrition: Principles and Application in Health Promotion J. B. Lippincott Company. Philadelphia.
- 10. Are You Healing Yourself Mr. Executive Dr. R. H. Dastur. IBH Publishing Company.
- 11. Food Nutrition and Health- Dr. Shashi Goyal, Pooja Gupta, S. Chand Publications.
- 12. Textbook of Human Nutrition Mahtab Bamji, Prahlad Rao.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 % Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate		
	answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.



R.E. Society's

R. P. GOGATE COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE AND R.V. JOGALEKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, RATNAGIRI (AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415612 (Maharashtra-India)

F. Y. B. Sc. SYLLABUS FOR VOCATIONAL SKILL COURSES (VSC) IN ZOOLOGY

Department of Zoology Under NEP 2020

Framed According to the National Education Policy (NEP 2020)

To be implemented from Academic Year: 2023-2024

PREAMBLE:

In alignment with the progressive vision outlined in the National Education Policy (NEP) of 2020, we are pleased to introduce a Vocational Skill Course in Laboratory Practices in Biological Sciences, incorporating Biostatistics, for the first-year Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) students. This vocational course represents a vital step in realizing the transformative ideals of NEP 2020, which prioritize the development of practical skills, holistic education, and a dynamic, learner-centric approach.

The NEP 2020 envisions an educational landscape that not only imparts theoretical knowledge but also equips students with the practical skills necessary to excel in their chosen fields. This vocational skill course is designed to bridge the gap between academic learning and real-world application, aligning with NEP 2020's emphasis on experiential learning and skill development.

In launching this course, we place a strong emphasis on chemical preparation, recognizing its pivotal role in various scientific disciplines. Chemical preparation forms the backbone of experiments, analyses, and research in fields such as chemistry, biology, and environmental science. Through this course, students will gain practical knowledge and skills in chemical preparation, empowering them to conduct experiments, analyze substances, and contribute to scientific advancements. This emphasis on chemical preparation aligns with our commitment to providing a comprehensive and hands-on education that equips students with the tools they need to excel in their chosen fields.

The Vocational Skill Course in Laboratory Practices in Biological Sciences, with a focus on Biostatistics, under NEP 2020, is a testament to our commitment to providing students with a dynamic and relevant education. It empowers them with the practical skills and knowledge required for success in the ever-evolving field of biological sciences while aligning seamlessly with the visionary principles of NEP 2020. Through this course, we aim to cultivate a generation of biology professionals who are well-prepared, adaptable, and ready to contribute meaningfully to the world of science and research.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Provide hands-on experience in biological laboratory practices.
- 2. Develop skills in biostatistics for data analysis in biology.
- 3. Foster a holistic approach to learning, emphasizing practical skills.
- 4. Encourage active participation and experiential learning.
- 5. Prepare students for careers in research, industry, or healthcare by equipping them with practical skills.
- 6. Enhance understanding of biological concepts through real-world application.
- 7. Promote critical thinking and problem-solving in biological contexts.
- 8. Cultivate teamwork and collaboration through laboratory projects.
- 9. Align with the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020's vision for practical skill development and holistic education.

STRUCTURE OF THE COURSE:

SEMESTER I

ZOOLOGY-VOCATIONAL SKILL COURSE 1 (USZOVSC104)

VOCATIONAL SKILL COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Unit	Title	CREDITS	NO. OF LECTURES
USZOVSC104	Laboratory Practices in Biological Sciences	Practical -I	Biological Material and Chemical Preparation, Dilutions, and Safety Handling.	1	30
		Practical -II	Exploring Various Analytical Methods.	1	30

Syllabus for $(F.Y.\ B.\ Sc.)$ Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Laboratory Practices in Biological Sciences
Course Code	USZOVSC104
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	01
No of Credits	02
Nature	Practical
Type	Vocational Skilled Course
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Laboratory Practices in Biological Sciences Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Students will follow a protocol independently, including locating materials and equipment, practicing good lab procedures and accurately performing all experimental procedures.
- CO2: To demonstrate proficiency in maintaining a safe workplace, including observation of lab safety procedures, use of personal protective equipment, identification hazards and proper disposal of commonly used chemicals and biohazardous materials.
- CO3: To understand the underlying principles as well as practical guidelines of "how to do it" and "how to interpret it" statistical data particularly for bio system.
- CO4: Students will be acquainted with the concept of biostatistics.

Curriculum:

	PRACTICAL - I	1 Credits
	(Biological Material and Chemical Preparation, Dilutions, and Safety Handling.)	
1.	Interpretation of safety symbols (toxic, corrosive, explosive, flammable, skin irritant, oxidizing, compressed gases, aspiration hazards and Biohazardous infectious material)	
2.	Preparing a solution of known concentration from a known amount of solid material.	
3.	Preparing a solution of known concentration by dilution.	
4.	Preparing a solution of given molarity and volume.	
5.	Preparation of a solution of given normality.	
6.	Preparation of a solution of a given molality.	
7.	Preparation of a solution of given percentage.	
8.	Preparation of ppm and ppb solutions.	
9.	Preparing dilute solutions from concentrated ones.	
10.	a) Preparation of exact 1 N HCL b) Preparation of exact 1 N NaOH	

Evaluation pattern:

Practical Examination:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

	PRACTICAL- II (Exploring Various Analytical Methods)	1 Credits
1.	Construction of a discrete frequency distribution.	
2.	Construction of a continuous grouped frequency distribution.	
3.	Construction of the bar diagram.	
4.	Construction of a histogram.	
5.	Construction of a pie diagram.	
6.	Construction of frequency polygon and frequency curve from the frequency table.	
7.	Calculation of the arithmetic mean, mode and median.	
8.	Calculation of median, quartiles, deciles and percentiles.	
9.	Calculation of range, quartile deviation, means deviation and standard deviation.	
10.	Calculation of coefficient of variation.	

Evaluation pattern:

Practical Examination:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. A Manual of Laboratory and Diagnostic Tests" by Frances Talaska Fischbach and Marshall Barnett Dunning III
- 2. Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology" by Ralph Rapley

- 3. Laboratory Safety for Chemistry Students" by Robert H. Hill Jr. and David C. Finster
- 4. Biostatistics: A Foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences" by Wayne W. Daniel and Chad L. Cross
- 5. Biostatistics: The Bare Essentials" by Geoffrey R. Norman and David L. Streiter
- 6. Principles of Biochemistry" by Albert L. Leininger, David L. Nelson, and Michael M. Cox.
- 7. Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology" by M. S. Swaminathan and M. V. Krishnarao
- 8. "Biostatistics: Basic Concepts and Applications" by Madan M. Gupta
- 9. "Laboratory Techniques in Zoology" by J.P. Sharma
- 10. "Biostatistics: Principles and Practices" by M.N. Satyanarayana
- 11. "Experimental Techniques in Plant Disease Epidemiology" by S. Nagarajan and D. S. Rathore.
- 12. Biostatistics: A Foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences" by B. K. Mahajan
- 13. "Biostatistics: Textbook and Practical Approach" by M. Swaminathan and S. Ravichandran
- 14. "Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology" by S. R. Yadav and A. S. Yadav
- 15. "Biostatistics for Medical, Nursing and Pharmacy Students" by A. Subha Rani
- 16. "Laboratory Techniques in Botany" by H. S. Chauhan and G. M. M. Shah
- 17. "Research Methodology and Biostatistics" by Dr. R. R. Mehta



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NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415612 (Maharashtra-India)

F.Y. B. Sc. SYLLABUS FOR Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) IN ZOOLOGY Aquarium Fish keeping

Department of Zoology Under NEP 2020

Framed According to the National Education Policy (NEP 2020)

To be implemented from Academic Year: 2023-2024

PREAMBLE:

Welcome to the exciting Skill Enhancement Course on Aquarium Fish Keeping, specially designed for First Year Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.) students under the National Education Policy 2020 (NEP 2020). This course introduces you to the captivating world of aquarium fish and provides hands-on experience in the care and management of aquatic life.

In alignment with the NEP 2020's emphasis on holistic education and skill development, this course aims to go beyond traditional classroom learning. It is designed to offer practical skills that can be applied both personally and professionally, fostering a deeper connection with the natural world and promoting sustainability.

Aquarium fish keeping is a rewarding hobby and a valuable skill, combining elements of biology, ecology, and responsible pet ownership. This course will not only teach you the art and science of creating and maintaining beautiful aquatic environments but will also instil a sense of responsibility and ethical consideration for the welfare of the fish and their habitats.

Throughout this course, you will learn about the principles of water quality, the various types of aquarium systems, the different species of fish suitable for captivity, and the art of creating aesthetically pleasing aquascapes. You will gain practical knowledge in setting up, maintaining, and troubleshooting aquariums, ensuring the health and well-being of your aquatic companions.

Beyond personal enrichment, this course equips you with valuable skills relevant to careers in the fields of aquaculture, aquatic ecology, and environmental conservation. The ability to understand and care for aquatic life is increasingly important in a world where preserving biodiversity and sustainable resource management are top priorities.

We encourage you to approach this skill enhancement course with enthusiasm and curiosity, as it not only enriches your academic experience but also enhances your practical abilities and fosters a deeper appreciation for aquatic ecosystems.

As you embark on this journey of Aquarium Fish Keeping, may you develop a lifelong passion for the underwater world, promoting responsible pet ownership and contributing to the broader goals of environmental conservation.

Best wishes for your Skill Enhancement Course on Aquarium Fish Keeping under NEP 2020.

OBJECTIVES:

- Introduce students to the fundamental principles of aquarium fish keeping.
- Provide hands-on experience in setting up and maintaining aquariums.
- Familiarize students with various species of aquarium fish suitable for captivity.
- Teach the importance of water quality and its impact on aquatic life.
- Develop practical skills in designing aesthetically pleasing aquascapes.
- Offer insights into potential career paths related to aquaculture, aquatic ecology, and conservation.
- Foster a deeper appreciation for aquatic ecosystems and biodiversity.
- Encourage responsible and sustainable practices in the management of aquatic environments.
- Align with the skill development goals of the National Education Policy 2020 (NEP 2020) to enhance students' practical abilities.

STRUCTURE OF THE COURSE:

SEMESTER II ZOOLOGY- SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE 1 (USZOSEC204)

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Unit	Title	CREDITS	NO. OF LECTURES
USZOSEC204	Aquarium Fish keeping	1	Introduction to Aquarium fish keeping	1	15
	1 8	3	Fish Nutrition and aquarium maintenance Fish Breeding		
			Practical based on three units	1	30

Syllabus for $(F.Y.\ B.\ Sc.)$ Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Aquarium Fish keeping
Course Code	USZOSEC204
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	01
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core Minor
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Aquarium fish keeping Curriculum:

- CO1-Students will be able to understand the basic principles aquarium fish keeping
- CO2- Students will set up and maintain a healthy aquarium ecosystem, including filtration, lighting and water quality control.
- CO3- Identify common diseases in aquarium fish and implement preventive measures.
- CO4- Apply appropriate treatment methods to address fish health issues.
- CO5- Create a visually appealing aquarium with appropriate aqua scaping techniques.

Unit	Title Learning Points		No of Lectures
I	Introduction to Aquarium fish keeping	1.1 Introduction to aquarium fish biology, Types of aquariums and setup requirements, Freshwater Vs. saltwater aquariums 1.2 Understanding the equipment needed for aquarium setup. 1.3 Selecting fish species, Identifying different fish species and their requirements 1.4 Choosing compatible fish species for a community aquarium 1.5 Understanding the role of filtration in maintaining water quality, Types of filtration systems and their pros and cons	5
II	Fish Nutrition and aquarium maintenance	2.1 Understanding the nutritional requirements of different fish species 2.2 Types of fish food and feeding techniques, preventing overfeeding and managing feeding schedules 2.3 Disease prevention and treatment, Common diseases in aquarium fish. Recognizing signs of illness and stress, Implementing quarantine procedures 2.4 Aquarium maintenance, Water changes and testing, cleaning techniques for aquarium glass, decorations and substrate 2.5 Maintenance of equipment (Filters, heaters, lights)	5
III	Fish Breeding	3.1 Fish Reproductive Biology- Understanding fish reproductive anatomy and physiology, Differentiating between male and female fish. 3.2 Selecting Breeding Candidates- Identifying healthy, sexually mature fish for breeding, Recognizing signs of readiness for breeding. 3.3 Breeding Setups- Setting up breeding tanks and their specifications, Choice of breeding media (e.g., spawning mops, caves, or plants). 3.4 Spawning Techniques- Introduction to different spawning methods, Inducing breeding through environmental cues.	5

3.5 Egg Care and Hatching- Care and protection of
fish eggs, Monitoring egg development and maintaining water quality, Feeding fry with
appropriate food sources.

Sr. No.	PRACTICAL				
1.	Assess the compatibility of different fish varieties in a community				
	tank.				
2.	Study the behavior and preferences of different fish varieties.				
3.	Estimation of Nitrite and nitrate levels from water sample.				
4.	Investigate the impact of different water change frequencies on				
	ammonia, nitrite, and nitrate levels.				
5.	Explore the correlation between nitrite and nitrate levels.				
6.	Determine the stability of pH levels in your aquarium.				
7.	Compare the effectiveness of natural materials (e.g., crushed coral)				
	and chemical buffers in stabilizing pH.				
8.	Preparation of artificial fish feed (e.g., flakes, granules, pellets etc.)				
9.	Culture of live feed for fishes.				
10.	10. Investigate the impact of different feeding frequencies on fish health				
	and water quality.				
11.	Observe the impact of overfeeding or other factors on ammonia				
	levels.				
12.	Evaluate the effectiveness of your aquarium filter.				

REFERENCES AND ADDITIONAL READING

- 1. The Complete Idiot's Guide to Freshwater Aquariums" by Mike Wickham
- 2. The Simple Guide to Freshwater Aquariums" by David E. Boruchowitz
- 3. Fish Nutrition and Aquarium Maintenance:
- 4. Aquarium Care of Goldfish" by David E. Boruchowitz
- 5. Aquarium Plants: Their Identification, Cultivation, and Ecology" by Karel Rataj and Thomas J. Horeman
- 6. The 101 Best Tropical Fishes: How to Choose and Keep Hardy, Brilliant, Fascinating Species That Will Thrive in Your Home Aquarium" by Kathleen Wood
- 7. Breeding Aquarium Fishes: A Complete Introduction" by Herbert R. Axelrod and Warren E. Burgess,

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 20 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	10
Assignment	10
Total	20

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 30 Marks

MCQ based semester end examination (30 marks):

Question Paper Pattern

- 1. There shall be 45 MCQs in a test paper, (15 MCQs/unit).
- 2. Out of these 45 MCQs, any 30 MCQs to be attempted.
- 3. Each MCQ carries 1 mark.
- 4. First 30 attempted MCQs will be considered while checking the answers.
- 5. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
- 6. Test duration will be one hour.

Distribution of marks for MCQ based external examination (30 marks)

Time: 1.0 hours Total marks: 30

-				
	Total MCQs To be attempted		Marks per MCQ	MCQs/Unit
	45	30	30	15

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

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R.E. Society's

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NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415612 (Maharashtra-India)

F. Y. B. Sc. SYLLABUS FOR OPEN ELECTIVES (OE) IN ZOOLOGY

Health and Hygiene

Department of Zoology Under NEP 2020

Framed According to the National Education Policy (NEP 2020)

To be implemented from Academic Year: 2023-2024

PREAMBLE:

The National Education Policy 2020 represents a significant milestone as it marks the first education policy of the 21st century in our country. The primary goal is to transform pedagogy to render education more holistic, integrated, discovery-driven, learner-centric, flexible, and enjoyable. Simultaneously, it aims to make education more relevant and fulfilling for learners while equipping them for gainful and satisfying employment opportunities. Environmental education has gained increasing importance, prompting educational institutions to engage more actively in conservation initiatives.

One of the most significant aspects of this policy is its emphasis on subject flexibility, allowing learners to align their educational paths with their individual talents and interests. It advocates reducing the curriculum content to prioritize essential learning and encourage critical thinking, creativity, multidisciplinary, and the assimilation of new knowledge in rapidly evolving fields. The syllabus not only provides pedagogical guidance but also outlines clear objectives and desired outcomes for each topic, benefiting both teachers and students.

In keeping with the visionary principles outlined in the National Education Policy (NEP) of 2020, we are delighted to introduce an open elective focused on Health and Hygiene for first-year students pursuing a Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.). This open elective is thoughtfully designed to provide students with a dynamic and inclusive learning experience that aligns seamlessly with the transformative ethos of NEP 2020.

NEP 2020 is all about putting students at the center of their education. It means you get to choose what you're interested in and what matches your skills and future career goals. Our Health and Hygiene elective is a great example of this freedom and creativity. It's here to help you learn about health in a comprehensive way, and it will encourage you to think critically, explore science, and see how different subjects connect.

The success of this revamped syllabus hinges on the dedication and enthusiasm of educators, which has been consistently high throughout the process. To further support teachers, textbooks aligned with the new National Education Policy 2020 are being published for the first time. This course is designed to be dynamic and interactive, aiming to cultivate skilled professionals equipped with both knowledge and practical expertise.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Promote awareness of holistic health encompassing physical, mental, and social well-being.
- 2. Educate students about preventive health practices, including hygiene, nutrition, and lifestyle choices.
- 3. Develop critical thinking skills in evaluating health-related information and decision-making.
- 4. Encourage scientific inquiry and research within the context of health and hygiene.
- 5. Foster interdisciplinary connections by exploring the intersections of health with biology, psychology, sociology, and environmental science.
- 6. Emphasize the importance of community health and well-being, including public health initiatives and healthcare systems.
- 7. Provide a foundational understanding for students considering careers in healthcare, public health, nutrition, or related fields.

STRUCTURE OF THE COURSE:

SEMESTER I

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE	COURSE TITLE	UNIT	TOPICS	CREDITS	NO. OF LECTURES
CODE					
USZOOOE104	Health and	1	Introduction to personal	2	30
	Hygiene - I		health and Hygiene		
		2	Nutrition and health		
		3	Mental Health and		
			well-being		

SEMESTER II

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES

OPEN	COURSE	UNIT	TOPICS	CREDI	NO. OF
ELECTIVE	TITLE			TS	LECTURES
COURSE CODE					
USZOOOE204	Health and	1	Reproductive	2	30
	Hygiene - II		Physiology		
		2	Reproductive health		
			and wellness		
		3	Reproductive		
			hygiene		

Syllabus for $(F.Y.\ B.\ Sc.)$ Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Health and Hygiene - I
Course Code	USZOOOE104
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	01
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory
Type	Open Elective
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Health and Hygiene-I

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Students will acquire comprehensive understanding of the principles and practices related to personal health and hygiene

CO2: Students will learn practical strategies to promote healthy lifestyle and develop habits that contribute to over-all wellbeing.

CO3: Students will understand the fundamental principles of mental health and its critical role in overall well-being.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	
			Lectures
т т	T4	Total destinate to the late	10
I	Introduction	Introduction to health	10
	-	.1 Definition of health, Health Education the	
	health and	need for health education and health goal.	
	Hygiene	1.1.2 Physical, psychological and social health issues	
		1.1.3 Definition and importance of personal	
		health and hygiene	
		1.1.4 Factors influencing personal health	
		1.1.5 Health promotion and disease prevention	
		1.2 Personal Hygiene practices	
		1.2.1 Hand hygiene and proper handwashing	
		Techniques	
		1.2.2 Oral hygiene, brushing, flossing and	
		Mouthwash	
		1.2.3 Body hygiene, bathing, skin and grooming	
II	Nutrition	2.1 Nutrition and Healthy Eating Habits	10
	and health	2.1.1 Importance of nutrition for overall health	
		and well-being	
		2.1.2 Macronutrients- Carbohydrates, proteins and	
		fats: function, sources and recommended	
		intake	
		2.1.3 Micronutrients – Vitamins and minerals:	
		functions. Sources, and deficiency risks, role	
		in supporting various physiological processes	
		2.1.4 Dietary guidelines: Recommended daily	
		allowances (RDAs), Food pyramid/plate and	
		balanced diet concept.	
		2.1.5 Caloric needs and expenditure, Basal	
		metabolic rate (BMR) and factors affecting it	
		2.2 Special dietary needs	
		2.2.1 Nutrition during different life Stages (Pregnancy, infancy, aging)	
		2.2.2 Dietary considerations for athletes and	
		physically active individuals	
		2.2.3. Health effects of poor nutrition	
		2.2.4 Diet and disease prevention	
		2.2.5 Nutritional assessments	
	1	2.2.3 I tuti tional assessments	

III	Mental		2.1 Mental Health	10
	Health	and	2.1.1Understanding mental health and its	
	well-being		impact on overall well-being	
			2.1.2 Common mental health disorders	
			(anxiety, depression, bipolar disorder)	
			2.1.3 Factors influencing mental health	
			2.1.4. Stress management techniques	
			2.1.5 Building resilience and positive coping	
			Strategies	
			2.2 Sleep and Rest	
			2.2.1 Importance of sleep for health	
			2.2.2 Sleep hygiene practices	
			2.2.3 Strategies for improving sleep quality	
			Benefits of physical activity	
			2.2.4 Digital devices and sleep: Impact of	
			screen time on sleep quality, establishing	
			technology free zones before sleep	
			2.2.5 Sleep and physical health: impact of sleep	
			on immune function, metabolism and	
			cardiovascular health	

Learning resources recommended:

- 1. An Introduction to Community Health" by James F. McKenzie and Robert R. Pinger
- 2. Nutrition: Concepts and Controversies" by Frances Sizer and Ellie Whitney
- 3. Nutrition for Health, Fitness, and Sport" by Melvin H. Williams and Eric Rawson
- 4. Mental Health: A Person-Centred Approach" by Nicholas Procter and Helen P. Hamer
- 5. Introduction to Psychology" by James W. Kalat
- 6. Community and Public Health Nursing: Evidence for Practice" by Gail A. Harkness and Rosanna DeMarco
- 7. Health Promotion in Nursing Practice" by Nola J. Pender, Carolyn L. Murdaugh, and Mary Ann Parsons
- 8. Health and Wellness" by Gordon Edlin and Eric Galanty
- 9. The Human Body Book: An Illustrated Guide to its Structure, Function, and Disorders" by Richard Walker
- 10. Nutrition Science" by B. Srilakshmi
- 11. Public Health and Community Medicine" by K. Park
- 12. Mental Health: The Indian Perspective" by D. Nagaraja Rao
- 13. Health Education and Community Pharmacy" by Parveen Kumar
- 14. Nutrition and Dietetics" by Shubhangini A. Joshi
- 15. Hygiene and Sanitation" by R.K. Bansal
- 16. Mental Health Care in India: Current Issues and Emerging Perspectives" by S. K. Chaturvedi and Ajit Avasthi
- 17, Practical Community Medicine" by R. H. Sinha

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question Options Unit Marks

Question	Options		Marks
No.			
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.		

Syllabus for (F.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Health and Hygiene - II
Course Code	USZOOE204
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	F.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	02
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory
Type	Open Elective
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Health and Hygiene-II

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the anatomy and physiology of the reproductive system

CO2: Identify common sexually transmitted infections, their causes, symptoms and preventive measures

CO3: Understand the psychological and social aspects of reproductive health.

CO4: Knowledge of reproductive hygiene practices and their significance

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Reproductive Physiology	1.1 Introduction to reproductive health and hygiene 1.1.1 Definition and importance of reproductive health 1.1.2 Key concepts in reproductive hygiene 1.2 Reproductive Anatomy and Physiology 1.2.1 Male reproductive system, structure and Function 1.2.2 Regulation of male reproductive system 1.2.3 Female reproductive system, structure and Function 1.2.4 Menstrual cycle and hormonal regulation 1.2.5 Pregnancy and Hormonal changes 1.2.6 Menopause and aging 1.2.7 Assisted Reproductive technologies (ART)	10
II	Reproductive health and wellness	1.3 Contraception and family planning 1.3.1 Barrier methods (e.g. condoms diaphragms) 1.3.2 Hormonal methods (e.g. birth control pills, patches, injections) 1.3.3 Long-acting reversible contraceptives (e.g. intrauterine devices, implants) 1.3.4 Emergency contraception 1.4. Infertility and reproductive disorders: 1.4.1 causes of male and female infertility, 1.4.2 diagnosis, treatment options and emotional aspects 1.5 Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) 1.5.1Common STIs, causes, symptoms and complications 1.5.2 Prevention, testing and treatment of STIs 1.5.3 Sexual health education and safe practices	10
III	Reproductive hygiene	2.1. Reproductive hygiene and self-care 2.1.1 Menstrual health management 2.1.2 Personal hygiene practices 2.1.3 Maintaining a healthy reproductive system 2.1.4 Emotional wellbeing and self-care	10

2.2 Social and Psychological aspects of Reproductive Health
2.2.1 Gender roles and reproductive health
2.2.2 Relationships and communication
2.2.3 Sexual consents and rights
2.2.4 Reproductive health disparities

Learning resources recommended:

- 1. Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology by John E. Hall
- 2. Reproductive Health and Wellness by K. D. Chavan
- 3. Reproductive Health: Global Issues, Challenges, and Strategies edited by Justin C. Konje and Omrana Pasha
- 4. Reproductive Hygiene by M. V. Thambi
- 5. Essentials of Reproductive Health by P. S. Bhatia and T. K. Dutta
- 6. Textbook of Reproductive Medicine edited by Sudha Salhan and Manju Puri
- 7. Women's Reproductive Health edited by P. Sinha and S. C. Shukla
- 8. Textbook of Human Reproductive Genetics by Aruna M. Raichur and Latha N. Shenoy
- 9. Textbook of Assisted Reproductive Techniques by Gita Khanna
- 10. Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility: Integrating Modern Clinical and Laboratory Practice by Bharti Kalra and Shashank Joshi
- 11. Textbook of Gynaecology by Richa Saxena
- 12. Community Medicine: A Students Manual by Parikshit Sanyal
- 13. Women's Health and Reproductive Medicine edited by Duru Shah and Rishma Dhillon Pai.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)-

60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.		



R.E. Society's

R. P. GOGATE COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE AND R.V. JOGALEKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, RATNAGIRI (AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415612 (Maharashtra-India)

Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.) Programme

Program: S.Y.B. Sc. Course: Zoology

Syllabus for Semester III & IV

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

To be implemented from Academic Year 2023-2024

PREAMBLE:

Welcome to the next level of your academic journey in the field of Zoology! As you enter the Second Year of your Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.), this syllabus is designed to build upon the foundational knowledge and insights gained in your first year, delving deeper into the captivating world of zoological science.

Zoology continues to be an awe-inspiring exploration of the diverse life forms that inhabit our planet. It encompasses the scientific study of animals in all their glory, from their molecular and cellular makeup to their complex behaviors, ecological roles, and evolutionary histories. In this year, we aim to further refine your understanding of the intricate relationships and processes that define the animal kingdom.

Throughout this course, you will embark on a more in-depth journey into various branches of zoological science. You will study advanced topics in animal physiology, morphology, taxonomy, and ecology. You will explore the remarkable adaptations that have allowed different species to thrive in their respective environments, and you will delve into the fascinating world of animal behavior and evolution.

The Second Year of your B. Sc. in Zoology is designed to challenge your analytical and critical thinking abilities. It will encourage you to apply your knowledge to real-world scenarios, fostering a deeper understanding of the role of animals in ecosystems and the importance of conservation efforts in preserving our planet's biodiversity.

As you progress through this year, we encourage you to actively engage with the subject matter, participate in practical work, and explore research opportunities that may arise. Zoology is not just a field of study; it's a gateway to discovering the wonders of life on Earth, and it equips you with valuable skills and insights that are relevant in various scientific and conservation-related careers.

We hope that this year of your B. Sc. in Zoology will inspire you to delve even deeper into the intricacies of the animal kingdom, and that you will continue to approach your studies with curiosity, dedication, and a passion for scientific exploration.

May your journey in the Second Year of Bachelor of Science in Zoology be filled with exciting discoveries, intellectual growth, and a profound appreciation for the remarkable world of animals.

Best wishes for your continued academic and scientific pursuits.

Chairperson BOS in Zoology Gogate Jogalekar College, Ratnagiri.

Syllabus for S. Y. B. Sc. Course: ZOOLOGY Credit Based Semester and Grading System (To be implemented from the Academic Year 2023-2024)

SEMESTER – III

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES /WEEK
USZO301	I	Fundamentals of Genetics	2	1
	II	Chromosomes and Heredity		1
	III	Nucleic acids		1
USZO302	I	Nutrition and Excretion	2	1
	II	Respiration and Circulation		1
	III	Control and Coordination of Life		1
		Processes, Locomotion and		
		Reproduction		
USZO303	I	Ethology	2	1
	II	Parasitology		1
	III	Economic Zoology		1
USZOP3		Practicals based on all three	03	9
		courses		

SEMESTER - IV

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES /WEEK
USZO401	I	Origin and Evolution of Life	2	1
	II	Population Genetics and Evolution		1
	III	Scientific Attitude Methodology		1
		Scientific Writing and Ethics in		
		Scientific Research		
USZO402	I	Cell Biology	2	1
	II	Endomembrane System		1
	III	Biomolecules		1
USZO403	I	Comparative Embryology	2	1
	II	Aspects of Human Reproduction		1
	III	Pollution and its Effect on		1
		Organisms		
USZOP3		Practicals based on all three	03	9
		courses		

Syllabus for (S.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Fundamentals of Genetics, Chromosomes, Heredity and Nucleic acids
Course Code (refer to student handbook)	USZO301(Course-V)
Class	S. Y. B. Sc.
Semester	03
No of Credits	03
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type (applicable to NEP only)	Core
Highlight revision specific to employability/ entrepreneurship/ skill development (if any) 100 word	

Nomenclature: Fundamentals of Genetics, Chromosomes, Heredity and Nucleic acids

Course Outcomes:

- CO1- Learner would comprehend and apply the principles of inheritance to study heredity.
- CO2 Learner will understand the concept of multiple alleles, linkage and crossing over.
- CO3 Learner will comprehend the structure of chromosomes and its types.
- CO4 Learner will understand the mechanisms of sex determination.
- CO5- Learner would be able to correlate the disorders linked to a particular sex chromosome.
- CO6 Learner will understand the importance of nucleic acids as genetic material.
- CO7 Learner would comprehend and appreciate the regulation of gene expressions.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Fundamentals	1.1 Introduction to Genetics	15
	of Genetics	 Definition, Scope and Importance of Genetics. 	
		 Classical and Modern concept of Gene 	
		(Cistron, Muton, Recon).	
		 Brief explanation of the following terms: Allele, 	
		Wild type and Mutant alleles, Locus, Dominant	
		and Recessive traits, Homozygous and	
		Heterozygous, Genotype and Phenotype, Genome.	
		1.2 Mendelian Genetics	
		 Mendelian Genetics: Monohybrid & 	
		Dihybrid Cross, Test Cross, Back Cross,	
		Mendel's Laws of Inheritance, Mendelian	
		Traits in Man.	
		 Exceptions to Mendelian inheritance: 	
		Incomplete dominance, Co- dominance,	
		Lethal Genes, Epistasis - Recessive, Double	
		recessive, Dominant and Double dominant.	
		 Chromosome theory of inheritance. 	
		 Pedigree Analysis-Autosomal dominant and 	
		recessive, X- linked dominant, and recessive.	
		1.3 Multiple Alleles and Multiple Genes	
		 Concept of Multiple Alleles, Coat colour in 	
		rabbit, ABO and Rh blood group system	
		 Polygenic inheritance with reference to skin 	
		colour and eye colour in humans.	
		 Concept of Pleiotropy. 	
		1.4 Linkage and Crossing Over	
		Linkage and crossing over, Types of crossing	
		over, Cytological basis of crossing over.	
II	Chromosomes	2.1 Chromosomes	15
	and Heredity	Types of Chromosomes–Autosomes and Sex	
		chromosomes	
		• Chromosome structure - Heterochromatin,	
		Euchromatin	
		• Classification based on the position of	

	1		
		centromere	
		Endomitosis, Giant chromosomes- Polytene	
		and Lampbrush chromosomes and	
		Significance of Balbiani rings	
		2.2 Sex-determination	
		• Chromosomal Mechanisms: XX-XO, XX-XY,	
		ZZ-ZW	
		Sex determination in Honey bees: Haplo-	
		diploidy	
		• Sex determination in <i>Drosophila</i> - Genic	
		balance theory, Intersex, Gynandromorphs	
		 Parthenogenesis 	
		Hormonal influence on sex determination-	
		Freemartin and Sex reversal.	
		Role of environmental factors-Bonelia and	
		Crocodile	
		Barr bodies and Lyon hypothesis	
		2.3 Sex linked, sex influenced and sex-limited	
		Inheritance.	
		X-linked: Colour-blindness, Haemophilia	
		Y-linked: Hypertrichosis	
		Sex-influenced genes	
		Sex-limited genes	
III	Nucleic acids	3.1 Genetic material	15
		Griffith's transformation experiment, Avery-	
		Macleod & McCarty experiment and Hershey	
		Chase experiment of Bacteriophage infection.	
		Chemical composition and structure of nucleic	
		acids	
		Double helix nature of DNA, Solenoid model	
		Double helix nature of DNA, Solenoid model of DNA	
		of DNA	
		 of DNA Types of DNA– A, B, Z & H forms DNA in Prokaryotes- Chromosomal and Plasmid 	
		of DNA Types of DNA– A, B, Z & H forms DNA in Prokaryotes- Chromosomal and	
		of DNA Types of DNA– A, B, Z & H forms DNA in Prokaryotes- Chromosomal and Plasmid Extranuclear DNA-Mitochondria and Chloroplast	
		of DNA Types of DNA– A, B, Z & H forms DNA in Prokaryotes- Chromosomal and Plasmid Extranuclear DNA-Mitochondria and Chloroplast RNA as a genetic material in virus	
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	Practical USZOP3 (Course-V)	
1.	Extraction and detection of DNA.	1 Credit
2.	Extraction and detection of RNA.	
3.	Mounting of Barr bodies.	
4.	Study of polytene chromosome.	
5.	Study of mitosis-temporary squash preparation of Onion root tip.	
6.	Detection of blood groups and Rh factor.	
7.	Problems in Genetics a) Monohybrid/Dihybrid Cross: b) X- linked inheritance: c) Multiple Alleles	
8.	Chromosome morphology: (photographs to be provided).	
9.	Pedigree analysis.	
10.	Problems based on molecular biology.	
11.	Maintenance of Drosophila culture, identify male and female flies, and identifying different larval stages.	

N. B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority/Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
- 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC)

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener/Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College.

 One or two members of related department from neighboring colleges

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT/DISSECTION/MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORISED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Principles of Genetics. Gardner, E. J., Simmons, M.J and Snustad, D.P. John Wiley and Sons Concepts of Genetics. Klug, W. S., Cummings M.R., Spencer, C.A. Benjamin Cummings.
- 2. Genetics-A Molecular Approach. Russell, P.J. Benjamin Cummings.
- 3. Genetics: Analysis of Genes and Genomes. Daniel L., Hartl, Elizabeth W. Jones & Bartlett Publishers.
- 4. Introduction to Genetic Analysis. Griffiths, A. J. F., Wessler. S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S. B. W. H. Freeman and Co.
- 5. Cell Biology Genetics, Molecular Biology Evolution and Ecology Verma P.S. and Agrawal 9th Edition, Chand Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. Principles of Genetics Eight edition- Eldon john Gardner, Michael J. Simmons, D. Peter Snustad.
- 7. Genetics-Weaver, Hedrick, third edition, McGraw Hill Education.
- 8. Genetics A Mendelian approach Peter J. Russel, Pearson Benjamin Cummings.
- 9. Genetics A conceptual approach, Benjamin A. Pierce, Southwestern University, W.H. Freeman and company, New York.
- 11. Genetics, Third Edition, Monroe W. Strickberger.
- 12.Genetics from gene to genome, third edition, Leela and H. Hartwell, Leeroy Hood, Michael7. L. Goldberg, Ann E. Reynolds, Lee M. Silver, McGraw Hill Education.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (S.Y.B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Life Processes
Course Code	USZO302 (COURSE-VI)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	S.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	III
No of Credits	03
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Life processes

- CO1- Learner would understand the increasing complexity of nutritional, excretory and osmoregulatory physiology in evolutionary hierarchy.
- CO2- Learner would be able to correlate the habit and habitat with nutritional, excretory and osmoregulatory structures.
- CO3- Learner would understand the increasing complexity of respiratory and circulatory physiology in evolutionary hierarchy.
- CO4- Learner will be able to correlate the habit and habitat of animals with respiratory and Circulatory organs.
- CO5- Learner would understand the process of control and coordination by nervous and endocrine regulation.
- CO6- Learner would be amazed by various locomotory structures found in the animal kingdom.
- CO7- Learner would be acquainted with various reproductive strategies present in animals.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Nutrition and	1.1Comparative study of nutritional apparatus	15
	Excretion	(structure and function): Amoeba, Hydra,	
		Cockroach, Amphioxus, Pigeon, Ruminants	
		1.2 Physiology of digestion in man.	
		1.3 Comparative study of excretory and	
		osmoregulatory structures and functions.	
		a) Amoeba-Contractile vacuole	
		b) Planaria-Flame cells	
		1.4 Cockroach -Malpighian tubules Categorization of	
		animals based on principle nitrogenous excretory	
		Products	
		1.5 Structure of kidney, uriniferous tubule and	
		physiology of urine	
		Formation in man	
II	Respiration and	2.1Comparative study of respiratory organs	15
	Circulation	(structure and function) Earthworm, Spider, Any	
		bony fish (Rohu / Anabas / Clarius), Frog and	
		Pigeon.	
		2.2 Structure of lungs and physiology of respiration	
		in man	
		2.3 Comparative study of circulation	
		(a) Open and Closed type,	
		(b) Single and Double type.	
		2.4 Types of circulating fluids - Water, Coelomic	
		fluid, Haemolymph,	
		Lymph and Composition of blood	
		2.5 Comparative study of hearts (structure and	
		function) Earthworm, Cockroach, Shark, Frog,	
		Crocodile and Pigeon.	
		2.6 Structure and mechanism of working of heart	

		in man.	
III	Control and	3.1 Control and co-ordination	15
	Coordination,	• Irritability in <i>Paramoecium</i> , nerve net in	
	Locomotion and	Hydra, nerve ring and nerve cord in	
	Reproduction	earthworm.	
		• Types of neurons based on the structure and function.	
		• Conduction of nerve impulse: Resting potential,	
		Action potential and Refractory period	
		Synaptic transmission	
		3.2 Movement and Locomotion	
		Locomotory organs-structure and functions;	
		a. Pseudopodia in Amoeba (Sol-Gel theory), Cilia in <i>Paramoecium</i>	
		b. Wings and legs in cockroach	
		c. Tube feet in starfish	
		d. Fins of fish	
		3.3 Structure of striated muscle fibre in human and	
		sliding filament theory	
		3.4 Reproduction	
		a. Asexual Reproduction- Fission,	
		Fragmentation, Gemmule formation and Budding	
		b. Sexual reproduction	
		i. Gametogenesis	
		ii. Structure of male and female gametes in human	
		iii. Types of fertilization	
		iv. Oviparity, Viviparity, Ovo-viviparity	

	Practical USZOP3 (Course-VI)	
1.	Urine analysis—Normal and Abnormal constituents.	1Credit
2.	Detection of ammonia excreted by fish from aquarium water.	
3.	Detection of uric acid from excreta of birds.	
4.	Study of striated and non-striated muscle fibres.	
5.	Study of nutritional apparatus (Amoeba, Hydra, Earthworm, Pigeon, Ruminant stomach).	
6.	Study of respiratory structures: a. Gills of bony fish and cartilaginous fish b. Lungs of frog c. Lungs of mammal d. Accessory respiratory structure in Anabas/ Clarius e. Air sacs of Pigeon	
7.	Study of locomotory organs (Amoeba, Bivalve, Cockroach, Starfish, Fish, and Bird).	
8.	Study of different types of hearts (Cockroach, Shark, Frog, Garden lizard, Crocodile and Mammal).	

9. Study of permanent slides on Reproduction: (a)Sponge gemmules, (b) Hydra budding, (c) T.S. of mammalian testis, (d)T.S. of mammalian ovary.

N. B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority/Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
- 2) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC)

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- j) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener/Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College.One or two members of related department from neighboring colleges

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT/DISSECTION/MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORISED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Vertebrate Zoology Volume I- Jordan and Verm, S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Invertebrate Zoology Volume II- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology-Majupuria T.C., Nagin S. and Co.
- 4. Chordate Zoology- Dhami P. S. and Dhami J. K., R. Chand and Co.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology-Dhami P. S. and Dhami J. K., R. Chand and Co.
- 6. Introduction to Vertebrates- Moore Cambridge University-Low Priced Edition.
- 7. Zoology-Miller S. A. and Harley J.B., Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Modern Textbook of Zoology, Invertebrates, Kotpal R.L
- 9. Biological Science, Taylor D.J., Stout G.W., Green N.P.O, Soper R., Cambridge University Press.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class Test	20
Assignment	10
Classroom performance	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

B. External Evaluation – 60 %

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60 Question **Options** Unit Marks No. 1. A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks) 1 15 B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks) 2 2. A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks) 15 B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks) A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks) 3. 3 15 B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks) 4. Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One 1.2.3 15 sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars Practic	
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

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Syllabus for (S.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Ethology, Parasitology, Economic Zoology
Course Code	USZOO303 (Course-VII)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	S.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	III
No of Credits	03
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Ethology, Parasitology, Economic Zoology

- CO1- Learner would gain insight into different types of animal behaviour and their role in biological adaptations.
- CO2- Learner would be sensitized to the feelings which are instrumental in social behaviour.
- CO3-Learner would understand the general epidemiological aspects of parasites that affect humans and take simple preventive measures for the same.
- CO4- Learner would comprehend the life cycle of specific parasites, the symptoms of the disease and its treatment.
- CO5- Learner would gain knowledge on animals useful to mankind and the means to make the most of it.
- CO6- Learner would learn the modern techniques in animal husbandry and would pursue entrepreneurship as a career.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Ethology	1.1 Introduction to Ethology	15
		Definition, History and Scope of Ethology	
		Animal behaviour: Innate and Learned behaviour	
		Types of learning: Habituation, Imprinting and	
		Types of imprinting – Filial and sexual, Classical	
		conditioning.	
		Instrumental learning and insight learning.	
		1.2 Aspects of animal behaviour:	
		Communication in bees and ants	
		Mimicry and colorations	
		Displacement activities, Ritualization	
		Migration in fish, schooling behavior	
		Habitat selection, territorial behaviour.	
		1.3 Social behaviour:	
		Social behavior in primates –Hanuman langur	
		Elements of socio-biology: Altruism and Kinship	
II	Parasitology	2.1 Introduction to Parasitology and Types of Parasites	15
		Definitions: Parasitism, Host, Parasite, Vector-	
		biological and mechanical	
		Types of parasites- Ectoparasite, Endoparasite and	
		their subtypes	
		Parasitic adaptations in Ectoparasites and Endoparasites	
		Types of hosts: Intermediate and definitive, reservoir	
		2.2 Host-parasite relationship and host specificity	
		• Different types of hosts- parasite relationship,	
		structural specificity, physiological specificity	
		and ecological specificity	
		2.3 Lifecycle, pathogenicity, control measures and	
		treatment	
		• Entamoeba histolytica, Fasciola hepatica,	
		Taenia solium, Wuchereria bancrofti	
		2.4 Morphology, life cycle, pathogenicity, control	

		measures and treatment	
		Head louse (Pediculus humanus capittis), Mite	
		(Sarcoptes scabei), Bedbug (Cimex lectularis)	
		2.5 Parasitological significance	
		• Zoonosis-Bird flu, Anthrax, Rabies and	
		Toxoplasmosis	
III	Economic	3.1 APICULTURE	15
111	Zoology	3.1.1 Methods of bee keeping and management	13
	Zoology	• Introduction to different species of honey bees	
		used in apiculture.	
		 Selection of flora and bees for apiculture. 	
		 Advantages and disadvantages of traditional and 	
		modern methods of apiculture.	
		 Pests and Bee Enemies-Wax moth, wasp, black ants, 	
		bee-eaters, king crow and disease control	
		3.1.2 Economic importance	
		Honey-Production, chemical composition and	
		economic importance	
		Bee wax- Composition and economic importance.	
		• Role of honey bee in pollination.	
		3.2 VERMICULTURE	
		3.2.1 Rearing methods, management and economic	
		importance	
		• Introduction to different species of earthworms	
		used in vermiculture.	
		Methods of vermiculture.	
		Maintenance and harvesting	
		• Economic importance: Advantages of vermiculture,	
		demand for earthworms; market for vermicompost and	
		scope for entrepreneurship.	
		3.3 DAIRY SCIENCE	
		3.3.1 Dairy development in India	
		• Role of dairy development in rural economy,	
		employment opportunities	
		3.3.2 Dairy Processing	
		• Filtration, cooling, chilling, clarification, pasteurization,	
		freezing	
		3.3.3 Milk and milk products	
		Composition of milk	
		Types of milk:	
		a) Buffalo milk	
		b) Cow milk (A1&A2)	
		Whole milk and toned milk, Milk products	

	Practical USZOP3 (Course-VII)	1 Credit
1.	Extraction of casein from milk and its qualitative estimation.	
2.	Preparation of paneer from given milk sample.	
3.	Measurement of density of milk using different samples by Lactometer.	

4.	Study of Honey Bee:	
	a) Lifecycle of Honey Bee and Bee Hive	
	b) Mouthparts of Honey Bee	
	c)Legs of Honey Bee	
	d)Sting Apparatus of Honey Bee	
5.	Study of ethological aspects:	
	a) Warning colouration.	
	b) Animal instinct	
	c) Imprinting	
	d) Communication in animals: Chemical signals and Sound signals	
	e) Displacement activities in animals: Courtship and mating behavior in	
	animals and Ritualization.	
6.	Study of Protozoan parasites:	
	a. Trypanosoma gambiense	
	b. Giardia intestinalis	
7.	Study of Helminth parasites:	
	a. Ancylostoma duodenale	
	b. Dracunculus medinensis	
8.	Parasitic adaptations: Scolex and mature proglottid of Tapeworm	
9.	Study of Ectoparasites:	
	a) Leech b) Tick c) Mite	
10.	Project- Suggested topics on economic zoology (e.g. Apiculture	
	/ Sericulture/Lac culture/ Vermicompost technique / Construction	
	Of artificial beehives/Animal husbandry/ Aquaculture /any other)	

N. B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority/Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
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Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Animal Behaviour-David McFarland
- 2. Animal Behaviour-Mohan Arora
- 3. Animal Behaviour- Reena Mathur
- 4. An introduction to Animal Behaviour-Dawkins
- 5. Animal Behaviour-Agarwal
- 6. Animal Behaviour-Tinbergen
- 7. Biology of Insects- 1992 Saxena S. C. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co New Delhi. Bombay. Calcutta
- 8. Bee and Bee Keeping- Roger A. Morse, Cornell University Press London
- 9. Vermiculture Technology- Clive A. Edwards, Norman Q. Arancon and Rhonda Sherman
- 10.Parasitology-Chatterjee K.D., Chatterjee Medical Publishers.
- 11. Medical Parasitology- Arora
- 12. Textbook of Medical Parasitology- C. K Jayaram Paniker, Jaypee Brothers.
- 13.A textbook of Parasitology- Kochhar S.K. Dominant Pub. &Dis, New Delhi.
- 14. Essentials of Parasitology-Gerald D. Schmidt: Universal Bookstall, New Delhi.
- 15.Introduction to Parasitology- Sharma P. N. and Ratnu L.S., Chand S & Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 16.Introduction to Parasitology-Chandler and Read John Wiley& Sons
- 17. Economic Zoology Biostatistics and Animal behaviour S. Mathur, Rastogi Publicatons.
- 18. Economic Zoology-Shukla G.S. & Upadhyay V. B., Rastogi Publications.
- 19.A handbook on Economic Zoology, S. Chand& Co.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
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Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer		
	etc.		

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Journal	05
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Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
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Lab work	30
Total	30

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Syllabus for (S.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Population Genetics, Evolution and Research Methodology
Course Code	USZO401 (Course-VIII)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	S.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	IV
No of Credits	03
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Population Genetics, Evolution and Research Methodology

- CO1-Learner will gain insights into the origin of life.
- CO2-Learner will analyses and critically view the different theories of evolution.
- CO3-Learner would understand the forces that cause evolutionary changes in natural populations
- CO4- Learner would comprehend the mechanisms of speciation
- CO5- Learner will be able to distinguish between microevolution, macroevolution and Mega evolution
- CO6- The learner would develop qualities such as critical thinking and analysis,
- CO7-The learner will imbibe the skills of scientific communication and he/she will understand the ethical aspects of research

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
Ι	Origin and	1.1 Introduction	15
	Evolution of	Origin of the Universe	
	Life	Chemical evolution - Miller-Urey	
		experiment, Haldane and Oparin theory	
		Origin of life	
		Origin of eukaryotic cell	
		1.2 Evidences in favour of organic evolution	
		Evidences from geographical distribution, paleontology,	
		anatomy, embryology, physiology and genetics	
		1.3 Theories of organic evolution	
		Theory of Lamarck	
		Theory of Darwin and Neo- Darwinism	
		Mutation Theory	
		Modern synthetic theory, Weismann's Germplasm	
		theory	
II	Population	2.1 Introduction to Population genetics	15
	Genetics and	• Definition Brief explanation of the following terms:	
	Evolution	Population, Gene pool, Allele frequency, Genotype	
		frequency, Phenotype frequency, Microevolution	
		2.2 Population genetics	
		Hardy-Weinberg Law	
		Factors that disrupt Hardy Weinberg equilibrium:	
		Mutation, Migration (gene flow), Non-random	
		mating (inbreeding, inbreeding depression,	
		assortative mating (positive and negative),	
		disassortative mating, Genetic drift (sampling	
		error, fixation, bottleneck effect and founder	
		effect)	
		Natural Selection: Patterns of Natural Selection-	
		Stabilizing selection, Directional selection	
		(examples: pepper red moth, antibiotic resistance	
		in bacteria, pesticide resistance) and Disruptive	
		selection	
		2.3 Evolutionary genetics	

Genetic variation: Genetic basis of variation-mutations and recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization) Nature of genetic variations: Genetic polymorphism, Balanced polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphism, Heterozygote advantage and frequency dependent selection, Neutral variations Geographic variation (Cline) Species concept: Biological species concept and evolutionary species Concept Speciation and Isolating mechanisms: Definition and modes of speciation (allopatric, sympatric, parapatric and peripatric) Geographical isolation Reproductive isolation and its isolating mechanisms (prezygotic and postzygotic) 2.4 Macroevolution and megaevolution: Concept and Patterns of macroevolution (stasis, preadaptation/exaptation, mass extinctions, Adaptive radiation and covolution), Mega evolution 3.1 Process of science: Adaptive radiation and covolution), Mega evolution 3.1 Process of science: A dynamic approach to investigation: The Scientific method. Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific research: Definition, difference between method and methodology, characteristics, types Steps in the Scientific method: Identification of research rypothesis, testing the hypothesis using Experiments or surveys, preparing research/study Design including methodology and execution (appropriate controls, sample size, technically sound, free from bias, repeat experiments for consistency), documentation of data, data analysis and interpretation, results and conclusions. Dissemination of data: Reporting results to scientific community (publication in peer-reviewed iournals thesis dissertation reports or oral	mutations and recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization) Nature of genetic variations: Genetic polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphism-Heterozygote advantage and frequency dependent selection, Neutral variations Geographic variation (Cline) Species concept: Biological species concept and evolutionary species Concept Speciation and Isolating mechanisms: Definition and modes of speciation (allopatric, sympatric, parapatric and peripatric) Geographical isolation Reproductive isolation and its isolating mechanisms (prezygotic and postzygotic) 4. Macroevolution and megaevolution: Concept and Patterns of macroevolution (stasis, preadaptation/exaptation, mass extinctions, Adaptive radiation and coevolution), Mega evolution Scientific Writing and Ethics in Scientific Writing and Ethics in Scientific escence: A dynamic approach to investigation: The Scientific method, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific research: Definition, difference between method and methodology, characteristics, types Steps in the Scientific method: Identification of research problem, formulation of research hypothesis, testing the hypothesis using Experiments or surveys, preparing research/study Design including methodology and execution (appropriate controls, sample size, technically sound, free from bias, repeat experiments for consistency), documentation of data, data analysis and interpretation, results and conclusions. Dissemination of data: Reporting results to	mutations and recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization) Nature of genetic variations: Genetic polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphism-Heterozygote advantage and frequency dependent selection, Neutral variations Geographic variation (Cline) Species concept: Biological species concept and evolutionary species Concept Speciation and Isolating mechanisms: Definition and modes of speciation (allopatric, sympatric, parapatric and peripatric) Geographical isolation Reproductive isolation and its isolating mechanisms (prezygotic and postzygotic) 2.4 Macroevolution and megaevolution: Concept and Patterns of macroevolution (stasis, preadaptation/exaptation, mass extinctions, Adaptive radiation and coevolution), Mega evolution Scientific Attitude Methodology Scientific Writing and Ethics in Scientific method, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific restord, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific rethod, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific method, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific method, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific method, peductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific method of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific research: Definition, difference between method and methodology, characteristics, types Steps in the Scientific method: Identification of research hypothesis, testing the hypothesis using Experiments for consistency	mutations and recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization) Nature of genetic variations: Genetic polymorphism, Balanced polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphism- Heterozygote advantage and frequency dependent selection, Neutral variations Geographic variation (Cline) Species concept: Biological species concept and evolutionary species Concept Speciation and Isolating mechanisms: Definition and modes of speciation (allopatric, sympatric, parapatric and peripatric) Geographical isolation Reproductive isolation and its isolating mechanisms (prezygotic and postzygotic) 2.4 Macroevolution and megaevolution: Concept and Patterns of macroevolution (stasis, preadaptation/exaptation, mass extinctions, Adaptive radiation and coevolution), Mega evolution Scientific Attitude Methodology Scientific Writing and Ethics in Scientific Writing and Ethics in Scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific method, Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery (serendipity) Scientific research: Definition, difference between method and methodology, characteristics, types Steps in the Scientific method: Identification of research problem, formulation of research hypothesis, testing the hypothesis using Experiments or surveys, preparing research/study Design including methodology and execution (appropriate controls, sample size, technically sound, free from bias, repeat experiments for consistency), documentation of data, data analysis	mutations and recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization) Nature of genetic variations: Genetic polymorphism, Balanced polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphism-Heterozygote 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characteristics, types Steps in the Scientific method: Identification of			Genetic variation: Genetic basis of variation-	

 Structure and components of a research paper: preparation of manuscript for publication of research paper- title, authors and their affiliations, abstract, keywords and abbreviations, introduction, material and methods, results, discussion, conclusions, acknowledgement, bibliography; figures, tables and their legends

3. 3 Writing a review paper

- Structure and components of review
- Report writing and types of report
- Computer application: Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication.

3.4 Ethics

- Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, approval from Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC)
- Ethics in clinical research: Approval from clinical research ethics Committee or/and informed consent

3.5 Plagiarism

	Practical USZOP4 (Course-VIII)	
1.	Study of population density by line transect method & Quadrant method and calculate different diversity indices.	1 Credit
	Index of Dominance Index of formula and form	
	Index of frequency Posity Index	
	Rarity IndexShannon Index	
	Index of species diversity	
2.	Study of prokaryotic cells (bacteria)by Crystal violet staining technique.	
3.	Study of eukaryotic cells (WBCs)from blood smear by Leishman's stain	
4.	Identification and study of fossils:	
	Arthropods: Trilobite	
	Mollusca: Ammonite	
	Aves: Archaeopteryx	
5.	Identification of:	
	Allopatric speciation (Cyprinodont species)	
	Sympatric speciation (Hawthorn fly and Apple maggot fly)	
	Parapatric speciation (Snail)	
6.	Bibliography/Abstract writing	
7.	Preparation of PowerPoint Presentation based on a research paper.	
8.	Report submission on 'Current issues in Biological sciences'	

N. B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority/Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
- 4) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC)

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- 1) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener/Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College.

 One or two members of related department from neighboring colleges

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT/DISSECTION/MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORISED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Theory of Evolution-Smith, Cambridge Press, and Low-price Ed.
- 2. Evolution-Strickberger, CBS publication
- 3. Evolution-P.S. Verma and Agarwal
- 4. Introduction to Evolution by Moody
- 5. Biology. E. P. Solomon, L.R. Berg, D. W. Martin, Thompson Brooks/Cole
- 6. Biology -The Unity and Diversity of Life. C. Starr, R. Taggart, C. Evers, L. Starr, Brooks/Cole Cengage learning International Edition
- 7. Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques-by C. R. Kothari, Wiley Eastern Ltd. Mumbai
- 8. Practical research planning and design 2ndedition-Paul D Leedy, Macmilan Publication

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (S. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Ultrastructure of cell organelles and Biomolecules
Course Code	USZO402 (Course - IX)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	S.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	IV
No of Credits	03
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Ultrastructure of cell organelles and Biomolecules

- CO1- Learner would acquire insight into the composition of the transport mechanisms adopted by the cell and its organelles for its maintenance and composition of cell.
- CO2- Learner would appreciate the intricacy of endomembrane system.
- CO3-Learner would understand the interlinking of endomembrane system for functioning of cell
- CO4- The learner will realize the importance of biomolecules and their clinical significance.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Cell Biology	1.1 Introduction to cell biology	15
		Definition and scope	
		Cell theory	
		Generalized prokaryotic, eukaryotic cell: size, shape	
		and structure	
		1.2 Nucleus	
		• Size, shape, number and position	
		Structure and functions of interphase nucleus	
		• Ultrastructure of nuclear membrane and pore	
		complex	
		• Nucleolus: general organization, chemical	
		composition & functions	
		Nuclear sap/ nuclear matrix	
		Nucleocytoplasmic interactions	
		1.3 Plasma membrane	
		Fluid Mosaic Model	
		Junctional complexes	
		Membrane receptors	
		Modifications: Microvilli and Desmosomes	
		1.4 Transport across membrane	
		Diffusion and Osmosis	
		Transport: Passive and Active	
		Endocytosis and Exocytosis	
		1.5 Cytoskeletal structures	
		Microtubules: Composition and functions	
		Microfilaments: Composition and functions	
II	Endomembrane	2.1 Endoplasmic reticulum (ER): General	15
	System	morphology of endomembrane system, ultrastructure,	
		types of ER and biogenesis of ER	
		•Functions of Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum (RER)	
		and Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum (SER)	
		2.2 Golgi complex : Ultrastructure of Golgi complex,	
		functions of Golgi complex (protein glycosylation,	
		lipid and polysaccharide metabolism,	
		protein sorting and secretion, Golgi Anti-Apoptotic	
		Protein -GAAP)	
		2.3 Lysosomes : Origin, occurrence, polymorphism	
		and functions;	

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	Practical USZOP4(Course-IX)	1 Credit
1.	Study of permeability of cell through plasma membrane (osmosis in blood cells).	
2.	Measurement of cell diameter by occulometer (by using permanent slide)	
3.	Qualitative tests for carbohydrates (Molisch's test, Benedicts test, Barfoed's test, Anthrone test)	
4.	Qualitative tests for protein (Ninhydrin test, Biuret test, Millon's test, Xanthoproteic test)	

5.	Qualitative test for lipids (Solubility test, Sudan III test)	
6.	Study of rancidity of lipids by titrimetric method.	
7.	Ultrastructure of cell organelles (Electron micrographs) of: Nucleus Endoplasmic reticulum (Smooth and Rough) Mitochondria. Golgi apparatus Lysosomes	
8.	Study of clinical disorders due to carbohydrates, proteins and lipid imbalance (Photograph to be provided / symptoms to be given and disorder to be identified): • Hyperglycemia • Hypoglycemia • Kwashiorkor • Marasmus • Fatty Liver	

N. B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority/Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
- 5) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC)

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- m) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener/Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College.

 One or two members of related department from neighboring colleges

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT/DISSECTION/MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORISED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Cell Biology, Singh and Tomar, Rastogi Publication.
- 2. Cell and Molecular Biology, E.D.P De Robertis and E.M.R Robertis, CBS Publishers and Distributors.
- 3. The cell, A molecular approach, Goeffrey M. Coper ASM Press Washington D.C.
- 4. A textbook of cytology M. Suruchi Tyagi Dominant Publishers and Distributors New Delhi.
- 5. Cell and molecular biology, Gupta P. K., Rastogi Publication, India.
- 6. Cell Biology, Pawar C.B. Himalaya publication
- 7. Molecular Biology of the cell, (6thed) by the Insertus
- 8. Principles of Biochemistry, 2005, 2nd and 3rd edn. Lehninger A.L. Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M.
- 9. Biochemistry, Dushyant Kumar Sharma, 2010, Narosa Publishing house PVT.Ltd.
- 10. A Textbook of Biochemistry, 9thedition, Dr. Rama Rao A.V.S.S and Dr A Suryalakshmi.
- 11. Biochemistry- G Zubay, Addison Wesley, 1983
- 12. Biochemistry, L Stryer, 3rd/4th/5th ed, 1989, Freeman and Co. NY

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (40 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	1	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
2.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	2	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
3.	A. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	3	15
	B. Answer any one out of the two (5 marks)		
4.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3	15
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer		
	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (S. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Comparative Embryology, Aspects of Human Reproduction, Pollution and its effect on organisms
Course Code (refer to student handbook)	USZO403 (Course -X)
Class Semester	S.Y.B. Sc. IV
No of Credits Nature	03 Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type (applicable to NEP only)	Core
Highlight revision specific to employability/ entrepreneurship/ skill development (if any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Comparative Embryology, Aspects of Human Reproduction, Pollution and its effect on organisms

- CO1- Learner will be able to understand and compare the different types of eggs and sperms.
- CO2- Learner will be able to understand and compare the different pre- embryonic stages.
- CO3- Learners will able to understand human reproductive physiology.
- CO4- Learners will become familiar with advances in ART and related ethical issues.
- CO5-The learners will be sensitized about the adverse effects of pollution and measures to control

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
Ι	Comparative	1.1 Types of Eggs- Based on amount and distribution	15
	Embryology	of yolk	
		1.2 Structure and Types of Sperm	
		1.3 Types of Cleavages	
		1.4 Types of Blastulae	
		1.5 Types of Gastrulae	
		1.6 Coelom -Formation and types	
II	Aspects of	2.1 Human reproductive system and hormonal	15
	Human	regulation	
	Reproduction	Anatomy of human male and female reproductive	
		system	
		Hormonal regulation of reproduction and impact of	
		age on reproduction - menopause and andropause	
		2.2Contraception & birth control	
		Difference between contraception and birth control	
		• Natural Methods: Abstinence, rhythm method,	
		temperature method, cervical mucus or Billings method,	
		coitus interruptus, lactation amenorrhea	
		Artificial methods: Barrier methods, hormonal	
		methods, intrauterine contraceptives, sterilization,	
		termination, Abortion	
		2.3 Infertility	
		Female infertility:	
		Causes - Failure to ovulate; production of infertile eggs;	
		damage to oviducts (oviduct scarring and Pelvic	
		inflammatory disease -PID, TB of oviduct), Uterus (TB	
		of uterus and cervix)	
		Infertility associated disorders - Endometriosis,	
		Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS), Primary ovarian	
		failure (POF), Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) -	
		gonorrhoea, chlamydia, syphilis and genital herpes;	
		Antibodies to sperm; Genetic causes- recurrent abortions • Role of endocrine disruptors	
		2.4 Treatment of infertility	
		Removal /reduction of causative environmental	
		factors	
		Tactors	

		1	
		Surgical treatment	
		Hormonal treatment- fertility drugs	
		Assisted Reproductive Technology (ART) -	
		In vitro fertilization (IVF); Embryo transfer (ET); Intra-	
		Fallopian transfer (IFT), Gamete Intra-Fallopian	
		Transfer (GIFT) &Intra-Zygote Transfer (ZIFT); Intra-	
		cytoplasmic Sperm Injection (ICSI) with ejaculated	
		sperm and sperm retrieved from testicular biopsies;	
		Testicular sperm	
		extraction (TESE).	
		Sperm bank, cryopreservation of gametes and embryos	
		• Surrogacy	
III	Pollution and	3.1 Air Pollution	15
	its effect on	Types and sources of air pollutant	
	organisms	• Effects of air pollution on organisms, its control and	
	or gamesine	abatement measures	
		3.2 Water Pollution	
		• Types and sources of water pollutant	
		• Effects of water pollution on organisms, its control and	
		abatement measures	
		3.3 Soil Pollution	
		• Types and sources of soil pollutant	
		• Effects of soil pollution on organisms, its control and	
		abatement measures	
		3.4 Sound pollution	
		• Different sources of sound pollution	
		Effects of sound pollution on organisms, its control and	
		abatement measures	
		3.5 Pollution by radioactive substances	
		3.6 Pollution by solid wastes	
		• Types and sources,	
		 Effects of solid waste pollution, its control and	
		abatement measures	
		3.6 Pollution – Climate Change and Global	
		Warming	

	Practical USZOP4 (Course-XA)	1 credit
1.	Study of air microflora.	
2.	Estimation of dissolved oxygen from the given water sample.	
3.	Estimation of salinity by refractometer from the given water sample.	
4.	Estimation of conductivity by conductometer from the given water sample.	
5.	Study of physical properties of soil: temperature, moisture and texture.	
6.	Study of chemical properties of soil-pH, organic matter.	
7.	Study of sound pollution monitoring device.	

8.	Detection of pregnancy from given sample of urine.	
9.	Study of birth control measures applicable to human–IUD, condom and hormonal pills.	
10.	Study of the following permanent slides, museum specimens and materials Mammalian sperm and ovum Types of Egg– fish, frog and hen Cleavage, blastula and gastrula (Amphioxus, Frog and Bird)	
11.	Review writing on any topic of current developments in Biological sciences.	
12.	Study of natural ecosystem and field report of the visit.	

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Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Developmental Biology-5thEdition, Scot F. Gilbert, Sinauer Associates Inc.
- 2. Developmental Biology-Subramoniam T., Narosa Publishers.
- 3. Developmental Biology-Berril N. J., Tata McGraw-Hill Publication.
- 4. Essential Reproduction-Martin H. Johnson, Wiley-Blackwell Publication.
- 5. Chick Embryology-Bradley M. Pattern.
- 6. Embryology-Mohan P. Arora.
- 7. Chordate Embryology-Dalela, Verma and Tyagi.
- 8. Human Anatomy and Physiology. E. L. Marie, Pearson Education Low Price Edition.

- 9. Biological Science. Taylor, Green and Stout. Cambridge Publication.
- 10. Biology. E. P. Solomon, L.R. Berg, D. W. Martin, Thompson Brooks/Cole.
- 11. Human Biology-Daniel D. Chiras Jones and Bartlett.
- 12. The Physiology of Reproduction Vol I & II E. K. Nobel and JU. D. Neil, Raven Press, New York.
- 13. Air Pollution, KudesiaV. P. Pragati Prakasa, Meerut.
- 14. Fundamentals of Air Pollution Daniel A. Vallero, Academic press5th Edition.
- 15. Principles and Practices of Air Pollution Control and Analysis J. R. Mudakani I K International Pub. House Pvt. Ltd.
- 16. Text Book of Air Pollution and its Control, S. C. Bhatia Atlantic.
- 17. Water Pollution, Kudesia V. P., Pragati Prakasan, Meerut.
- 18. A text book of Environmental Chemistry and Pollution Control, S. S. Dogra, Swastic Pub, New Delhi.
- 19. Practical Methods for water and Air Pollution Monitoring, S. K. Bhargava, New Age International.
- 20. Hand Book of Water and waste water Analysis, Kanwaljit Kaur, Atlantic.
- 21. Aquatic Pollution by Edward A. Laws.
- 22. Environmental Science and Technology, Stanely E. Manahan.
- 23. Environmental Chemistry, A.K. De, New Age International.
- 24. A Text Book of Environmental Studies, Gurdeep R. Chatwal, Harish Sharma, Madhu Arora.

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R.E. Society's

R. P. GOGATE COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE AND R.V. JOGALEKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, RATNAGIRI (AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415612 (Maharashtra-India)

Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.) Programme

Program: T.Y.B. Sc. Course: Zoology

Syllabus for Semester V & VI

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

To be implemented from Academic Year 2023-2024

PERAMBLE:

Welcome to the final year of your Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.) program in Zoology! This

syllabus is here to help you take your knowledge of animals and the natural world to the next

level. You've learned a lot in the past two years, and now it's time to dive even deeper into the

fascinating world of zoology.

Zoology is all about understanding animals, from their tiny cells to their complex behaviours,

and how they fit into our world. In this year, we're going to explore some advanced topics and

really get into the nitty-gritty of how animals work and how they impact our planet.

You'll study things like animal genetics (how animals inherit traits), evolution (how animals

change over time), animal behaviour (why animals do what they do), and ecology (how animals

interact with their environments). This year, you'll also have a chance to focus on your interests

and maybe even do some research.

This final year is designed to help you become a better thinker and problem solver. It's all about

preparing you for whatever comes next, whether it's more school, a job, or something else

entirely. The skills and knowledge you gain this year will be super valuable, no matter where

your journey takes you.

Don't be afraid to ask questions, work with your teachers and classmates, and take on new

challenges. Zoology is a field where there's always more to discover, and we hope this year

will inspire you to keep exploring and caring for the incredible animals that share our planet.

Best of luck in your final year of Bachelor of Science in Zoology!

Chairperson,

BOS in Zoology, Gogate Jogalekar College,

Ratnagiri.

T.Y. B. Sc. Zoology (2023-24)

pg. 2

Syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. Course: ZOOLOGY Credit Based Semester and Grading System (To be implemented from the Academic Year 2023-2024)

SEMESTER – V

COURSE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES
CODE				/WEEK
USZO501	I	Principles of Taxonomy	2.5	1
	II	Kingdom Animalia I		1
	III	Kingdom Animalia II		1
	IV	Type study: Sepia		1
USZO502	I	Basic Haematology	2.5	1
	II	Applied Hematology		1
	III	Basic Immunology		1
	IV	Applied Immunology		1
USZO503	I	Mammalian Histology	2.5	1
	II	Toxicology		1
	III	General Pathology		1
	IV	Biostatistics		1
USZO504	I	Integumentary system and derivatives	2.5	1
	II	Human Osteology		1
	III	Muscles of long bones of Human limbs		1
	IV	Developmental biology of Chick		1
			10	16
USZOP05		Practicals based on all four courses	06	16
1320100	Total	Number of Credits and Workload	16	32

Syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. Course: ZOOLOGY Credit Based Semester and Grading System (To be implemented from the Academic Year 2023-2024)

SEMESTER – VI

COURSE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES
CODE				/WEEK
USZO601	I	Phylum Chordata: Group	2.5	1
		Protochordata and Group		
		Euchordata I		
	II	Group Euchordata II		1
	III	Group Euchordata III		1
	IV	Type study: Shark		1
USZO602	I	Enzymology	2.5	1
	II	Homeostasis		1
	III	Endocrinology		1
	IV	Animal Tissue Culture		1
USZO603	I	Molecular Biology	2.5	1
	II	Genetic Engineering		1
	III	Human Genetics		1
	IV	Bioinformatics		1
USZO604	I	Environment management	2.5	1
	II	Wildlife Management		1
	III	Bioprospecting and Zoo		1
		pharmacognosy		
	IV	Zoogeography		1
			10	16
USZOP06		Practicals based on all four courses	06	16
	Total	Number of Credits and Workload	16	32

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Taxonomy - Invertebrates and Type Study
Course Code	USZO501(Course-XI)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	V
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Taxonomy - Invertebrates and Type Study

- CO1- Learners will apprehend the basis of classification and modern classification up to class of the lower invertebrate animals.
- CO2 The learners will be familiarized with classification up to phylum Nematoda along with their examples.
- CO3 Learners will get an idea of higher groups of invertebrate animal life, their classification and their peculiar aspects.
- CO4 Learners will get an idea of general characteristics and details of invertebrate animal systems.

Curriculum:

Unit	it Title		Learning Points	No of
				Lectures
I	Principles	of	1.1 : Levels of Organization:	15
	Taxonomy		1.1.1 : Unicellularity, colonization of cells,	
			multicellularity	
			1.1.2 : Levels of Organization: Acellular, Cellular,	
			Tissue level, Organ level and 'Organ-system' level	
			1.2 : Symmetry	
			1.2.1 : Basic concept and definition	
			1.2.2 : Types:	
			a. Asymmetry: e.g. Amoeba	
			b. Radial symmetry: e.g. Starfish	
			c. Bi-lateral symmetry: e.g. Invertebrate - Planaria	
			Vertebrate - Man	
			1.2.3: Evolutionary significance of symmetry	
			1.3 : Coelom	
			1.3.1 : Basic concept and definition 1.3.2: Formation	
			of coelom	
			1.3.3 : Types:	
			a. Acoelomate: Platyhelminthes e.g. Liver fluke	
			b. Pseudocoelomate: Nematoda e.g. Roundworm	
			c. Coelomate: e.g. Frog	
			1.3.4 : Evolutionary significance of coelom	
			1.4 : Metamerism	
			1.4.1 : Basic concept and definition	
			1.4.2 : Types:	
			a. Pseudo metamerism: e.g. Tapeworm	
			b. True metamerism:	
			i. Homonymous - Annelida e.g. Nereis	
			ii. Heteronomous - Cephalization - Insecta	
			e.g. Dragonfly Cephalothorax - Crustacean e.g. Lobster	
			1.4.3: Evolutionary significance of metamerism	
			1.5 : Taxonomy	
			1.5.1 : Basic concept, definition and objectives	
			1.5.2 : Linnaean Hierarchy, Binomial Nomenclature	
			1.5.3: Six Kingdom classification:	
			General characters of each Kingdom with examples:	
			Kingdom Archaebacteria, Kingdom Eubacteria,	

		Kingdom Protista, Kingdom Fungi, Kingdom Plantae,	
		Kingdom Animalia.	
		1.6 : Kingdom Protista: Animal like Protists:	
		Protozoa	
		1.6.1 : General characters of Protozoa	
		1.6.2 : Classification of Protozoa with distinguishing	
		features and suitable examples: Phylum	
		Sarcomastigophora, Class Sarcodina e.g. Amoeba	
		Class Mastigophora e.g. Trypanosoma	
		Phylum Ciliophora, Class Ciliata e.g. Opalina	
		Class Phyllopharyngea e.g. Dysteria	
		Phylum Sporozoa, Class Aconoidasida e.g.	
		Plasmodium, Class Conoidasida e.g. Toxoplasma	
II	Kingdom	Phylum Porifera	15
**	Animalia I	a. General characters	10
	Ammana I	b. Classification up to class with distinguishing	
		features and suitable examples: Class Calcarea e.g.	
		Leucosolenia (Branched sponge)	
		Class Hexactinellida e.g. Hyalonema (Glass-rope	
		sponge) Class Demospongia e.g. Euspongia (Bath	
		sponge)	
		2.2 : Phylum Cnidaria	
		a. General characters	
		b. Classification up to class with distinguishing	
		features and examples Class Hydrozoa e.g. Hydra	
		Class Scyphozoa e.g. Aurelia (Jelly fish)	
		Class Anthozoa e.g. Meandrina (Maze Coral)	
		2.3 : Phylum Platyhelminthes	
		a. General characters	
		b. Classification up to class with distinguishing	
		features and examples Class Turbellaria e.g. Dugesia	
		(Planaria)	
		Class Trematoda e.g. Schistosoma (Blood-fluke)	
		Class Cestoda e.g. Taenia (Tapeworm)	
		c. Morphology, life cycle and pathogenicity of	
		Fasciola hepatica	
		2.4 : Phylum Nematoda	
		a. General characters	
		b. Classification up to class with distinguishing	
		features and examples Class: Aphasmida (Adenophorea)	
		e.g. Trichinella (Trichina worm) Class: Phasmida	
		(Secernentea) e.g. Ascaris (Roundworm)	
III	Kingdom	Phylum Annelida	15
	Animalia II	3.1.1 : General characters	
		3.1.2 : Classification up to class with distinguishing	
		features and examples Class Polychaeta e.g. Neries	
		(Clamworm), Class Oligochaeta e.g. Pheretima	
		(Earthworm) Class Hirudinea e.g. Hirudinaria (Leech)	
		3.2: Phylum Arthropoda	

	3.2.1 : General characters	
	3.2.2 : Classification up to class with distinguishing	
	features and examples Subphylum Chelicerata	
	Class Arachnida e.g. Hottentotta (Scorpion)	
	Class Merostomata e.g. Limulus (Horse-shoe crab)	
	Class Pycnogonida e.g. Nymphon (Sea spider)	
	Subphylum Crustacea	
	Class Malacostraca e.g. Scylla (Crab) Class Maxillipoda	
	e.g. Balanus (Barnacle)	
	Subphylum Uniramia, Class Chilopoda e.g. Scolopendra	
	(Centipede) Class Diplopoda e.g. Xenobolus	
	(Millipede), Class Insecta e.g. Attacus (Moth)	
	3.3 : Phylum Mollusca	
	<u>*</u>	
	3.3.1 : General characters of the Phylum	
	3.3.2 : Classification up to class with distinguishing	
	features and examples	
	Class Aplacophora e.g. Chaetoderma (Glisten worm	
	solenogaster) Class Polyplycophora e.g. Chiton (Coat-	
	of-mail shell)	
	Class Monoplacophora e.g. Neopilina	
	Class Gastropoda e.g. Nerita (Nerit)	
	Class Pelecypoda e.g. Solen (Razor clam) Class	
	Scaphopoda e.g. Dentalium (Tusk shell)	
	Class Cephalopoda e.g. Nautilus (Pearly nautilus)	
	3.4 : Phylum Echinodermata	
	3.4.1 General characters	
	3.4.2 Classification up to class with distinguishing	
	features and examples Class Asteroidea e.g. Protoreaster	
	(Starfish), Class Ophiuroidea e.g. Ophiothrix (Brittle	
	star) Class Echinoidea e.g. Clypeaster (Sand dollar),	
	Class Holothuroidea e.g. Cucumaria (Sea cucumber)	
	Class Crinoidea e.g. Antedon (Sea lily)	
	3.5 Minor phyla	
	3.5.1 : General characters along with examples of	
	Phylum Acanthocephala e.g. Moniliformis	
	Phylum Onychophora e.g. Peripatus (Velvet worm)	
	Phylum Chaetognatha e.g. Sagitta (Arrow worm)	
	3.5.2 : Peripatus, a connecting link - Affinities with	
	Phylum Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca.	
	3.6 Phylum Hemichordata	
	3.6.1 : General characters, classification with	
	distinguishing features and examples Class	
	Enteropneusta e.g. Balanoglossus (Acorn worm)	
	Class Pterobranchia e.g. Rhabdopleura	
	Class Planctosphaeroidea e.g. Planctosphera	
	3.7 Basic concepts of phylogeny: Phylogenetic tree	
	of invertebrates	
Tymo atriden	4.1: General characters and classification, Habit and habitat,	15
Type study:	External characters, mantle cavity, locomotion, economic	15
Sepia	External characters, mantic cavity, locomotion, economic	

importance 4.2: Digestive system, Respiratory system, Circulatory system, Excretory system, Nervous system and Sense organs	
Reproductive system	

	PRACTICALS	1.5 credits
1.	Classification of phyla up to class and study of the general	
	characters up to class. Kingdom Protista - Animal-like Protists:	
	Protozoa	
	A. Phylum: Sarcomastigophora	
	Class Sarcodina e.g. Amoeba	
	Class Mastigophora e.g. Euglena	
	B. Phylum: Ciliophora	
	Class Ciliata e.g. Paramoecium	
	Class Phyllopharyngea e.g. Dysteria	
	C. Phylum: Sporozoa,	
	Class Aconoidasida e.g. Eimeria	
	Class Conoidasida e.g. Sarcocystis	
	Kingdom Animalia	
	D. Phylum: Porifera	
	Class Calcarea e.g. Scypha (Little vase sponge)	
	Class Hexactinellida e.g. Hyalonemma (Glass-rope	
	sponge) Class Demospongia e.g. Spongilla	
	(Freshwater sponge)	
	E. Phylum Cnidaria	
	Class Hydrozoa e.g. Vellela (By-the-wind sailor)	
	Class Scyphozoa e.g. Rhizostoma (Barrel jellyfish)	
	Class Anthozoa e.g. Corallium (Coral)	
	F. Phylum Platyhelminthes	
	Class Turbellaria e.g. Dugesia (Planaria) Class	
	Trematoda e.g. Fasciola (Liverfluke) Class Cestoda	
	e.g. Taenia (Tapeworm)	
	G. Phylum Nematoda	
	Class Aphasmida (Adenophorea) e.g. Trichinella	
	(Trichina worm) Class Phasmida (Secernentea) e.g.	
	Ascaris (Roundworm)	
	H. Phylum Annelida	
	Class Polychaeta e.g. Arenicola (Lugworm) Class	
	Oligochaeta e.g. Tubifex (Sludge worm) Class	
	Hirudinea e.g. Pontobdella (Marine leech)	
	I. Phylum Arthropoda Subphylum Chelicerata	
	Class Arachnida e.g. Hotentotta (Scorpion)	
	Class Merostomata e.g. Limulus (Horseshoe crab)	
	Class Pycnogonida e.g. Nymphon (Sea spider)	
	Subphylum Crustacea	
	Class Malacostraca e.g. Panulirus (Lobster) Class	
	Maxillipoda e.g. Cyclops (Copepods)	

	Subphylum Uniramia	
	Class Chilopoda e.g. Scolopendra (Centipedes) Class	
	Diplopoda e.g. Xenobolus (Millipedes)	
	Class Insecta e.g. Attacus (Moth)	
	J. Phylum Mollusca	
	Class Aplacophora e.g. Chaetoderma (Glisten worm	
	solenogaster) Class Polyplacophora e.g. Tonicella	
	(Lined Chiton)	
	Class Monoplacophora e.g. Neopilina	
	Class Gastropoda e.g. Turbo (Turban shell) Class	
	Pelycypoda e.g. Donax (Wedge shell) Class	
	Scaphopoda e.g. Dentalium (Tusk shell) Class	
	Cephalopoda e.g. Octopus	
	K. Phylum Echinodermata	
	Class Asteroidea e.g. Asterias (Starfish) Class	
	Ophiuroidea e.g. Ophiothrix (Brittle star) Class	
	Echinoidea e.g. Echinus (Sea urchin)	
	Class Holothuroidea e.g. Cucumaria (Sea cucumber)	
	Class Crinoidea e.g. Crinoid (Sea lily)	
	L. Phylum Hemichordata	
	Class Enteropneusta e.g. Saccoglossus	
	Class Pterobranchia e.g. Rhabdopleura	
	Class Planctosphaeroidea e.g. Planctosphaera	
2.	Minor Phyla	
	Acoelomate	
	M. Phylum Acanthocephala e.g. Echinorhynchus	
	Coelomate	
	N. Phylum Chaetognatha e.g. Sagitta	
	O Phylum Onychonkona o Povinctus (Valvet vyama)	
	O. Phylum Onychophora e.g. Peripatus (Velvet worm)	
3.	Study of Sepia with the help of diagram / Photograph /	
	Simulation whichever possible. No animal shall be dissected.	
	a) Digestive system,	
	b) Reproductive system	
	c) Nervous system	
	d) Jaws	
	e) Radula	
	f) Chromatophores	
	g) Spermatophores	
	h) Statocyst	
4.	Study tour - Visit to fish market / Aquarium / Local Gardens / Local	
	available niche / National Parks / Sanctuaries / and such other places to	
	observe invertebrates with special emphasis on Western Ghats and coast of	
	Maharashtra and submit a report. College may conduct more than one field	
	visit for wide exposure, if feasible. However, at least one field visit should	
	be such that it is affordable to every student.	
<u> </u>		

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. A manual of Zoology Part I, Invertebrates; Ayyar, M. Ekambar Anath Invertebrate Zoology Volumes of different Phyla; Hyman L.H. Instant Notes in Animal Biology by Richard D. Jurd.
- 2. Introduction to Zoology Vol I: K. K. Chaki, G. Kundu and S. Sarkar, New Crystal Book
- 3. Agency.
- 4. Modern text book of Zoology Invertebrates; Eleventh; Edition Professor R.L. Kotpal; Rastogi publication.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology by E. L. Jordan & P. S. Verma Rev. edition, 2009, Chand publications Invertebrate Zoology by P. S. Verma, edition, 2009, Chand publications.
- 6. Zoology for degree students, non-chordates by V.K. Agarwal 2011, S. Chand Publication Zoology for Degree Students, B.Sc. First Year, by V. K. Agarwal, Pub. S. Chand Coy.
- 7. B. Sc. Zoology, Invertebrate Zoology by V.K. Aggarwal2017, S. Chand publications Invertebrate Zoology by Fatik Baran 2012, PHI Learning.
- 8. A Textbook of Invertebrates by N.C. Nair et al. 2010 Saras publications Practical Zoology: Invertebrate, by S. S. Lal, 2016.
- 9. Invertebrate Zoology by Ruppert, Fox, Barnes, 7thedition,2003 publications Cengage Learning.
- 10. Invertebrate Zoology by D.T. Anderson 2nd edition 2002, publications Oxford Invertebrates by Richard C. Brusca *et. al*, 3rdedition2016, publications Oxford.
- 11. Biology of the invertebrates by Jan A. Pechenik, 7th edition, 2014 publications McGraw Hill.
- 12. An introduction to the invertebrates by Janet Moore, 2ndedition2006, publications Cambridge.
- 13. Protozoology, by S. V. Nikam& S. T. Tanveer ed. 2011, Pub. Oxford Book Company (N.B.: This book includes Phylum Sarcomastigophora).

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 %

40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer	1,2,3,4	12
1	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Hematology and Immunology
Course Code	USZO502 (Course-XII)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	V
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Haematology and Immunology

- CO1-The learner shall comprehend basic hematology.
- CO2-Thelearnerwillbeabletoidentifyvariouscomponentsofhaemostaticsystems.
- CO3-The learner will be familiar with the terminology used and diagnostic tests performed in a pathological laboratory.
- CO4-The learner shall be acquainted with diagnostic approaches in haematological disorders.
- CO5-The learner will be better equipped for further pathological course or working in a diagnostic laboratory.
- CO6-The learner shall comprehend the types of immunity and the components of immune system.
- CO7- The learner shall understand immune pathology and the principles and applications of vaccines.
- CO8- The learner will develop basic understanding of immunology of organ transplantation.
- CO9-The learner will realize the significant role of immune system in giving resistance against diseases

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
Ι	Basic	1.1: Composition of plasma : Water, respiratory gases,	15
	Haematology	dissolved salts, plasma proteins, nutrients, enzymes,	
		hormones, nitrogenous waste products	
		1.2: Hematopoiesis: Erythropoiesis, leucopoiesis and	
		thrombopoiesis	
		1.3: Erythrocytes: Structure and functions,	
		abnormalities in structure, total count, variation in	
		number; ESR; types of anaemia	
		1.4: Hemoglobin : Structure, formation and degradation;	
		variants of hemoglobin (foetal, adult), abnormalities in	
		hemoglobin (sickle cell and thalassemia)	
		1.5: Leucocytes : Types and functions, total count and	
		variation in number; leukemia and its types	
		1.6: Thrombocytes : Structure, factors and mechanism	
		of clotting, failure of clotting mechanism	
		1.7: Blood volume : Total quantity and regulation;	
		hemorrhage	
II	Applied	2.1: Introduction and scope of Applied Haematology	15
	Hematology	: Clinical, microbiological, oncological and	
		forensic hematology	
		2.2: Clinical significance of Diagnostic Techniques	
		2.2.1 : Microscopic examination of blood: Blood	
		cancer (lymphoma, myeloma),	
		Infectious diseases (malaria, leishmaniasis),	
		Haemoglobinopathies (sickle cell anaemia, thalassemia)	
		2.2.2 : Coagulopathies: Haemophilia and purpura	
		2.2.3: Biochemical examination of blood:	
		Liver function tests: AST, ALT, LDH, Alkaline	

phosphatase, Total and direct bilirubin Kidney function test: Serum creatinine, Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) Carbohydrate metabolism tests: Blood sugar, Glucose tolerance test, Glycosylated hemoglobin test Other biochemical tests: Blood hormones - TSH, FSH, LH. III Basic 3.1.0 verview of Immunology 3.1.1 : Concept of immunity 3.1.2 : Innate immunity - Definition, factors affecting innate immunity, Mechanisms of innate immunity - First line of defense - physical and chemical barriers; Second line of defense - phagocytosis, inflammatory responses and fever 3.1.3 : Adaptive or Acquired immunity, Antibody mediated and cell mediated immunity, Antibody mediated and cell mediated immunity; Active Acquired immunity - Natural and Artificial; Passive Acquired immune system 3.2.1 : Cells of immune system - B cells, T cells and null cells, macrophages, dendritic cells and mast cells 3.2.2 : Organs of immune system 3.3.3 : Antigon of munue system - B cells, T cells and null cells, macrophages, dendritic cells and mast cells 3.3.2 : Antigonity and properties; haptens 3.4 : Antigonity and properties; haptens 3.4 : Antigonity and properties; haptens 3.5 : Antigonity and properties; haptens 3.5 : Antigonity and properties; haptens 3.5 : Endogenous antigens - cytosolic pathways 3.5.1: Endogenous antigens - cytosolic pathways 3.5.2: Exogenous antigens - cytosolic pat			1 1	
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4.2: Vaccines and Vaccination				
4.2.1 : Principles of vaccines - active and passive				
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immunization, Routes of vaccine administration			·	
4.2.2 : Classification of vaccines: Live attenuated				
Whole-Killed or inactivated			Whole-Killed or inactivated	

Sub-unit vaccines: Toxoids, Protein vaccines, Viral-like particles, DNA vaccines 4.2.3 : Adjuvants used for human vaccines: Virosomes and Liposomes Saponins Water-in-oil emulsions 4.2.4 : Vaccines against human pathogens: Polio Hepatitis A and B Tuberculosis (BCG) 4.3: Transplantation Immunology: Introduction to	
transplantation; Types of grafts; Immunologic basis of graft rejection: MHC compatibility in organ transplantation, Lymphocyte and Antibody mediated graft rejection; Precautionary measures against graft rejection.	

	PRACTICALS	
1.	Enumeration of Erythrocytes - Total Count.	
2.	Enumeration of Leucocytes - Total Count.	
3.	Differential count of Leucocytes.	
4.	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate by suitable method - Westergren or	
	Wintrobe method.	
5.	Estimation of hemoglobin by Sahli's acid haematin method.	
6.	Determination of serum LDH by using colorimeter / spectrophotometer.	
7.	Estimation of total serum/ plasma proteins by Folin's method.	
8.	Estimation of serum/ plasma total triglycerides by Phosphovanillin	
	method.	
9.	Latex agglutination test - Rheumatoid Arthritis.	
10.	Determination of bleeding and clotting time.	

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Human Physiology -Volume1; C.C. Chatterjee.
- 2. Essentials of Haematology; Shirish M. Kawthalkar; Jaypee Brothers.
- 3. Williams Hematology; Kenneth Kaushansky, Marshall A. Lichtman, E. Beutler, Thomas J. Kipps, Josef Prchal, Uri Seligsohn.
- 4. Essential Haematology; Victor Hoffbrand, Paul Moss, John Pettit. Rapid Review of Hematology; Ramadas Nayak; Jaypee Brothers.
- 5. Precise Haematology; Usha Rusia, Meera Sikka, Renu Saxena; Wiley India. Short Textbook of Haematology; Shah B.S.; C.B.S. Publisher and Distributor.
- 6. Mechanisms of Body Functions; Second Edition; Dexter M. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi;1978.
- 7. A Text book of Practical Physiology; First Edition; V.G. Ranade; A.V.G. Prakashan, Pune;1968.
- 8. Principles of Anatomy & Physiology; Thirteenth Edition; Gerard J. Tortora & Bryan Derrickson; Biological Science Textbooks, Inc.;2012.
- 9. Biochemistry; Fourth Edition; U. Satyanarayana & U. Chakrapani; Elsevier; 2013.
- 10. Medical Biochemistry; Fourth Edition; John Baynes & Marek Dominiczak; Saunders (Elsevier);2014.
- 11. Harrison's HematologyandOncology;3rd Edition (Harrison's Specialty); Dan Longo; McGraw-Hill.

- 12. Essentials of Haematology; Second Edition; Kawthalkar Shirish M.; Jaypee; 2013. Medical Biochemistry by C. Jaypee; 2012.
- 13. Essentials in Hematology and Clinical Pathology; Nayak, Ramadas. Clinical Pathology and Hematology; Maheshwari, Nanda; Jaypee.
- 14. Practical Hematology; Dacie J V; Churchill Livingstone;2006.
- 15. Lecture Notes: Haematology; Hatton, Chris S. R. Hughes-Jones, Nevin C. Hay, Deborah; Wiley-Blackwell. ABC series: ABC of Clinical Haematology; Provan; Drew Publisher: BMJ Books.
- 16. Principles of Anatomy& Physiology; Thirteenth Edition; Gerard J. Tortora & Bryan Derrickson; Biological Science Textbooks, Inc.;2012.
- 17. Immunology- Introductory Textbook; Shetty N.; New Age International; 2005.
- 18. Immunology-Essential and Fundamental; Pathak S., & Palan U.; Science Publishers; 2005.
- 19. Immunology: A textbook; Rao C.V.; Alpha Science Int'l Ltd.; 2005.
- 20. Anantha Narayan and Paniker's textbook of Microbiology; C. J. Panike r(Ed.); Anantha Narayan R.; Orient Blackswan;2005.
- 21. Textbook of Immunology; Haleem Khan, Rajendra Sagar, Sadguna.
- 22. Prescott's Microbiology; Ninth Edition; Joanne M. Willey, Linda M. Sherwood & Christopher
- 23. Immunology; Third Edition; Janis Kuby; W.H. Freeman;1997.
- 24. Kuby Immunology; Sixth Edition; Thomas J. Kindt, Richard A. Goldsby, Barbara Osborne & Janis Kuby; W.H. Freeman;2007.
- 25. Concepts in Biochemistry; Third Edition; Rodney Boyer; John Wiley & Sons, Inc.;2006.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Time. 2 hours			i iiiai iss.
Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.	1,2,3,4	12

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Histology, Toxicology, Pathology and Biostatistics
Course Code	USZO503 (Course-XIII)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	V
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Histology, Toxicology, Pathology and Biostatistics

- CO1 Learner would appreciate the well-planned organization of tissues and cells in the organ systems.
- CO2 The course will prepare learner to develop broad understanding of the different areas of toxicology.
- CO3 It will also develop critical thinking and assist students in preparation for employment in pharmaceutical industry and related areas.
- CO4 Learner will be familiar with various medical terminologies pertaining to pathological condition of the body caused due to diseases.
- CO5 The learner will be able to collect, organize and analyze data using parametric and non-parametric tests.
- CO6 -will also be able to setup a hypothesis and verify the same using limits of significance.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Mammalian	1.1 Vertical section (V.S.) of skin: Layers and cells of	15
	Histology	epidermis; papillary and reticular layers of dermis; sweat	
		glands, sebaceous glands and skin receptors	
		1.2 : Digestive System	
		1.2.1 : Vertical section (V.S.) of tooth; hard tissue -	
		dentine and enamel; soft tissue - dentinal pulp and	
		periodontal ligaments	
		1.2.2 : Transverse section (T.S.) of tongue - mucosal	
		papillae and taste buds	
		1.2.3 : Alimentary canal - Transverse section (T.S.) of	
		stomach, small intestine, large intestine of mammal.	
		1.2.4 : Glands associated with digestive system -	
		Transverse section (T.S.) of salivary glands, liver.	
II	Toxicology	2.1 Basic toxicology	15
		2.1.1 : Introduction to toxicology - brief history,	
		different areas of toxicology, principles and scope of	
		toxicology	
		2.1.2 : Toxins and Toxicants - Phytotoxins (caffeine,	
		nicotine), Mycotoxins (aflatoxins),	
		Zootoxins (cnidarian toxin, bee venom, scorpion venom,	
		snake venom)	
		2.1.3 : Characteristics of Exposure - Duration of	
		exposure, Frequency of exposure, Site of exposure and	
		Routes of exposure	
		2.1.4 : Types of Toxicity - Acute toxicity, Sub-acute	
		toxicity, Sub-chronic toxicity and Chronic toxicity	
		2.1.5 : Concept of LD50, LC50, ED50	
		2.1.6 : Dose Response relationship - Individual /	
		Graded dose response, Quantal dose response, shape of	
		dose response curves, Therapeutic index, Margin of	
		safety	

	T		
		2.1.7 : Dose translation from animals to human -	
		Concept of extrapolation of dose,	
		NOAEL (No Observed Adverse Effect Level), Safety	
		factor, ADI (Acceptable Daily Intake)	
		2.1.8 : Target organ toxicity:	
		Hepatotoxicity: susceptibility of the liver, types of	
		liver injury, examples of hepatotoxicants;	
		Neurotoxicity: vulnerability of nervous system,	
		examples of neurotoxicants; Nephrotoxicity:	
		susceptibility of kidney, examples of nephrotoxicants	
		2.2 Regulatory toxicology	
		2.2.1 : OECD guidelines for testing of chemicals (an	
		overview)	
		2.2.2 : CPCSEA guidelines for animal testing center,	
		ethical issues in animal studies	
		2.2.3: Animal models used in regulatory toxicology	
		studies	
		2.2.4: Alternative methods in toxicology (in vitro tests)	
III	General	3.1 General Pathology: Introduction and scope	15
111	Pathology	3.2: Cell injury : Mechanisms of cell injury: ischemic,	10
	1 athorogy	hypoxic, free radical mediated and chemical	
		3.3: Retrogressive changes: Definition, cloudy	
		swelling, degeneration: fatty, mucoid and amyloid	
		(causes and effects)	
		3.4: Disorders of pigmentation : Endogenous: Brief	
		ideas about normal process of pigmentation, melanosis,	
		jaundice (causes and effects)	
		3.5: Necrosis: Definition and causes; nuclear and	
		cytoplasmic changes; types: coagulative, liquefactive,	
		caseous, fat and fibroid	
		3.6: Gangrene : Definition and types - dry, moist and gas	
		gangrene	
IV	Biostatistics	4.1: Probability Distributions: Normal, Binomial,	15
1 7	Diostatistics	Poisson distribution, Z-transformation, p- value,	15
		Probability - Addition and multiplication rules and their	
		applications	
		4.2: Measures of Variation : Variance, standard	
		deviation, standard error	
		4.3: Testing of Hypothesis : Basic concepts, types of	
		hypothesis: Null hypothesis and Alternate hypothesis,	
		Levels of significance and testing of hypothesis	
		4.4: Parametric and non-parametric test: Parametric	
		tests: two-tailed Z-test and t-test Non-parametric test:	
		Chi-square test and its applications	
		4.5: Correlation: Correlation coefficient and its	
		significance	
		Significance	

	PRACTICALS	1.5 credits
1.	Study of mammalian tissues: V.S. of Tooth, T.S. of Stomach, T.S. of small	
	intestine, T.S. of Liver.	
2.	Microtomy: Tissue preservation and fixation, dehydration, infiltration,	
	paraffin embedding and block preparation, sectioning, staining.	
3.	Identification of diseases or conditions (from slides or pictures): Vitiligo,	
	Psoriasis, Bed sores, Necrosis, Oedema	
4.	To study the effect of CCl4 on the level of enzyme activity in liver on	
	aspartate and alanine amino transferase, alkaline phosphatase (in vitro	
	approach).	
5.	Study and interpretation of abnormal pathological reports: Blood (CBC),	
	Urine (Routine) and Stool (Routine).	
6.	Following biostatistics practicals will be done using data analysis tool of	
	Microsoft Excel (DEMONSTRATION in regular practicals) and manually:	
	a. Problems based on Z-test	
	b. Problems based on t-test	
	c. Problems based on Chi-square test	
	d. Correlation, regression analysis - demonstration only.	
	e. Problems based on ANOVA - demonstration only.	

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. A Textbook of Histology; Deshmukh Shivaji; Dominant Pub. Colour Textbook of Histology; Gartner, Leslie P.; Saunders. A Textbook of Histology; Mathur Ramesh; Anmol Pub.
- 2. A Textbook of Histology and A Practical Guide; Gunasegaran J. P.; Elsevier A Textbook of Histology; Khanna D. R.; Sonali Pub.
- 3. Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K. C. Ghose &Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book
- 4. Agency Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata; 1999.
- 5. Casarett and Doulls Toxicology-The basic science of poisons; Edited by Curtis Klaassen; McGraw-Hill; 2001.
- 6. Toxicological testing handbook Principles, applications and data interpretation; David Jacobson Kram and Kit Keller; CRC Press; 2006.
- 7. Principles and methods of toxicology; A. Wallace Hayes; CRC Press; 2007. Toxicology-principles and methods; M.A. Subramanian; MJP Publishers, Chennai; 2004.
- 8. Fundamentals of Toxicology; Kamleshwar Pandey and JP Shukla; New Central book Agency Ltd., Kolkata; 2011.
- 9. Elements of Toxicology; Kamleshwar Pandey and JP Shukla; Wisdom Press, New Delhi;2010.
- 10. Principles and Applications of Toxicology; Lahir Y.K.; Seekay Publications; 2013.
- 11. Essentials of Clinical Toxicology; Lall S.; Narosa Publishing House;1998.
- 12. A Textbook of Veterinary and General Pathology; Second edition; J. L. Vagad; IBDC Publishers.
- 13. Clinical Pathology; Guru G.; NCERT;1988.
- 14. Clinical Pathology; Batra Neelam; Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.; Nov.1982.
- 15. Essentials of General Pathology; Dr. Sudha Shivraj, Dr. Satish Kumar Amarnath, Dr. Sheela Devi; Exclusively distributed by CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 16. Textbook of Pathology; Harsh Mohan; Jaypee Publishers.
- 17. Biostatistics-The Bare Essentials; Third Edition; Geoffrey R. Norman, David L. Streiner; B.C. Decker, Inc., Hamilton; 2008.
- 18. Fundamentals of Biostatistics; Second Edition; Veer Bala Rastogi; Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New T.Y. B. Sc. Zoology (2023-24)

- Delhi;2009(Reprint2010).
- 19. Fundamentals of Biostatistics; Second Revised Edition; Irfan Ali Khanand Atiya Khanum; Ukaaz Publications, Hyderabad;2004.
- 20. Instant Medical Biostatistics; Dr. Ranjan Das and Dr. Papri N. Das; Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 2009.
- 21. Primer of Biostatistics; Fifth Edition; Stanton A. Glantz; McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.;2002.
- 22. Basic Biostatistics-Statistics for Public Health Practice; Second Edition; B. Burt Gerstman; Jones and Bartlett Learning Burlington; 2015.
- 23. Biostatistics-A Guide to Design, Analysis, and Discovery; Second Edition; Ronald N. Forthofer, Eun SulLee and Mike Hernandez; Elsevier, Inc., (Academic Press), USA; 2007.
- 24. Statistics in Biology and Psychology; Sixth Edition; Debajyoti Das and Arati Das; Academic Publishers, Kolkata.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours		Total marks: 60	
Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1.2.3.4	12

sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer

etc.

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Anatomy and Developmental Biology
Course Code	USZO504(COURSE-XIV)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	V
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Anatomy and Developmental Biology

- CO1- Learner will be able to understand the importance of various types of epidermal and derivatives along with their functions.
- CO2- Learner will be able to understand the structure, types and functions of human skeleton
- CO3- Learners will identify various arrangement soft hind limb muscle sand will relate the arrangement with contraction and motion.
- CO4 -Learner will be able to understand the processes involved in embryonic development and practical applications of studying the chick embryology.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Integumentary	1.1 Basic structure of integument: Epidermis and	15
	system and	dermis	
	derivatives	1.2: Epidermal derivatives of Vertebrates	
		1.2.1: Hair, hoof, horn, claw, teeth, beak and epidermal	
		scales (small scales, large scales, modified scales - spine)	
		1.2.2: Glands - types (mucous, serous, ceruminous,	
		poison, uropygial and salt gland) and functions	
		1.2.3: Type of feathers	
		1.3: Dermal derivatives of Vertebrates: Scales in fish;	
		scutes in reptiles and birds; dermal scales in mammals -	
		Armadillo, Antler - Caribou	
		1.4: Special derivatives of integument : Wart in toad,	
		rattle in snake, whale bone in baleen whale, kneepads in	
		camel.	
II	Human	2.1: Introduction : Bone structure (Histology), physical	
	Osteology	properties, chemical composition and general functions	
		of bones.	
		Cartilage: General structure, functions	
		2.2: Axial skeleton	
		2.2.1: Skull: General characteristics of skull bones -	
		Cranial and facial bones	
		2.2.2 : Vertebral column: General characteristics of a	
		vertebra, structure of different types of vertebrae	
		(cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacrum and coccyx)	
		2.2.3: Ribs and sternum: General skeleton of ribs and	
		sternum	
		2.2.4: Hyoid bone: Structure and function.	
		2.3: Appendicular skeleton	
		2.3.1: Pectoral girdle and bones of forelimbs	
III	Muscles of	2.3.2: Pelvic girdle and bones of hind limbs 3.1: Introduction and types of long limb muscles	15
1111	long bones of	3.1.1: Flexors, Extensor, Rotator, Abductors, Adductors	13
	Human limbs	3.2: Muscles of forelimbs	
	Tuman mmos	3.2.1: Muscles that move the arm (Humerus) - Triceps	
		brachii, Biceps brachii, brachialis and	
		oracini, Diceps oracini, oracinans and	

brachioradialis 3.2.2: Muscles that move the forearm (Radius-ulna) - Flexor carpi radialis, Flexor carpi ulnaris and Extensor carpi ulnaris 3.2.3: Muscles that move the wrist, hand and fingers - Flexor digitorium superficialis, Extensor carpi radialis and Extensor digitorum 3.3: Muscles of hindlimbs 3.3.1: Muscles that move the thigh (Femur) - Sartorius, Adductor group, Quadriceps group (Rectus femoris, Vastus lateralis, Vastus medialis), Hamstring group (Biceps femoris, Semimembranosus, Semitendinosus) 3.3.2 : Muscles that move the lower leg (tibia-fibula) - Fibularis longus, Gastrocnemius, Tibialis anterior, Soleus, Extensor digitorum longus and Fibularis tertius
Flexor carpi radialis, Flexor carpi ulnaris and Extensor carpi ulnaris 3.2.3: Muscles that move the wrist, hand and fingers - Flexor digitorium superficialis, Extensor carpi radialis and Extensor digitorum 3.3: Muscles of hindlimbs 3.3.1: Muscles that move the thigh (Femur) - Sartorius, Adductor group, Quadriceps group (Rectus femoris, Vastus lateralis, Vastus medialis), Hamstring group (Biceps femoris, Semimembranosus, Semitendinosus) 3.3.2: Muscles that move the lower leg (tibia-fibula) - Fibularis longus, Gastrocnemius, Tibialis anterior, Soleus, Extensor digitorum longus and Fibularis tertius
carpi ulnaris 3.2.3: Muscles that move the wrist, hand and fingers - Flexor digitorium superficialis, Extensor carpi radialis and Extensor digitorum 3.3: Muscles of hindlimbs 3.3.1: Muscles that move the thigh (Femur) - Sartorius, Adductor group, Quadriceps group (Rectus femoris, Vastus lateralis, Vastus medialis), Hamstring group (Biceps femoris, Semimembranosus, Semitendinosus) 3.3.2: Muscles that move the lower leg (tibia-fibula) - Fibularis longus, Gastrocnemius, Tibialis anterior, Soleus, Extensor digitorum longus and Fibularis tertius
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Soleus, Extensor digitorum longus and Fibularis tertius
3.3.3 : Muscles that move the ankle, foot and toes -
Tibialis anterior, Extensor digitorum, Longus and
Fibularis muscles
IV Developmental 4.1: Introduction to Developmental Biology: Basic 15
biology of concept and principles of developmental biology -
Chick morphogenesis, organogenesis, fate maps, cell adhesion,
cell affinity and cell differentiation.
4.2: Development of Chick embryo
4.2.1: Structure of Hen's egg, physico-chemical nature
and forms of yolk - granular, platelets and spheres;
fertilization, cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation
4.2.2: Structure of chick embryo - 18hours, 24 hours, 33
hours, 48 hours and 72 hours
4.2.3: Extra embryonic membranes
4.2.4: Organizer: Introduction, Spemann Mangold
experiment, Hensen's node as an organizer

	PRACTICALS	1.5 credits
1.	Study of integumentary systems - V. S. of Skin of Shark, Frog, Calotes,	
	Pigeon and Human	
2.	Study of Human Axial Skeleton - Skull (whole) and Vertebral column	
	(axis, atlas, typical cervical, typical thoracic, typical lumbar, sacrum,	
	coccyx)	
3.	Study of Human Appendicular Skeleton - Pectoral and pelvic girdle with	
	limb bones	
4	Study of muscles of forelimbs – Biceps brachii, Brachio radialis, Triceps	
	brachii, flexor carpi, flexor ulnaris and Extersor carpi ulnaris	
5.	Study of muscles of hind limbs - Sartorius, Adductor group,	
	Quadriceps group Rectus femoris, Vastus lateralis, Vastus medialis,	
	Hamstring group (Biceps femoris, Semimembranosus, Semitendinosus),	
	Fibularis longus, Gastrocnemius Tibialis anterior, Soleus, Extensor	
	digitorum longus, Fibularis tertius	

6.	Study of ontogeny of chick embryo using permanent slides - 18 hours, 24 hours, 33 hours, 48 hours and 72 hours.	
7.	Preparation of temporary mounting of chick embryo up to 48 hours of incubation.	

N.B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority / Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
 - 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
 - 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC) to ensure that no dissections or mountings are done using animals.

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener / Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College
- iv) One or two members of related department from neighbouring colleges.

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT /DISSECTION /MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORIZED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OT OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates; Ninth Edition; Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K.; The McGraw-HillCompanies;2000.
- 2. Textbook of Chordates; Saras publication. Modern textbook of Zoology; Prof. R. L. Kotpal.
- 3. Integumentary system and its derivatives; Samuel D. Hodge.
- 4. Atlas of Human Anatomy Vol. I; R.D. Sinelnikov; Mr. Publishers Moscow. A Guide of Osteology (for medical students); Prakash Kendra, Lucknow.
- 5. Human Osteology-Tim D White.
- 6. Text Book of Human Osteology- Singh Inderbir.
- 7. Mechanisms of Body Functions; Second Edition; Dexter M. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi;1978.
- 8. Human Anatomy-John W. Hole, Jr., Karen A. Koos, Publisher: W.C. Brown Publisher, USA.
- 9. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology-Gerard T. Tortora and Sandra Reynolds Grabowski. Publisher: Harpers Collins College Publishers (7thEdition).
- 10. Developmentalbiology-Gilbert.DevelopmentofChick-Patten.DevelopmentalBiology-Wolpert.
- 11. Textbook of Embryology-N. Arumugam.
- 12. Chicken Development-Embryology; W.H. Freeman &B. Bracegirdle.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

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Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer	1,2,3,4	12
	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Taxonomy - Chordates and Type Study
Course Code	USZO601 (Course-XV)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	VI
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Taxonomy - Chordates and Type Study

- CO1- Learners will get an idea of origin of Chordates, its taxonomy upto class with reference to phylogeny and their special features.
- CO2- Learners will understand the characteristic features and examples of class of Reptilia, Aves and Mammalia.
- CO3- Learners will get an idea of vertebrate animal life after studying one representative animal-shark.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Phylum	1.1 General characters, Difference between non-	15
	Chordata:	chordates and chordates	
	Group	Origin of chordates: Annelids as ancestors, Arachnids as	
	Protochordata	ancestors and affinities with Echinodermata	
	and Group	1.2: Protochordata	
	Euchordata I	1.2.1: General characters of Group Protochordata	
		1.2.2: Distinguishing characters of Subphylum	
		Urochordata and Cephalochordata	
		1.2.3: Subphylum Urochordata	
		Class Ascidiacea e.g. Herdmania	
		Class Thaliacea e.g. Salpa	
		Class Larvacea e.g. Oikopleura	
		1.2.4: Subphylum Cephalochordata	
		Class Leptocardii e.g. Branchiostoma	
		(Amphioxus)	
		1.3: Group Euchordata I	
		Group Euchordata: General characters	
		Subphylum Vertebrata: General characters	
		Division Agnatha and Gnathostomata:	
		Distinguishing characters.	
		General characters with examples of:	
		Class Ostracodermii e.g. Cephalaspis	
		Class Cyclostomata e.g. Petromyzon	
		(Lamprey)	
II	Group	2.2.1: Division: Gnathostomata	15
	Euchordata II	Superclass: Pisces and Tetrapoda	
		Superclass - Pisces: Distinguishing characters	
		Class Placodermi e.g. Climatius	
		Class Chondrichthyes e.g. Rhinobatos	
		(Guitar fish)	
		Class Osteichthyes e.g. Exocetus (Flying)	
		fish)	
		2.2.2: Dipnoi (Lungfish): Distribution, habit and	
		habitat, external and internal characters, affinities	
		with superclass Pisces, affinities and differences	

		with class Amphibia	
III	Group	3.1Class Reptilia: General characters	15
	Euchordata III	Examples	
		a. Extinct reptile e.g. Ichthyosaurus	
		b. Living fossil e.g. Sphenodon (Tuatara)	
		c. Aquatic reptile e.g. Chelonia (Sea turtle)	
		d. Arboreal reptile e.g. Chamaeleon(Chamaeleon)	
		3.2: Class Aves: General Characters Examples	
		a. Arboreal bird e.g. Melanerpes (Wood pecker)	
		b. Terrestrial bird e.g. Gallus (Fowl)	
		c. Swimming bird e.g. Phalacrocorax (Cormorant)	
		d. Wading bird e.gs. Ardeola (Heron)	
		e. Birds of prey e.g. Tyto (Owl)	
		f. Flightless birds e.g. Dromaius (Emu)	
		3.3 Class Mammalia: General characters Examples	
		a. Egg-laying mammals e.g. Ornithorhyncus	
		(Duck-billed platypus)	
		b. Pouched mammals e.g. Macropus (Kangaroo)	
		c. Insect eating mammals e.g. Sorex (Common shrew)	
		d. Toothless mammals e.g. Bradypus (Sloth)	
		e. Gnawing mammals e.g. Funambulus (Squirrel)	
		f. Primates e.g. Macaca (Monkey)	
IV	Type study:	4.1: Habit & habitat, distribution, external	15
	Shark	characters, classification and economic	
		importance.	
		4.2: Skin, exoskeleton, endoskeleton and systems	
		a) Digestive systemb) Respiratory system	
		c) Blood vascular system	
		d) Nervous system and receptor organs	
		e) Urinogenital system, copulation, fertilization	
		and development	
		and development	

	PRACTICALS	1.5 Credits
1.	Group Protochordata	
	Subphylum Urochordata	
	Class Larvacea e.g. Oikopleura (Sea squirt)	
	 Class Ascidiacea e.g. Ciona (Transparent Sea squirt) 	
	 Class Thaliacea e.g. Salpa (Common salp) 	
	Subphylum Cephalochordata	
	 Class Leptocardii e.g. Branchiostoma (Amphioxus) 	
	Subphylum Vertebrata: Division Agnatha	
	 Class Ostracodermi e.g. Pharyngolepis 	
	Class Cyclostomata e.g. Petromyzon (Lamprey)	
2.	Division Gnathostomata	
	Superclass Pisces:	
	Class Placodermi e.g. Bothriolepis	

Class Chondrichthyes e.g. Rhinobatos (Guitar fish), Chimaera (Rabbitfish) Class Osteichthyes e.g. Protopterus, Clarius (Catfish) Superclass Tetrapoda: • Class Amphibia e.g. Alytes (Midwife toad) and Triton (Salamander) • Class Reptilia e.g. Varanus (Monitor lizard) and Crocodylus (Crocodile) 3. Class Aves: Examples: Eudyptes (Penguin), Phoenicopterus (Flamingo) and Gyps (Vulture) 4. Class Mammalia: Examples: Dasyurus (Quoll), Petaurista (Flying squirrel) and Macaca (Monkey). Study of Shark with the help of diagram / Photograph / Simulation 5. whichever possible. No animal shall be dissected. a. Digestive system b. Heart and Aortic arches c. Urinogenital System d. Endoskeleton of shark: Axial - Skull and vertebral column i. Appendicular - Pelvic and pectoral fins, pelvic and ii. pectoral girdle Visit to fish market / Aquarium / Zoo/ National Park / Local Gardens / 6. Local available niche/ Sanctuaries / and such other places in Maharashtra and / or India and / or abroad to observe chordates and prepare a report. College may conduct more than one field visit for wide exposure, if feasible. However, at least one field visit should be such that it is affordable to every student.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Modern text book of Zoology Vertebrates; Professor R.L. Kotpal; Rastogi publication; Third Edition 2012.
- 2. Vertebrate Zoology for Degree students; V. K. Agarwal; S. Chand Publication; 2012. Fundamentals of Zoology, Dr. K. C. Ghosh and Dr. B. Manna, New Central book Agency
- 3. (P) Ltd.
- 4. Chordate Zoology Volume II, Prof. N. Arumogam. Saras Publication. Chordate Anatomy Mohan P. Arora, Himalaya Publishing House, First edition.
- 5. The life of Vertebrates; J.Z. Young; ELBS Oxford University Press; Third edition, 2006 Textbook of chordate Zoology, Vol. II, G.S. Sandhu, H. Bhaskar; Campus Book International, First edition, 2005.
- 6. Introduction to Zoology Vol II: K. K. Chaki, G. Kundu and S. Sarkar, New Crystal Book Agency.
- 7. URL for search on net: https://www.amazon.com/Protozoology-Susheel-Vilas- Nikam /dp/9350300044.
- 8. Chordate Zoology by E. L. Jordan and P. S. Verma, edition,2009, Chand publications. Chordate Zoology by P. S. Verma, edition,2009, Chand publications.

- 9. Modern Textbook of Zoology Vertebrates by R.L. Kotpal, edition Jan 2015, Rastogi publications.
- 10. Practical Zoology: Vertebrate, by S. S. Lal, 2015.
- 11. A Textbook of Invertebrate Zoology & Cell Biology, by V. S. Kanwate, A. N. Kulkarni *et al.* ed. Alka Prakashan.
- 12. The Animal Kingdom: An Elementary Textbook in Zoology; Specially Classified and Arranged for the Use of Science Classes, Schools and Colleges (Classic Reprint), by Ellis
- 13. Davidson, Sept. 2015, Publisher: Forgotten Book.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question No.	Options	Unit	Marks
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer etc.	1,2,3,4	12

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Physiology and Tissue Culture
Course Code	USZO602 (Course-XVI)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	VI
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Physiology and Tissue Culture

- CO1 The learner shall understand fundamentals of enzyme structure, action and kinetics.
- CO2 The learner shall appreciate the enzyme assay procedures and the therapeutic applications of enzymes.
- CO3 The learner shall comprehend the adaptive responses of animals to environmental changes for their survival.
- CO4 The learner shall understand the types and secretions of endocrine glands and the functions.
- CO5 -The learner shall understand the significance of tissue culture as a tool in specialized areas of research.
- CO6 The learner will appreciate its applications in various industries.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
Ι	Enzymology	1.1 Introduction and Nomenclature: Definition;	15
		concept of activation energy; nomenclature and	
		classification (based on IUB - Enzyme	
		Commission) of enzymes; chemical nature of	
		enzyme, co-factors and co-enzymes	
		1.2 Enzyme Action and Kinetics: Mechanism;	
		Factors affecting enzyme activity-substrate, pH and	
		temperature. Derivation of Michaelis-Menten	
		equation and Lineweaver-Burk plot; Concept and	
		significance of Km, Vmax and Kcat	
		1.3 Enzyme Inhibition: Competitive and non-	
		competitive inhibitors and their kinetics;	
		therapeutic applications of enzyme inhibitors.	
		1.4 Regulation of Enzyme Activity: Allosteric	
		regulation and regulation by covalent	
		modification of enzymes; Isozymes (LDH)	
		1.5 Industrial applications of enzymes : Food and	
		detergents	
II	Homeostasis	2.1 Homeostasis	15
		2.1.1: External and internal environment; Acclimation	
		and acclimatization	
		2.1.2: Body clock-Circadian	
		&Diurnal rhythm	
		2.2: Thermoregulation	
		2.2.1: Endothermy and ectothermy	
		Temperature balance: Heat production shivering and	
		non-shivering thermogenesis; brown fat,	
		mechanisms of heat loss	
		2.2.2: Adaptive response to temperature-daily torpor,	
		hibernation, aestivation	
		2.3: Osmotic and Ionic Regulation	
		2.3.1: Living in hypo-osmotic, hyper-osmotic and	
		terrestrial environment-Water absorption, salt water	
		ingestion and salt excretion, salt glands, metabolic	
		water	

		2.3.2: Role of kidney in ionic regulation	
III	Endocrinology	3.1 General organization of mammalian endocrine	15
		system	
		3.2 Hormones: Classification, properties, mechanism of	
		hormone action	
		3.3 Histology, functions and disorders of the following	
		endocrine glands: Pituitary, Thyroid, Parathyroid,	
		Pancreas, Adrenal	
IV	Animal Tissue	4.1 Aseptic techniques	15
	Culture	4.1.1: Sterilization-basic principles of sterilization,	
		importance of sterility in cell culture	
		4.1.2: Sterile handling-swabbing, capping, flaming,	
		handling bottles and flasks, pipetting, pouring	
		4.2 Culture media	
		4.2.1: Types of media-Natural and Artificial media.	
		4.2.2: Balanced Salt Solutions	
		4.2.3: Complete Media amino acids, vitamins, salts,	
		glucose, oxygen supplements, hormones and growth	
		factors, antibiotics	
		4.2.4: Factors influencing cell culture-surface tension	
		and foaming, viscosity, temperature, osmolality, pH,	
		CO2, bicarbonate and O2	
		4.3: Advantages of tissue culture-control of the	
		environment, in vitro modeling of in vivo	
		conditions	
		4.4: Limitations of tissue culture	
		4.5 Culture techniques	
		4.5.1: Preparation of cells / organs for culture	
		4.5.2: Cover slip, Flask and Tube culture	
		4.5.3: Primary and established cell lines	
		4.5.4: Hybridoma technology	

	PRACTICALS	1.5 Credits
1	Effect of varying pH on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase.	
2	Effect of varying enzyme concentration on activity of enzyme Acid	
	Phosphatase.	
3	Effect of varying substrate concentration on activity of enzyme Acid	
	Phosphatase.	
4	Effect of inhibitor on the activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase.	
5	Separation of LDH isozymes by agarose/polyacrylamide gel	
	electrophoresis.	
6	Histology of endocrine glands: T. S. of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid,	
	pancreas, adrenal.	
7	Instruments for tissue culture-Autoclave Millipore filter, CO2incubator,	
	Laminar air-flow. (Principle and use).	
8	Packaging of glassware for tissue culture.	
9	Aseptic transfer techniques.	·
10	Trypsinization and vital staining using Trypan blue stain.	

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Comparative Animal Physiology; Knut Schmidt Nielson; Cambridge Press. Comparative Animal Physiology; Prosser and Brown.
- 2. Comparative Animal Physiology; William S Hoar.
- 3. Text book of Comparative Physiology; R Nagabhushanam, M S Kodarkar, Sarojini R. India Book House Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Animal Physiology; N. Arumugam, A. Mariakuttikan; Saras Publication. Text book of Endocrinology; Williams.
- 5. Textbook of Endocrinology Hardcover; Dharmalingam; 2010. Endocrinology; 6th Edition; Mac Hadley, Jon E. Levine.
- 6. Bailey's textbook of histology Hardcover; Frederick R Bailey.
- 7. Mechanisms of Body Functions; Second Edition; Dexter M. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 1978.
- 8. Culture of animal cells A manual of basic technique; R. Ian Freshney; John Wiley and Sons Publications; 2005.
- 9. Basic cell culture A practical approach; J. M. Davis; Oxford University Press; Indian edition; 2005.
- 10. Animal cell culture Biotechnology Series: Vol.1; Bina Mishra, B. P. Mishra, Pran P. Bhat, P.N. Bhat; Studium Press (India) Pvt. Ltd; 2011.
- 11. Animal cell culture Concept and Applications; Shweta Sharma; Oxford book Company; 2012.
- 12. Biotechnology of Animal Tissues; Dr. P. R. Yadav and Dr. Rajiv Tyagi; Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi; 2006.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3,4	12
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer		
	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Genetics and Bioinformatics
Course Code	USZO603 (Course-XVII)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	VI
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Genetics and Bioinformatics

- CO1- Learner shall get an insight into the intricacies of chemical and molecular processes that affect genetic material.
- CO2- The course shall prepare learner to recognize the significance of molecular biology as abasis for the study of other areas of biology and biochemistry.
- CO3- Learner shall understand related areas in relatively new fields of genetic engineering and biotechnology.
- CO4- The learner shall get acquainted with the vast array of techniques used to manipulate genes which can be applied in numerous fields like medicine, research, etc. for human benefit.
- CO5- The learner shall become aware of the impact of changes occurring at gene level on human health and its diagnosis.
- CO6- Learner shall become aware of the computational point of view of studying the genomes.

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
Ι	Molecular	1.1 Types of mutation	15
	Biology	1.1.1: Point mutations-substitution, deletion and	
		insertion mutations Substitution mutations- silent,	
		missense and nonsense mutations, transition and	
		transversion Deletion and Insertion mutations-	
		frameshift mutations	
		1.1.2: Trinucleotide repeat expansions - fragile X	
		syndrome, Huntington disease	
		1.1.3: Spontaneous mutation - tautomeric shifts, spontaneous lesions	
		1.2: Induced mutations	
		1.2.1: Physical agents:	
		Ionizing radiation (X-rays, α , β and γ rays) Non-ionizing	
		radiation (UV light)	
		1.2.2: Chemical agents:	
		Base analogs (5-bromouracil) Intercalating agents	
		(ethidium bromide) Deaminating agents (nitrous acid)	
		Hydroxylating agents (hydroxylamine) Alkylating	
		agents (mustard gas) Aflatoxin (aflatoxin B1)	
		1.3 Preventative and repair mechanisms for DNA	
		damage	
		1.3.1: Mechanisms that prevent DNA damage-	
		superoxide dismutase and catalase	
		1.3.2: Mechanisms that repair damaged DNA-	
		direct DNA repair (alkyl transferases, photo-	
		reactivation, excision repair	
		1.3.3: Post replication repair-recombination repair, mismatch repair, SOS repair	
		1.4 Eukaryotic gene expression	
		1.4.1: Regulatory protein domains - zinc fingers,	
		helix-turn-helix domain and leucine zipper	
		1.4.2: DNA methylation	

II	Genetic	2.1 Tools in Genetic Engineering	15
	Engineering	2.1.1: Enzymes involved in Genetic Engineering:	10
	Engineering	Introduction, nomenclature and types of restriction	
		enzymes with examples, Ligases- <i>E. coli</i> DNA ligase,	
		T4 DNA ligase, polynucleotide kinase, phosphatases,	
		DNA polymerases, reverse transcriptase, terminal	
		transferase	
		2.1.2: Vectors for gene cloning: General properties,	
		advantages and disadvantages of cloning vectors-	
		plasmid vectors (pBR322), phage vectors (λ Phage),	
		cosmid vectors(c2XB)	
		2.1.3: Cloning techniques: Cloning after restriction	
		digestion - blunt and cohesive end ligation, creation of	
		restriction sites using linkers and adapters, cloning	
		after homopolymer tailing, cDNA synthesis (Reverse	
		transcription), genomic and cDNA libraries	
		2.2: Techniques in Genetic Engineering	
		2.1.1: PCR techniques: Principle of polymerase chain	
		reaction (PCR), Applications of PCR	
		2.2.2: Sequencing techniques: DNA sequencing:	
		Maxam-Gilbert method, Sanger's method Protein	
		sequencing: Sanger's method, Edman's method	
		Applications of sequencing techniques	
		2.2.3: Detection techniques: Blotting Techniques-	
		Southern blotting, Northern blotting and Western	
		blotting Applications of blotting techniques	
III	Human	3.1 Non-disjunction during mitosis and meiosis	15
	Genetics	3.1.1: Chromosomal Aberrations: Structural: Deletion:	10
	Genetics	types, effects and disorders; Translocation: types:	
		Robertsonian and non-Robertsonian disorders;	
		Inversion: types, effect and significance;	
		Duplication and their evolutionary significance	
		(multigene families)	
		Numerical: Aneuploidy and Polyploidy (Auto	
		polyploidy and Allo polyploidy)	
		3.2 Genetic Disorders	
		3.2.1: Inborn Errors of Metabolism:	
		Phenylketonuria, G-6-PD deficiency,	
		Alkaptonuria, Albinism	
		3.2.2 Single gene mutation: Cystic fibrosis	
		3.2.3: Multifactorial: Breast Cancer	
		3.2.4: Uniparental Disomy: Angelman Syndrome and	
		Prader – Willi Syndrome	
		3.3: Diagnosis	
		3.3.1: Prenatal Diagnosis: Amniocentesis and	
		Chorionic villus sampling, Banding techniques (G, C,	
		Q), FISH, Protein truncation test (PTT)	
		3.3.2: Genetic counselling	

IV	Bioinformatics	4.1 Introduction	15
		4.1.1: Introduction to Bioinformatics and	
		Bioinformatics web resource (NCBI, EBI, OMIM,	
		PubMed)	
		4.1.2: Applications of Bioinformatics	
		4.2 Databases - Tools and their uses	
		4.2.1: Biological databases;	
		Primary sequence databases: Nucleic	
		acid sequence databases (GenBank,	
		EMBLEBI, DDBJ) Protein sequence databases (Uni	
		ProtKB, PIR)	
		Secondary sequence databases	
		Derived databases - PROSITE, BLOCKS Structure	
		databases and bibliographic databases	
		4.3: Sequence alignment methods	
		4.3.1: BLAST, FASTA	
		4.3.2: Types of sequence alignment (Pairwise &	
		Multiple sequence alignment)	
		4.3.3 Significance of sequence alignment	
		4.4 Predictive applications using DNA and protein	
		sequences	
		4.4.1: Evolutionary studies: Concept of	
		phylogenetic tree, convergent and parallel	
		evolution	
		4.4.2: Pharmacogenomics: Discovering a drug:	
		Target identification	
		4.4.3: Protein Chips and Functional Proteomics:	
		Different types of protein chip (detecting and	
		quantifying), applications of Proteomics	
		4.4.4: Metabolomics: Concept and applications	

	PRACTICALS	1.5
		credits
1.	Quantitative Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method.	
2.	Quantitative Estimation of DNA by Diphenyl amine method.	
3.	Separation of Genomic DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis.	
4.	Colorimetric estimation of proteins from given sample by Folin-Lowry's	
	method.	
5.	Problems based on Restriction endonucleases.	
6.	Karyotype (Idiogram) analysis for the following syndromes with	
	comments on numerical and /or structural variations in chromosomes (no	
	cutting of chromosomes):	
	a. Turner's syndrome	
	b. Klinefelter's syndrome	
	c. Down's syndrome	
	d. Cri-du-chat syndrome	
	e. D-G translocation	

	f. Edward's syndrome	
	g. Patau's syndrome	
7.	Interpretation of genetic formulae: Deletion, duplication, inversion and	
	translocation.	
8.	Calculation of mitotic index from the photograph or stained preparation	
	of onion root tip or cancer cells.	
9.	Explore BLAST for nucleotide sequence comparison.	
10.	Explore the databases (Nucleotide, Protein) at NCBI for query in a	
	nucleotide or protein sequence.	
11.	Exploring bibliographic database PubMed for downloading a research	
	paper on subject of interest with the use of operators.	

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Genetics The continuity of life; Daniel Fairbanks and Ralph Andersen; Brooks/ Cole Publishing Company; 1999.
- 2. Introduction to Molecular Biology; Peter Paolella; Tata McGraw Hill; 2010. Molecular Biology; David Freifelder; Narosa Publishing House; 2008.
- 3. i Genetics A Molecular Approach; Third Edition; Peter J. Russell; Pearson Education, Inc. (Benjamin Cummings), San Francisco; 2010.
- 4. Genetics; M.W. Farnsworth; Harper and Row Publishers, Inc., USA; 1978.
- 5. Principles of Genetics; Eighth Edition; Gardner, Simmons and Snustad; John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pte. Ltd., Singapore; 2002.
- 6. The Science of Genetics An Introduction to Heredity; Fourth Edition; George W. Burns;
- 7. Molecular cloning; Joseph Sambrook, David William Russell; Third Edition; CSHL Press; 2001.
- 8. Gene Cloning An Introduction; Brown. T.A; Fourth Edition; Wiley-Blackwell; 2011. Recombinant DNA Genes and Genomes- A short course; 3rd Edition; Watson, J.D., Myers, R.M., Caudy A., Witkowski, J.K.; Freeman and Co. NY; 2007.
- 9. Principles Of Gene Manipulation & Genomics; Primrose SB and R. Twyman; Blackwell Science Publications; 2006.
- 10. Microbiology; Fifth Edition; Pelczar, M.J. et al; Tata McGraw-Hill Co., New Delhi; 2001. Introduction to Protein Structure; Second Edition; Branden C. and Tooze J.; Garlan
- 11. Publishing; 1999.
- 12. Genetic engineering Principles and Practice; Sandhya Mitra; Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 13. Biotechnology Fundamentals and Applications; Third Enlarged Edition; S.S. Purohit; Student Edition, Jodhpur; 2005.
- 14. Cell and Molecular Biology; Eighth Edition; E.D.P. De Robertis, E.M.F. De Robertis Jr.; Info-Med Ltd.; 1988.
- 15. Genetics (Bios Instant Notes); Third Edition; G.I. Hickey, H.L. Fletcher and P. Winter; Taylor and Francis Group, New York; 2007.
- 16. Genetics A Conceptual Approach; Third Edition; Benjamin A. Pierce; W.H. Freeman and Company, New York; 2008.
- 17. Human Molecular Genetics; Fourth Edition; Tom Strachan and Andrew Read; Garland Science, USA; 2011.
- 18. Genetics; M.W. Farnsworth; Harper and Row Publishers, Inc., USA; 1978. Human Genetics An Overview; Alice Marcus; Narosa Publishing House; 2010.

- 19. Bioinformatics Concepts, Skills, and Applications; S.C. Rastogi & others; CBS Publishing; 2003.
- 20. Bioinformatics A practical guide to analysis of Genes & Proteins; Andreas D Baxevanis & B F Francis; John Wiley; 2000.
- 21. Bioinformatics; 1st Edition; C S V Murthy; Himalaya Publishing House; 2003. Bioinformatics sequence and genome analysis; David W. Mount; Cold spring Harbor Laboratory Press; 2004.
- 22. Molecular Evolution: A Phylogenetic Approach; Roderick D.M. Page, Dr Edward C. Holmes; Well Publishing; 1998.
- 23. Proteomics From Protein Sequence to Function; 12 S. R. Pennington, M. J. Dunn; First edition; Springer publications; 2001.
- 24. Metabolomics A Powerful Tool in Systems Biology; Jens Hřiriis Nielsen, Michael C. Jewett; Springer; 2007.
- 25. Understanding Bioinformatics; Marketa Zvelebil and Jeremy O. Baum; Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group); 2008.
- 26. Bioinformatics Computing The complete practical guide to bioinformatics for life scientists; Bryan Bergeron; Eastern Economy Edition; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi: 2003.
- 27. Bioinformatics; Prakash S. Lohar; MJP Publishers, Chennai; 2009.
- 28. Introduction to Bioinformatics; First Edition; S. Sundara Rajan and R. Balaji; Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai; 2002.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

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Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3,4	12
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate		
	answer etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

(B)

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(C) External (Semester end practical examination)

(D)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T. Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Environmental Biology and Zoo pharmacognosy
Course Code	USZO604 (Course-XVIII)
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B. Sc.
Semester	VI
No of Credits	4
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Core
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Environmental Biology and Zoo pharmacognosy

- CO1- Learner will understand the different factors affecting environment, its impact and environment management laws.
- CO2- Learner will be able to understand various methods for wildlife conservation.
- CO3- Learner will be able to apply knowledge to overcome the issues related to wildlife conservation and management.
- CO4- Learner will understand the paradigms of discovery and commercialization of biological resources and knowledge gained from self-medication observed in animals.
- CO5-The learners will become acquainted with how and why different animal species are distributed around the globe.

Curriculum:

Curricı Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
I	Environment	1.1 Natural resources and their Classification	15
	management	1.1.1: Forest resources, water resources (surface and	
	G	ground) and mineral resources	
		1.1.2: Energy resources: renewable (solar, tidal,	
		wind, biofuel) and non-renewable resources (coal,	
		petroleum oil, natural gas)	
		1.2: Exploitation and Modification of Natural	
		Resources: Impact on climate, flora and fauna	
		1.3: Waste Management	
		1.3.1: Technologies in solid waste management:	
		a) Traditional methods for solid waste management:	
		Composting, Incineration, Landfill Recycling,	
		Windrow composting	
		b) Modern methods for solid waste management:	
		Anaerobic digestion, ethanol production, bio-	
		drying, pyrolysis, Up-flow anaerobic sludge blanket	
		(UASB) technology, waste autoclave	
		1.3.2: e-waste and hazardous waste (biological,	
		chemical, medical and nuclear) management	
		1.4: Water management	
		1.4.1: Rain water harvesting: Definition ways of	
		harvesting, components, model of rain water	
		harvesting: Rural and Urban, Advantages and	
		disadvantages	
		1.4.2: Watershed management: Definition, need and	
		objectives, classification (mini, micro, mili, sub-	
		watershed, macro-watershed), Watershed management	
		practices: Contour, gully control, stone bunds. Growing	
		greenery and integrated watershed approach (IWA).	
		1.4.3: Case study: Ice-stupa artificial glaciers by Sonam	
		Wangchuk	
		1.4.4: Effluent treatment, recycling plants, control and	
,		treatment of sewage water.	
		1.5: Acts and Rules of Environment Management	
		1.5.1: Environment Protection Act- 1986, Air	
		(Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act-1981,	

	1	T	
		Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act-	
		1974	
		1.5.2: Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling)	
		Rules-1989	
		1.5.3: EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment)	
		1.5.4: Role of Central and State Government (Pollution	
		Control Board) and NGOs	
II	Wildlife	2.1 Habit, Habitat, Territory and Niche of Wild	15
	Management	Animals: Herbivores, carnivores, solitary, social	
		(flock, pod, community), pack and herd, types of	
		habitats and territories, niche concept	
		2.2: Threats to Wildlife	
		2.2.1: Poaching and hunting, deforestation,	
		encroachment, competition (intra-specific and inter-	
		specific), overgrazing and climate change, diseases	
		(zoonosis and reverse zoonosis)	
		2.2.2: Tourism and human animal conflict	
		2.3: Wildlife Conservation	
		2.3.1: Techniques and methods used for wildlife census:	
		Aerial counts, camera trap, line transect census and	
		track surveys, capture mark recapture method, wildlife	
		radio telemetry	
		2.3.2: Forest management, policies and Acts:	
		Harvesting Trees, Thinning harvest, Clear cut	
		Harvest, Shelterwood harvest, Seed tree harvest,	
		Group selection harvest, Single-tree selection	
		harvest, Prescribed burning, Reforestation	
		Forestpolicy1894, 1952,1988;	
		The Indian ForestAct,1927; Forest (Conservation) Act,	
***	D	1980	
III	Bioprospecting		15
	and Zoo	3.1.1: Traditional and modern bioprospecting,	
	pharmacognosy	economic value of bioprospecting	
		3.1.2: Bioprospecting and conservation, advantages	
		and disadvantages	
		3.2: Zoo pharmacognosy	
		3.2.1: Definition and types	
		3.2.2: Self-medication and its mechanism	
		3.2.3: Methods of self-medication through:	
		a) Ingestion-ants and mammals	
		b) Geophagy-invertebrates and birds	
		c) Absorption and adsorption	
		3.2.4: Applications - Social and trans-generational	
		aspects of insects, birds and mammals	
TX7	Zoogoographs	3.2.5: Contribution to human medicines	15
IV	Zoogeography	4.1: Introduction: Plate tectonics and continental drift	15
		theory 4.2. Animal Distribution and Reguiers	
		4.2: Animal Distribution and Barriers	
		4.2.1: Isolating Mechanisms	

4.2.2: Patterns of animal distribution-continuous,	
discontinuous and bipolar	
4.2.3: Barriers of distribution-Topographic, climatic,	
vegetative, large water masses, landmass, lack of	
salinity and special characteristic habit (homing	
instinct).	
4.2.4: Means of dispersal-land bridges, natural	
rafts and driftwood, favouring gales, migration by	
host, accidental transportation and by human	
agencies	
4.3: Zoogeographical Realms: Palearctic,	
Ethiopian, Oriental, Australian, Neotropical,	
Nearctic and Antarctic	

	PRACTICALS	1.5 Credits
1.	Estimation of phosphates from sample water.	
2.	Estimation of BOD from sample water.	
3.	Estimation of COD from sample water.	
4.	Estimation of Nitrates from sample water.	
5.	Estimation	
	ofacidityandalkalinityofsamplewaterbymethylorangeandphenolphthaleini	
	ndicator.	
6.	Comparative study of sound intensity in different places by Decibel meter.	
7.	Study of bioprospecting:	
	Tumour suppression compounds e.g. Sponge.	
	Skin erythema treatment from gel- <i>Aloe vera, Aloe ferox</i> .	
8.	Study of Zoo pharmacognosy in ants, cats, elephants and dogs.	
9.	Indicate the distribution of fauna in the world map with respect to its realm	
	and comment on the pattern of distribution.	
	a. Palearctic: Giant Panda and Japanese Macaque	
	b. Ethiopian: Common ostrich and African bush elephant	
	c. Oriental: Indian one-horned Rhinoceros and Gharial	
	d. Australian: Platypus and Red Kangaroo	
	e. Neotropical: Guanaco and South American Tapir	
	f. Nearctic: Virginia opossum and Sea otter	
	g. Antarctic: Emperor Penguin and Antarctic Minke Whale	
10.	Excursion (Study tour / Visit) to Zoo / Sanctuary / National Park / Research	
	institute, etc. and submit a report. College may conduct more than one field	
	visit for wide exposure, if feasible. However, at least one field visit should	
	be such that it is affordable to every student.	

N.B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority / Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
 - 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and

2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC) to ensure that no dissections or mountings are done using animals.

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener / Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College
- iv) One or two members of related department from neighbouring colleges.

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT /DISSECTION /MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORIZED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1. Essentials of Environmental Science; N. Vasudevan; Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi 110002.
- 2. Environmental Biology; P.S Verma, V.K Agarwal; S. Chand & company Ltd. New Delhi 110055.
- 3. A textbook of Environmental Science; Arvind Kumar; A P H Publishing Corporation, New Delhi 110002.
- 4. Environmental Biotechnology Basic Concepts and Application; Indu Shekhar Thakur; I.
- 5. K. International Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi 110016.
- 6. Text book of environmental science; S. C.Santra. Wildlife management; Rajesh Gopal.
- 7. Wildlife Management and Conservation Contemporary Principles and Practices; Paul R. Krausman and James W. Cain III.
- 8. Wildlife Ecology, Conservation, and Management; John M. Fryxell, Anthony R. E. Sinclair, Graeme Caughley.
- 9. Molecular Biotechnology Principles and Practices; Channarayappa. Biotechnology P. K. Gupta.
- 10. Biotechnology B. D. Singh.
- 11. Biotechnology Fundamentals & Applications S. S. Purohit. Pharmacognosy and Pharmaco biotechnology- Ashutosh Kar. Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy Evans, W.C. Pharmacognosy Kokate, C. K. A. and Purohit, A.P.
- 12. Practical Pharmacognosy- Gokhale, S. B. and Kokate, C. K. Text book of Pharmacognosy; T. E. Wallis.
- 13. Zoogeography The Geographical Distribution of Animals; Philip J. Darlington JR;
- 14. Academic Publishers, Kolkata Animal Geography Newbegin. Vertebrate Paleontology Romer
- 15. Ecological animal geography- Allee, Park and Schmidt.
- 16. Zoogeography of India and South East Asia Dr. S. K. Tiwari; CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi; 1985.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 % 40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours	Total marks: 60
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Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer	1,2,3,4	12
	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.



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R. P. GOGATE COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE AND R.V. JOGALEKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, RATNAGIRI (AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC accredited 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Ratnagiri-415612 (Maharashtra-India)

Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.) Programme

Program: T.Y.B. Sc. Course: Fishery Biology (Applied Component)

Syllabus for Semester III & IV

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

To be implemented from Academic Year 2023-2024

PREAMBLE:

Welcome to the exciting world of Fishery Biology at the T. Y. B. Sc. (Third Year Bachelor of Science) level! This syllabus has been thoughtfully crafted to cater to the unique coastal environment and rich aquatic resources surrounding Gogate College, Ratnagiri, a coastal district in Maharashtra. Our program aims to equip you with the knowledge and practical skills required to understand, manage, and sustainably utilize the diverse aquatic ecosystems of this region.

Gogate College, situated in the heart of a coastal district, is uniquely positioned to offer an applied component of Fishery Biology that draws from the local marine and freshwater environments. The study of fishery biology here takes on special significance as it directly contributes to the conservation and management of the region's aquatic resources, which play a vital role in the livelihoods of local communities and the overall health of our coastal ecosystems.

Throughout this course, you will explore various aspects of fishery biology, including the biology and ecology of fish and other aquatic organisms, fisheries management, aquaculture techniques, and the sustainable use of aquatic resources. You will gain hands-on experience in collecting data from local aquatic ecosystems, analysing it, and using the information to make informed decisions about fisheries and conservation.

As a student of Fishery Biology at Gogate College, you have a unique opportunity to connect classroom learning with real-world challenges. Your education will extend beyond the four walls of the classroom as you engage in fieldwork, interact with local stakeholders, and contribute to the sustainable management of the region's fisheries and aquatic biodiversity.

This syllabus is designed to empower you with the knowledge and skills needed to pursue careers in fisheries management, marine conservation, aquaculture, research, and more. It is our hope that you will become ambassadors for responsible and sustainable fisheries practices, contributing to the long-term health and prosperity of the coastal communities in Ratnagiri and beyond.

As you embark on this academic journey, remember that the coastal waters of Ratnagiri hold a wealth of opportunities and knowledge waiting to be discovered. Embrace this unique learning experience, immerse yourself in the rich marine environment, and let your studies in Fishery Biology be a source of inspiration and stewardship for the aquatic ecosystems of this remarkable coastal region.

Best wishes for your academic and practical endeavours in Fishery Biology at Gogate College, Ratnagiri.

Chairperson, BOS in Zoology, Gogate Jogalekar College, Ratnagiri.

Syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. Course: ZOOLOGY Applied Component Fishery Biology

Credit Based Semester and Grading System (To be implemented from the Academic Year 2023-2024)

SEMESTER - V

COURSE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES
CODE				/WEEK
USACFBIO501	I	Oceanography	2	1
	II	Crafts and Gear		1
	III	Farming of major carps		1
	IV	Quality control and packaging		1
			2	4
USACFBIO501		Practicals based on all four	1	4
		courses		
	Total N	Number of Credits and Workload	3	8

SEMESTER - VI

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES /WEEK
USZO501	I	Marine Fin-fish of India	2	1
	II	Nutrition		1
	III	Diseases		1
	IV	By-products and Value-Added		1
		Products		
			2	4
USZOP05		Practicals based on all four	1	4
		courses		
	Total 1	Number of Credits and Workload	3	8

Syllabus for (T.Y.B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Oceanography, Aquaculture Practices, Marketing and Finance
Course Code	USACFBIO501
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	05
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Applied Component
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Oceanography, Aquaculture Practices, Marketing and Finance Course Outcomes:

CO1-Learner shall understand and learn about the use of sea safety, navigational equipments and oceanographic instruments

CO2- Learner shall understand basic physical, chemical and biological oceanography

CO3-Learner shall comprehend boat building techniques and design of engines used in mechanized boats

CO4-Learner will gain knowledge about the postmortem changes, spoilage mechanisms and methods involved in evaluating the freshness and quality of fishes and prawns / shrimps

CO5-Learner shall comprehend the value of maintaining and taking sanitary precautions during the processing and packaging operations

CO6- Learner shall understand the operations of various types of nets and fishing method learner shall understand breeding techniques, hatchery and management of fin- fish and shell fishes

Curriculum:

Unit	Title	Learning Points	No of
			Lectures
1.	Oceanography	1.1 Navigational and sea safety equipments	15
		i) Life saving devices	
		ii) Global Positioning System (GPS)	
		iii) Rudder	
		iv) Signaling devices	
		1.2 Oceanographic Instruments	
		i) Niskin water sampler	
		ii) Peterson's grab	
		iii) Dredges	
		iv) Fish finding instruments / Methods	
		v) Remote sensing	
		1.3 Introduction to basic physical, chemical and	
		biological oceanography	
2.	Crafts and Gear	2.1 Basic boat building (parts, design, material used),	15
		methods of protection from fouler and borers	
		2.2 Basic studies of marine engines:	
		i) Outboard and Inboard Engines	
		ii) Sectional View of 2-stroke and 4-stroke Diesel	
		engines	
		iii) Winch and Deck Side Equipment	
		2.3 Operations:	
		i) Gill, Trawl, Purse seine Nets	
		ii) Hooks and Lines	
		iii) Non-conventional Fishing Methods such as	
		• Light Fishing	
		• Hose Pipe Fishing	
2	T	• Electric Fishing	1.5
3.	Farming of	3.1 Breeding techniques of major carps and common	15
	major carps	carp	

	1		
		3.2 Hatchery and nursery management of:	
		• Major carps:	
		i) IMCs: Labeo rohita (Rohu), Catla catla (Catla),	
		Cirrhinus mrigala (Mrigal)	
		ii) Exotic carps: Hypophthalmichthys molitrix (Silver	
		carp), Ctenopharyngodon idella (Grass carp)	
		iii) Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)	
		3.3 Mono-culture and polyculture practices:	
		i) Extensive	
		ii) Semi-intensive	
		iii) Intensive	
4.	Quality control	6.1 Post mortem changes and mechanism of spoilage:	15
	and packaging	i) Hyperaemia	
		ii) Rigor mortis	
		iii) Autolysis	
		iv) Rancidity	
		6.2 Brief methods for evaluating freshness and quality	
		of fish and prawns / shrimps	
		i) Organoleptic	
		ii) Microbial	
		iii) Chemical	
		6.3 Sanitary operations	
		i) Maintenance of hygiene of food contact surfaces,	
		storage and equipment	
		ii) Water quality, ice, sewage and waste water disposal	
		and effluent treatment plant	
		6.4 Various packaging materials used in freezing and	
		canning industry	
		i) Polyolefin	
		ii) Wax duplex carton	
		iii) Master carton	
		iv) Can	
		v) Lacquered can	
		vi) Retort	
		vii) Freezing procedures including hygienic washing,	
		dressing	
		6.5 Quality Policy and Quality Analysis: ISO	
		22000/HACCP/ BRC/IFS	

	PRACTICALS USACFBIO501	1 Credits
1.	Identification and functioning of oceanographic instruments:	
<u> </u>	Niskin water sampler	
<u> </u>	• Peterson's Grab	
	• Dredge	
2.	Layout of fishing vessels and sectional view of 2 stroke and 4 stroke diesel	
	engines, lifesaving equipment, winch and deck side equipment.	
3.	Identification of various stages of development of carps and study of sexual	
 -	dimorphism in adults.	
 -	Indian major carps:	
<u> </u>	• Labeo rohita (Rohu)	
 -	• Catla catla (Catla)	
<u> </u>	• Cirrhinus mrigala (Mrigal)	
 -	Exotic carps:	
 -	• Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp)	
 -	• Hypophthalmichthys molitrix (Silver Carp)	
	• Ctenopharyngodon idella (Grass Carp)	
4.	Identification of fishes:	
<u> </u>	• Anabas testudineus (Climbing perch)	
<u> </u>	• Clarius batrachus (Walking catfish)	
<u> </u>	• Boleophthalmus spp. (Mudskipper)	
<u> </u>	• Pangasianodon hypophthalmus (Iridescent shark)	
<u> </u>	• Pangasius bocourti (Basa catfish)	
	• Tilapia(GIFT)	
5.	Study of models and functioning of D 81 hatchery, Shirgur's hatcheries and	
	Chinese hatchery.	
6.	Microbial studies:	
<u> </u>	i. Dilution of sample	
<u> </u>	ii.Gram staining technique	
7	iii.Identification of Bacilli, Cocci, Vibrio bacteria	
7. 8.	Organoleptic tests for fish and prawn / shrimp	
9.	Total Plate Count (TPC) of bacteria from fish. Identification of packaging materials:	
9.	1 6 6	
 -	Waxed duplex cartonMaster carton	
<u> </u> 	• Simple cans	
 -	Coated [Lacquered] cans	
 -	Polyolefin	
 -	• Retort	
10.	Estimation of toxins and moulting retardant	
10.	• H2S (qualitative)	
 -	Ammonia (qualitative)	
 -	• Ca (quantitative)	
 -	• Mg (quantitative)	
11.	Assignment (may be submitted in a group not exceeding three students)	

Please refer the Annexure I for the suggested topics for assignment for Course code USACFBIO5P1.

*Note – The practicals may be conducted by using specimens authorized by the wild life and such other regulating authorities though it is strongly recommended that the same should be taught by using photographs/audio-visual aids/simulations/ models etc. as recommended by the UGC and as envisaged in the regulation of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens, however, shall be procured for the purpose of conducting practicals mentioned here-in above.

N.B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority / Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
 - 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
 - 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC) to ensure that no dissections or mountings are done using animals.

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener / Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College
- iv) One or two members of related department from neighbouring colleges.

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT /DISSECTION /MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORIZED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Evaluation pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 %

40	Marks
TV	MATALINS

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10
Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3,4	12
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer		
	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.

Syllabus for (T.Y. B. Sc.) Autonomous from the year 2023-24

Name of the Course	Marine resources, Post-harvest and Farm Engineering
Course Code	USACFBIO601
(refer to student	
handbook)	
Class	T.Y.B.Sc.
Semester	06
No of Credits	02
Nature	Theory/ Practical/ Field visit
Type	Applied Component
(applicable to NEP	
only)	
Highlight revision	
specific to	
employability/	
entrepreneurship/	
skill development (if	
any) 100 words	

Nomenclature: Marine resources, Post-harvest and Farm Engineering Course Outcomes:

- CO1- Learner shall understand deep sea and coastal fishes.
- CO2- Learner shall understand commercial potential and know about the major landing centers of the fishes.
- CO3-Learner will get acquainted with basics of nutritional requirements at various developmental stages of fish and crustaceans.
- CO4-Learner will be oriented towards understanding causes, pathogenicity, prophylaxis and preventive measures of various fish diseases and physiological disorders
- CO5-Learner will gain sound knowledge about the fish by-products and value-added products
- CO6- Learner will explore good manufacturing practices while manufacturing these products

Curriculum:

Curricu		T	No of	
Unit	Title	Learning Points		
			Lectures	
1	Marine Fin-fish	1.1 Coastal fisheries:	15	
	of India	i) Stromateus cinereus (Silver pomfret)		
		ii) Stromateus niger (Black pomfret)		
		iii) Polynemus tetradactylus (Threadfin) iv) Pseudosciaena diacanthus (Two-spined Jewfish or Ghol)		
		v) Synagris japonicus (Blackmouth splitfin)		
		vi) Scomber microlepidotus (Mackerel)		
		vii) Cybium guttatum (Seerfish or Surmai)		
		viii) Sardinellal ongiceps Indian Oil Sardine		
		1.2 Deep sea fisheries (more than 45 fathoms) of		
		Indian exclusive economic zone		
		• Thunnus alalunga (Longfin tuna)		
		• Sarda orientalis (Striped bonito)		
		1.3 Commercial potential and major landing centers of		
		the above fishes		
2	Nutrition	3.1 Nutritional requirements at various stages of	15	
		development of fish and crustaceans		
3.2 Culture of natural feed:				
		i) Chaetoceros		
		ii) Infusoria		
		iii) Artemia		
		iv) Brachionus		
		v) Daphnia / Moina spp.		
		3.3 Algology – Identification and culture of		
		commercially important nutritious algae and		
		its products		
		3.4 Formulated / Pelleted feed – Understanding the		
		composition and use of formulated feed for fish and prawns / shrimps at various stages		
3	Diseases	4.1 Viral diseases, prophylaxis and preventive	15	
		measures		
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	4.2 Bacterial fungal protozoan infections and		
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Products	· · · · · •		
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	iv) Chitin, Chitosan		
	v) Glucosamine hydrochloride		
	vi) Gelatin		
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	6.3 Different types of value added products from fish		
	and shell fish		
	i) Fish / Prawn / Shrimp pickle		
	ii) Fish wafers		
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	By-products and Value-Added Products	Value-Added Products 6.2 Introduction to by-products i) Fish protein concentrate ii) Fish maws / Isinglass iii) Fish hydrolysates iv) Chitin, Chitosan v) Glucosamine hydrochloride vi) Gelatin vii) Fish silage viii) Surimi and imitation products ix) Pearl essence 6.3 Different types of value added products from fish and shell fish i) Fish / Prawn / Shrimp pickle	

	PRACTICALS USACFBIO501	1 Credit
1.	Identification of marine fishes.	
	• Stromateus cinereus (Silver pomfret)	
	• Stromateus niger (Black pomfret)	
	• Polynemus tetradactylus (Threadfin)	
	• Pseudosciaena diacanthus (Two-spinned jewfish or Ghol)	
	• Trichiurus haumela (Ribbon fish)	
	• Synagris japonicus (Blackmouth splitfin)	
	Scomber microlepeidotus (Mackerel)	
	• Cybium guttatum (Seerfish or Surmai)	
	• Sardinella longiceps (Indian Oil Sardine)	
	• Thunnus alalunga (Longfin tuna)	
2.	Preparation of formulated feed for fish and prawn.	
3.	Identification of parasitic infections in aquatic organisms.	
	Fungal – Dermatomycosis	

	Bacterial – Fin/Tail rot and Dropsy		
	Protozoan – Costiasis and White Spot		
	Crustacean – Argulosis		
4.	Fish dressing, filleting, prawn peeling – PUD, DV and grading.		
5.	Fish morphometry – Length weight relationship of a suitable fish.		
6.	Preparation of Surimi, Fish protein concentrate.		
7.	Preparations of fish burger, fish fingers, fish/prawn pickle, fish chutney,		
	fish curry.		
8.	Preparation of Chitin – Chitosan, Pearl essence.		
9.	Identification of various farm equipment such as:		
	• Feeding cups / Trays		
	Paddle wheel aerator		
	• Fountains		
	Sluice gate models		
	• Elbow pipe outlets		
10.	Study of models of raft, pen, cage culture and materials used in rope		
	culture.		
11.	Project – Feasibility / Scientific.		
12.	Field Visit Report. (Refer Annexure-I)		

Learning Resources recommended:

- 1) A Text Book of Marine Ecology by Nair M.B. and Thumpy D.H. Tata MacGraw Hill Pub. New Delhi.
- 2) An Introduction to Fishes by Khanna S.S. Central Book Depot, Allahabad (1993).
- 3) Aquaculture, Principles and Practices by Pillay T.V.R. Fishing New Books (1988).
- 4) Course Manual in Fishing Technology by Latha Shenoy, CIFE, Versova, Mumbai.
- 5) Crafts and Gear of India by Y. Shrikrishnan and Latha Shenoy ICAR Pub.
- 6) Ecological Methods for Field and Laboratory Investigations by P. Michael. The Oceans By Svedrup H.V. et.al. Asian Pub. House.
- 7) Financial management by Prasanna Chandra- Seventh Edition.
- 8) Financial management by Khan and Jain.
- 9) Financial management by I. M. Pandey.
- 10) Fish Biology by C.B.C. Srivastava Narendra Pub. House.
- 11) Fish and Fisheries by Chandy National Book Trust.
- 12) Fish and Fisheries in India by Jhingran V.G. Hindustan Pub. Corporation New Delhi.
- 13) Fisheries Biology, Assessment and Management by Michael King Fishing News Publishers (1995).
- 14) Fishery Science by Santhanam R. Daya Pub. House 1990.
- 15) Fisheries Bioeconomic Theory, Modelling and Management FAO Fisheries Technical Paper 368 FAO, 2001.
- 16) General and Applied Ichthyology by Gupta and Gupta, S Chand Publishers.
- 17) Handbook of Fish Biology and Fisheries Edited By J.B. Hart and John Reynold.
- 18) Hand Book of Fresh Water Fishes of India by Beaven C.R. Narendra Pub. House.
- 19) Introductory Oceanography by Harold Thurman Printis Hall Pub. London 8th Edition.
- 20) Marine Ecology by Tait R.B. Oxford Press.
- 21) Marine Fish and Fisheries by Dr. D. V. Bal and K.V. Rao Tata MacGraw Hill Pub. New T.Y. B. Sc. Zoology Applied Component (Fishery Biology) (2023-24) pg. 13

Delhi.

- 22) Marketing Management by Philip Kotler.
- 23) Modern Fishing Gear Technology by N. Shahul Hameed, Boopendranath Daya Pub. House 2000.
- 24) Prawn and Prawn Fisheries by Kurian and Sebestian.
- 25) Project Management by Prasanna Chandra.

For Additional and Latest Information on the topics, various Web Sites can be visited.

Please refer the **Annexure II** for the suggested field visits and **Annexure – III** for suggested topics for projects for Course code USACFBIO6P1.

*Note – The practicals may be conducted by using specimens authorized by the wild life and such other regulating authorities though it is strongly recommended that the same should be taught by using photographs/audio-visual aids/simulations/ models etc. as recommended by the UGC and as envisaged in the regulation of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens, however, shall be procured for the purpose of conducting practical mentioned here-in above.

N.B:

- I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).
- II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority / Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:
- 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC) to ensure that no dissections or mountings are done using animals.

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener / Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College
- iv) One or two members of related department from neighbouring colleges.

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT /DISSECTION /MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORIZED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

Annexures Annexure -I

Suggested Topics for Assignment USACFBIO5P1 (Teachers are expected to develop additional innovative topics, varying every year, to be assigned to the students)

- 1) Market survey for various preserved and processed fish / prawns.
- 2) Observation on handling of fish on board, at landing center, in secondary market and at consumer level.
- 3) Survey of the local market for the availability of various by-products / value added products and its price.
- 4) Comparative study of the shelf life of various fishes / fish by-products / value added products in relation to their cost.
- 5) Study of economics of brackish water pond culture.
- 6) Study of working of fisheries co-operative societies in your area.
- 7) Study of cost of construction of fishing vessel and subsidies available for the same.
- 8) Study of cost of gear manufacturing with different materials and subsidies available for the same.
- 9) Study of cost and profit analysis of any one of the following methods Trawler / Gill netter / Purse seiner /hooks and lines and non-mechanized fishing units.
- 10) Survey of various packaging materials used in fish processing industries.
- 11) Survey of various feeds used in local aqua farms.
- 12) Study of economics of pond culture from nearby area.
- 13) Comparative cost analysis of fingerlings of major carps from your area.
- 14) Setting up of marine / fresh water aquarium with various accessories and its costing.
- 15) Survey of costing of aquaria of different sizes and shape.
- 16) Study of various courses run by Institutes in your area in relation to fisheries.
- 17) Survey of aquarium shops to compare the costs of various aquarium fishes.
- 18) Study of economics involved in breeding / rearing of aquarium fishes.
- 19) Review of different marketing strategy (w.r.t. attracting target clients) used by manufacturers of fish products / byproducts / value added products.
- 20) Survey of target clients of manufacturers of fish products / byproducts / value added products.
- 21) Study of working of financial institutions involved in funding fishing industry.
- 22) Review of export import procedures followed by the fishing industry in your area.

All the topics mentioned above are suggestive in nature and more creative and innovative topics are expected from the students under the able guidance of concerned teachers, to suit the expertise, human resources, infrastructure and local needs as also the interest of the students.

The assignment may be submitted in a group not exceeding three students.

Annexure - II Suggested Field Visits USACFBIO6P1

- There shall be various short and long excursions / study tours / field visits / industrial visits in every semester, at least one of which shall be financially affordable to every student in the class; and that assessment and marks of field trips shall be solely based upon such where no student was restrained for financial limitations.
- Field visits are to be organized to facilitate students to have firsthand experience and exposure to technology / production / functioning of an organization / unit or witness a relevant activity.

- Each student must make at least 01 (one) such visits to the units/markets/sea shores out of 2 to 3 such visits organized by the college.
- The list is suggestive and not exhaustive
- I) Visit to one of the units with one or multiple activities such as:
 - Ornamental / Brackish water / Fresh water fish farm / hatchery
- II) Visit to witness one of the activities such as
 - Fish angling / trawling / purse seining / gill netting
 - Fish finding operations, etc. (Echo Sounder / Sonar / Fish Magnifier)
- III) Visit any production units such as
 - Food / Fish processing and preservation
 - Ornamental articles
- IV) Hi-tech and multinational total export-oriented units such as
 - IQF plant
 - Surimi plant
 - Fishery plant
 - Microbiological units
 - Hi–tech fish / prawn / chick hatcheries
 - Fish consumer product industries
- V) Others
 - Self-Sale Groups
 - Co-operative Societies
- VI) Govt. Offices such as
 - Fishery Department
 - MPEDA
 - Wild-life Authority
 - CITES
 - JDEI (Jt. Director-Export and Import)
 - Sales Tax
 - Income Tax
 - Excise Department
 - Customs Authority of India
 - Local Self Govt. (BMC)
 - Clearing Agencies / Agents
 - FDA
 - ISI
 - Agmark, etc.
- VII) Visit any ancillary unit such as
- T.Y. B. Sc. Zoology Applied Component (Fishery Biology) (2023-24)

- Ice plant
- Can reforming
- Packaging
- Cold storage

VIII) Visit to National Laboratories, National Research Labs and Training Institutes such as NIO, CIFE, CMFRI, CIFT, FSI, IFP, CIFI, CIFNET, NBFGR, etc.

IX) Following places may be considered for short/long excursions:

- Ganpatipule beach
- Dapoli (Harnai / Harne Port Fish Auctioning)/ Dabhol / Burondi
- Mirkarwada Harbour (Major fish landing and assembling centre, Ratnagiri)
- Rajiwada (Satellite landing centre, Ratnagiri town)
- Guhagar beach (Use of Solunar Clock for fishing)
- Karla (Ratnagiri) First Fisherman co-operative society of India (Estd. 1913)
- Marine Biological Research Station, Zadgaon, Ratnagiri (Aquarium Management Training Programme)

Annexure III

Suggested Topics for Project USACFBIO6P1 (Teachers are expected to develop additional innovative topics, varying every year, to be assigned to the students)

- 1) Feasibility report of the maintenance of aquarium fishes in high profile residences.
- 2) Feasibility report of fresh water / brackish water fish / prawn culture for extensive, semiintensive and intensive.
- 3) Probability report of maintenance of a culture of Chaetopteros and Artemia by the fish farmers
- 4) Project report for the establishment of small / medium / large scale ice factory, freezing and canning industry.
- 5) Feasibility report of various packaging materials in freezing / canning industry.
- 6) Feasibility report for establishing an aquarium shop.
- 7) Feasibility report for establishing a fish feed industry.
- 8) Monitoring various physico-chemical parameters of an aquarium / pond / lake / river / sea.
- 9) Feasibility report for establishing value added products of fish / shell fish.
- 10) Project report for culture of commercially important nutritious algae and its products.
- 11) Project report on survey of fish markets for fluctuation in the availability and price of fishes.

The project may be submitted in a group not exceeding three students.

Evaluation Pattern:

A. Internal Evaluation- 40 %

40 Marks

Method	Marks
Class test	20
Assignment	10

Class participation & overall conduct	10
Total	40

B. External Evaluation - 60%

Semester End Evaluation (Paper Pattern)- 60 Marks

- 1. The examination shall be of 2 Hours duration. Maximum marks 60.
- 2. There shall be four questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth question will be based on entire syllabus or as per the directive of BOS.
- 3. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions A and B and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Distribution of marks for descriptive external examination (60 marks) All the Questions are compulsory

Time: 2 hours Total marks: 60

Time: 2 nours			ai iiiai iss
Question	Options	Unit	Marks
No.			
1.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	1	12
2.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	2	12
3.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	3	12
4.	Answer any two out of the three (6 marks each)	4	12
5.	Multiple Choice Questions/True or false/One	1,2,3,4	12
	sentence answer/Define/Give appropriate answer		
	etc.		

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination

Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field work	05
Viva-voce	05
Total	20

(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical	
Lab work	30	
Total	30	

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

Students must present a duly certified journal to be eligible for the practical examination; otherwise, they will not be permitted to participate. If a journal and/or report is lost, a Lost Certificate must be obtained from the Head/Coordinator/Department In-charge. Failure to do so will result in the student being unable to participate in the practical examination.
